REGISTERED No] 1—1875.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,350.—New Series. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1875.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follows :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 67
Half-yearly	29	Half-yearly	35
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Monthly	6	Monthly	7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy................ 4 As.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5	0	
Second do.	„ 2	8	
Third do.	„ 2	8	
Fourth and succeeding insertions	„ 0	2½	As.

a line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found, &c., &c.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes will be as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines.................... Rs. 1 0

Each succeeding line .... „ 0-8 As.

Advertisement exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee* and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash.*

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

Domestic Occurrences : Each—Rupees 2.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette.*"

SHIPPING.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, despatch Steamers as above with Mails, Passengers and Cargo, every week.

The S.S. RAJPOOTANA, 2,030 Tons, 221 H. P., Commander H. Money, will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 13th November 1875 at 4 P. M.

Nov. 1875.		Nov. 1875.	
Leaves BOMBAY	13	Leaves Negapatam	25
„ Carwar	15	„ Pondichery	26
„ Mangalore	16	„ Madras	28
„ Cannanore	17	„ Masulipatam	29
„ Tellicherry	17	„ Coconada	30
„ Calicut	18	„ Vizagapatam ......Dec.	1
„ Beypore	18	„ Bimlipatam	1
„ Cochin	19	„ Gopalpore	2
„ Alleppey	19	„ False Point	3
„ Tuticorin	21	Arrives CALCUTTA	5
„ Colombo	22		

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked by the Steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Messageries Maritime Company's Steamers, which run regularly.

Also for Batavia, Sourabaya, Tjillatjap, Palembang, Pontianak, Atcheen, Padang and Moluccos Islands, to go forward by the Messageries Maritime and Netherlands India S. N. Companies.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, VIA KURRACHEE

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch a Steamer every week to the Persian Gulf, touching at KURRACHEE, GUADUR, MUSCAT, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSREH, and occasionally at BAHREIN, and MAHOMERAH.

The S.S. AGRA, 1,906 Tons, 180 H. P., Commander H. A. Street, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 12th November 1875, at 4 P. M.

Nov. 1875.		Dec. 1875.	
Leaves BOMBAY	12	Leaves BUSREH	1
„ [illegible]	15	„ Mahomerah	1
„ Guader	18	„ F[illegible]	2
„ Jask	20	„ Bushire	3
„ Bunder Abbas	21	„ Linga	8
„ Linga	23	„ Bunder Abbas	10
„ Bushire	25	„ Muscat	12
„ Fao	27	„ Kurrachee	17
„ Mahomerah	28	Arrive BOMBAY	20
Arrive Busreh	28		

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE CALLING AT KATTYAWAR COAST PORTS.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, and in connection with the weekly service from England, will, during the Fair season, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every FRIDAY, at 4 P.M., and an Extra Steamer on every MONDAY at 2 P.M.

The S. S. AGRA, 1,906 Tons, 180 H. P., Commander H. A. Street, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 12th November 1875, at 4 P. M.

The S. S. PUTTIALIA, 840 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander W. Cawdew, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 15th November, 1875, at 2 P.M., calling at Verawul, Porebunder, Mangrole, and Cutch Mandvie.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM TO CARWAR AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

EVERY TUESDAY AT 4 P. M.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited) will despatch the S S. KURRACHEE, 510 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander J. Avern, as above on TUESDAY, the 9th November 1875, at 5 P. M., returning to Bombay on SUNDAY at 6 P.M. She will call at—

Hurnee,	Dewghur,
Boria,	Malwan,
Rutnagherry,	Vingorla,
Jeytapore,	Goa (Panjim) and
Visiadroog,	Carwar.

For Freight and Passage apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 1st October 1875

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE following or other First Class Steamers of the ANCHOR LINE will sail from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL as underneath, and will be despatched from Bombay to Liverpool on or about the dates mentioned. A fortnight's notice will be given of the exact day of sailing.

	Tons	H.P.	From Glasgow. Saturday.	Liverpool. Saturday.	Bombay. Wednesday.
EUROPA	2277	424	11th Sept.	18th Sept.	10th Nov.
UTOPIA	2731	673	9th Oct.	16th Oct.	1st Dec.
INDIA	2290	500	23rd Oct.	30th Oct.	15th Dec.
MACEDONIA	2273	486	6th Nov.	13th Nov.	5th Jan.

To be followed by regular sailings.

All the Steamers of this Line carry a Surgeon and a Stewardess, and have superior First Class accommodation fitted with every convenience. They have also exceptionally good Second Class accommodation.

Passengers and Cargo booked through to New York in connection with the Anchor Line Transatlantic Service.

Fares from Bombay to Liverpool.

		Suez.
FIRST CLASS	Rs. 500	Rs. 350
SECOND CLASS	„ 300	„ 200

A reduction of 15 per cent. will be given on Return Passages to all who re-embark by Anchor Line Steamer within twelve months of time of landing.

For Passage, Freight, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 6th October 1875.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA, on the 24th, and BOMBAY on the 1st *of each month.*

PASSENGERS' RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class. (Including Wines.)	3rd Class. (Without food)
Aden	£22	£15	£4
Suez	36	22	8
Port Said	38	24	9
Messina	50	34	14
Naples	50	34	14
Leghorn	50	34	14
Genoa	50	34	14
Marseilles	52	35	14-10

Children under 3 years, free of charge Children not above years, half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

ARABIA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st December, 1875.

SUMATRA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st January 1876.

ASSIRIA to sail on SATURDAY, 15th January 1876.

AUSTRALIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st February 1876.

INDIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 15th February 1876.

From the 1st January 1876 Steamers will leave Genoa on the and 24th, and Bombay on the 1st and 15th of every month, until further notice.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second-Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The exact hour of departure will be fixed and published a day or two previous to sailing

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,

Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,

No. 9, Hummum Street,

Bombay, 20th August 1875.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE:

Vessels.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	Nov.
TEHERAN	A. H. Johnson.	2589	400	17th—Suez, &c.
PEKIN	W. Woolcott	3777	600	22nd—Southampton.

Passengers are booked to Malta, Gibraltar and Southampton by every Mail. The Southampton Steamers proceed to that port direct; but by the alternate steamers Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Passengers to Brindisi, Ancona, and Venice are carried by every Steamer, but proceed by rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Mazagon, on the day of the Steamer's departure, before 10 A.M., in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Mazagon at 3 P.M. precisely on the day of sailing.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 8th November 1875.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

On TUESDAY, the 16th Nov. 1875, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. and O. Co.'s S S CEYLON, (3,012 Tons, and 450 H. P.), Captain J. Orman, will be despatched as above, carrying H. M.'s Mails and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any chest of opium, the officer's receipt for which is not lodged in the Company's Office before noon, on SATURDAY the 13th November 1875.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 2nd November, 1875.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 11th instant at 3 P. M., Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Company will sell by Public Auction at Carnac Bunder on account of whom it may concern Ex-"Monarch."

1—11 Hemp (European) Hawsers.

1— 7 Manilla Hawser.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 11th November 1875.

NUSSERWANJEE, CULLIANDASS & CO., MILITARY SQUARE, FORT. AUCTION SALE OF QUICKSILVER.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 11th instant, Messrs. NUSSERWANJEE, CULLIANDASS & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Warehouse of Murarjee Natha at Israel's Musjid, by order of Moodi nee Motoomull Teerathdas, on account and risk of the first purchaser, Mohund Motoechund, the following goods, viz:—

5 Bottles of Quicksilver.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

NUSSERWANJEE, CULLIANDASS & Co. Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th November 1875.

HOUSES TO BE LET.

TO BE LET, a FIRST STOREY & GODOWN of a spacious House, having Vehar Water and good Sea breeze, situated at Small Colaba, St. Thomas's Street, opposite Messrs. Remington and Co.'s Cotton Screws, House No. 120. For further particulars, apply to MANECKJEE NOWROJEE, Oak Lane, No. 11, Fort, or at No. 127, Small Colaba.

TO BE LET, a large Comfortable BUNGALOW at Byculla, Clare Road, No. 5, with Godown, Stable and a large compound Apply to R. HORMUSJEE BOTTLEWALLA, No. 90, Borah Bazaar Street.

TO RAJAHS AND CHIEFS AND OTHERS ABOUT VISITING CALCUTTA, IN HONOUR OF THE PRINCE OF WALES' VISIT TO INDIA.

TO LET FOR THE ENSUING SEASON, a commodious HOUSE in thorough repair, in the vicinity of Government House. Apply to POTENGER and Co., 4 Waterloo Street.

TO LET, for One Two, or Three months, a commodious two-storied Dwelling House, within a second's drive to and commanding a view of GOVERNMENT HOUSE. It is furnished elegantly, and has the look of comfort about it. Laid through out with Water and Gas to be supplied by the owner. It has a Billiard Table on the premises, and is fitted with Gas Chandeliers.

TO LET, THE UPPER FLOOR of a House in the vicinity of Government House. Apply to POTENGER & Co., 4 Waterloo Street.

TO LET for One, Two, or Three Months, that very desirable House, No 2 Bood Street, suitable as a residence for Rajahs and Chiefs. Water and Gas laid throughout. Stabling for 4 Horses, and it has a Tank attached to the Premises.

It will be handsomely furnished if desired.

Prime Ministers and Secretaries to Princes and Rajahs would do well to communicate with the Undersigned, who are in a position to meet the great and increasing demand for furnished Houses for the ENSUING GAY SEASON.

POTENGER & Co., House and Land Agents.

4 Waterloo Street, Calcutta.

HOTELS.

MALABAR FAMILY HOTEL, BREACH CANDY, MALABAR HILL, BOMBAY.

THIS HOTEL is located in the finest, coolest, most healthy and fashionable part of Bombay. "It is close to the sea" and surrounded by Gardens and beautiful Scenery.

The Rooms are very large, and fitted up with every home comfort.

Testimonials with view of Hotel, forwarded on application.

The distance is within half an hour's drive of the Fort, and fifteen minutes from the G. I. P. and B. B. & C. I. Railways.

Terms—Moderate.

W. B. SARGENT, Proprietor.

THE BYCULLA HOTEL, BELLASIS AND CLARE JUNCTION.

JEEVANJEE & Co., Byculla.

MATHERAN.—The CLARENDON HOTEL is OPEN to VISITORS. Accommodation First class and for Ladies there are separate Bungalows attached to the Hotel which command beautiful views of Bombay and Matheran Terms—Moderate.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, MATHERAN.

MR. J. C. PINTO, the Proprietor, begs to inform the Public that the above Hotel is now OPEN to VISITORS. There are three separate Bungalows attached to the Hotel, well adapted for Families, for whose comforts every care is taken. The Hotel is well situated, occupies a central position, and is, therefore, very conveniently placed within the reach of several POINTS. It is also nearest to the Station and in a breezy locality, under the shade of large trees, which diminish the glare and keep the extensive compound always fresh and cool. Mr. Pinto undertakes to look after Bungalows on the Hill at a charge of Rs. 30 per annum, and has some Bungalows to let.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE at COST PRICES.—

Fine Cream Laid Demy ...... 18 by 23.

Fine Blue Laid Demy .... 18 by 23.

Apply to Messrs. BHICOO SAZBA & Co., 23, Apollo Street.

HAMILTON & Co., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, RAMPART ROW.

CHRISTENING, WEDDING and BIRTHDAY PRESENTS:—

SETS of SILVER MUG, KNIFE, FORK and SPOON, in case Rs. 50 to 140.

CORAL and BELLS, Rs. 14 to 28.

SETS of SILVER KNIFE, FORK and SPOON, Rs. 25 to 70.

Do. SILVER GILT, Rs. 60 to 80.

SETS of FORK, SPOON and RING, Rs. 50 to 80.

PAP BOWL and SPOON, in case, Rs. 110 to 150.

CHILDREN'S SILVER MUGS, Rs. 30, 35, 42, 44, 48, 50, 58 and 60.

SETS of 6 NAPKIN RINGS.

SETS of MUFFINEERS.

SILVER INKSTANDS.

SILVER MUSTARD POTS.

SILVER FISH COVERS.

SILVER AUGDANS.

SILVER TUMBLERS.

SILVER SALVERS.

SILVER EPERGNES.

SILVER BOUQUET HOLDERS.

SILVER CARD CASES.

SILVER CIGAR CASES.

SILVER SNUFF BOXES.

SILVER TROWELS for laying Foundation Stones, with Silver and Ivory Handles, patterns in great variety.

HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA, BOMBAY & SIMLA.

LAFOND BROTHERS, GOVERNMENT REMOUNT STABLES, GIRGAUM.

CARRIAGES AND HORSES FOR SALE AND ON HIRE BY THE DAY OR MONTH.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.

A pair of upstanding Iron Grey Walers. 15-3 hands, Mare and Gelding, rising 5 and 4 years respectively, thoroughly broken to harness, very showy and fast.

"Silver Tail" and "White Foot," a pair of well matched Bay Australians, 15-2 hands, 5 years, broken to harness, grand movers.

A pair of Chestnut Australian Geldings, 15-2½ hands, 5 years. broken to harness, stylish steppers.

A pair of Bay Australian Geldings, 14-3 hands, 5 years, thoroughly broken into saddle and harness; one of them broken to side saddle.

"Rufus" and "Red deer," a remarkably handsome and perfectly well matched pair of Chesnut Australians, 15 hands, rising 5 years, thoroughly broken to single and double harness, good tempered and grand steppers, both are excellent saddle horses.

An Iron Grey Australian Gelding, 15 hands, 5 years, broken to saddle and carries a lady, will make a good charger.

The above Horses have recently been imported Ex-ship Cingalese.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

PASSENGERS by Rail or Boat arriving in Bombay will find full and accurate information regarding every ROUTE to TRAVEL from this City to other parts of India and abroad, in the "INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE," published at the *Bombay Gazette* Press on the 1st of each month. This "Guide" is the only one published in Bombay, and containing alteration the service of Trains and Steamers on this side of India corrected up to date. The "Guide" has an excellent Railway Map of India, and an Introduction giving much useful information to Strangers staying a week or two in Bombay.

Price—EIGHT ANNAS.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION .... Rs. 5.

The GUIDE may be obtained at

The "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,

The BOOKSELLERS,

The BOMBAY HOTELS, and

The PRINCIPAL RAILWAY STATIONS.

NOTICE.—The MASONIC BALL takes place THIS EVENING, 11th November, at the TOWN HALL.

H. G. ROWELL, Grand Secretary.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—There will be a Match THIS EVENING at POLO, between POONA and BOMBAY, commencing at 4-30 P. M., on the ground at the back of the Marine Lines.

POONA.	BOMBAY.
Samuells.	Hon. D. Graham.
Joyner.	G. R. Remington.
Gabb.	F. A. Owen.
Wodehouse.	J. A. C. Boevey.

GEORGE R. REMINGTON, Hon. Polo Secretary.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. CLIVE, arrived from LIVERPOOL, are requested to PAY FREIGHT and SEND their BILL OF LADING and DELIVERY ORDER for our inspection and countersignature and TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS from the unders. No CLAIMS or DAMAGE or SHORT DELIVERY will be admitted under any circumstances unless passed by the Captain before the departure of the Vessel.

REMINGTON & Co., Agents s.s. Zeal.

A LADY EDUCATING her own children at Home, with the aid of accomplished Governess and Masters, and residing in the most healthful position on the South Coast of England, offers maternal care, happy Home and superior Education to one or two children from India or the Colonies. References exchanged. Address Mrs. CROFTS, Broom Lodge, Bournemouth, England.

NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. PARSEE, arrived from LONDON, are requested to SEND their BILLS of LADING and DELIVERY ORDERS for our inspection and countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS.

No CLAIMS for DAMAGE or SHORT DELIVERY will be admitted under any circumstances unless passed by the Captain before departure of the Vessel.

H. F. SOARES & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 10th November 1875.

CAUTION AND REWARD—LOST, Rs. 500 Note, No. c/7—84414, on Poona Station. Parties holding the same shall be responsible after this intimation but on returning the same to the owner will be Rewarded 50 Rupees.

D. H. & SONS, Mazagon, Bazaar Street.

NATIONAL SONG.

WELCOME TO THE PRINCE OF WALES,

WRITTEN

In commemoration of the Visit of

H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES TO INDIA.

WORDS BY

WILLIAM FOORD,

Seaman H. M. S Immortalite.

MUSIC BY

ANGELO D'ANNA,

Band Master H. M. S. Newcastle.

SOUNDY and Co. Price Re. 1.

DIVISION OF PROFITS, 1875. SPECIAL NOTICE.

The next DIVISION OF PROFITS will be made among Policies in Existence at 15th November 187 , and all who assure on or before that date will rank for a year's Bonus on that occasion.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

GOVERNOR.

His Grace the Duke of Buccleuch & Queensberry, K.G.

HEAD OFFICE, EDINBURGH, and 5, GEORGE STREET,

THE FORTY-NINTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company was held at Edinburgh on Wednesday, the 28th of April 1875, when the following results were communicated:—

Amount proposed for Assurance during the year 1874 (2,0 1 Proposals)	£1,322,935 18 0
Amount of Assurances accepted during the year 1874 (1,671 Policies)	£1,088,665 18 0
Annual Premiums on new Policies during the year 1874	£35,891 17 1
Claims by Death during the year 1874, exclusive of Bonus Additions	£336,644 7 11
Amount of Assurances accepted during the last five years	£5,720,234 19 10
Subsisting Assurances at 15th November 1874 (of which £986,103 : 12s. is Re-assured with other Offices)	£17,779,362 2 6

REVENUE, £731,111:9:9 per Annum.

ASSETS, £4,821,065:17:10.

A full Report of the proceedings at the Meeting, and all further information may be obtained by application at the Offices, or Agencies of the Company at home or abroad.

SPENCER C. THOMSON, Manager.

D. CLUNIE GREGOR, Secretary.

BOMBAY BOARD.

C. R. Lynch, Esq., Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, & Owen.	C.E. Benn, Esq., the London, Asiatic, and American Company, Limited.
J. A. Bryce, Esq., Messrs. Wallace & Co.	

Medical Adviser.

Surgeon-Major J. T. D. Mackenzie, M.D., F.R.C.S.

AGENTS AT BOMBAY:

THE LONDON, ASIATIC, & AMERICAN Co, Limited.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE, a HANDSOME TURNOUT—Dogcart (built by Windover) and Fast-trotting Australian Mare. Dogcart nearly new. Address X. *Bombay Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE, an ENGLISH PHAETON and AUSTRALIAN HORSE, a stylish Turnout. Address "JAMSETJEE," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE, just landed, a HANDSOME open BAROUCHE, with German Shutting, lined blue Morocco. Apply to Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

FOR SALE, an English-built BUGGY by KESTERTON, strong and light. Price Rs. 350. Address "F," care of *Bombay Gazette.*

COOKE AND KELVEY,

COURT JEWELLERS,

CALCUTTA AND SIMLA,

(TEMPORARY BRANCH)

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE; BOMBAY,

RESPECTFULLY invite attention to their Stock.

DIAMOND ORNAMENTS.

18 CARAT GOLD JEWELLERY.

GOLD REPEATING AND CLOCK WATCHES.

MASSIVE GOLD CHAINS.

MASONIC JEWELS.

ANNUAL CLOCKS.

HANDSOME CENTRE PIECES.

SILVER TEA SETS.

SILVER SALVERS.

SILVER PRESENTATION CUPS.

VENETIAN MIRRORS.

MUSICAL BOXES.

&c., &c., &c.

COOKE & KELVEY,

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,

BOMBAY.

THE NEW PERFUME.

PRINCE OF WALES BOUQUET,

DISTILLED BY COMMAND.

Price per small bottle, cash Rs. 2-0

Do. large do. „ 3-8

TREACHER & Co.

(LIMITED),

BOMBAY & POONA.

FOR SALE.

INDISPENSABLE TO TOURISTS VISITING BOMBAY.

MACLEAN'S

GUIDE TO BOMBAY.

Price—Rupees Four.

Contents:—

PART I.

Map of Bombay.

Map of India.

Almanack, 1875-76.

Geography and History of the Island.

Population.

Trade and Industry.

Government and Revenue (Imperial, Provincial, and Municipal).

Descriptive Account of Bombay and the Principal Objects of Interest in and about the City.

Descriptive Account of the Principal Festivals held in Bombay.

Excursions from Bombay.

PART II.—BOMBAY DIRECTORY.

Official Directory—

Civil and Military.

Mercantile Directory.

Professional and Trades' Directory.

List of Public Offices and Institutions.

Fort Street Directory.

List of Principal European Inhabitants of Malabar Hill, Breach Candy, Grant Road, and Byculla.

Fares for Shigrams, Buggies, Cabs, &c.

Rates of Boat Fares for Bombay Harbour.

Alphabetical Index to Names.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

(*The Indian Statesman*).

Seldom have we seen a great need more efficiently responded to than in the publication of this valuable historical record of a city that may fairly claim a more than usually large share of public interest. It would be difficult to name any place or subject associated with Bombay's rise and progress, or with its present condition that is left altogether untouched upon; and in these fast times when railways serve to double time and annihilate distance, the hasty but shrewd glances here taken are necessarily condensed to the utmost, but not the less forcibly put forth. Readers of the present day seek to absorb the largest possible amount of what is useful in the shape of information, within the shortest possible space of time, and at the smallest possible expenditure of labour. Herein the patient is well administered to, for a greater extent of research could scarcely have its result compressed into so small a compass. The descriptive portions carry with them a charm of diction worthy the pen of the great "special" we are hoping soon to welcome to Bombay; and they will be found well to repay the reader. Mr Maclean has added a very important contribution to existing literary treasures; and his "Guide to Bombay" will doubtless take its place amongst the standard works of reference.

(*Deccan Herald.*)

A very pretty little volume with the above title has just come to hand It bears the marks of the great care and trouble bestowed upon it. There are two beautiful maps at the commencement of the book; one executed at the Government Photozincographic Office in Poona. This map must have cost a good deal of trouble to render it such a correct copy, on a reduced scale, of Colonel Laughton's map of Bombay. The other map is well known to us as the handsome map of India which comes to us with the Indian Travellers' Guide. The book is in the most portable form—a diminutive quarto, and is exceedingly chaste in its exterior, the printing is small but beautifully clear, and the paper is of the very best quality—making the whole a book that it is pleasant to possess. The contents in their details are full of interest and almost entirely new.

Looking at the book as a whole, we do not think that Mr. Maclean will be disappointed in his expectation that it will take rank as a standard guide to Bombay. It deserves to do so.

(*Bombay Catholic Examiner*)

The book of the day in Bombay is "Maclean's Guide to Bombay" with a copy of which we have been favoured. We call it the book of the day, not that it is a mere ephemeral production, but because it is a book in harmony with the event of the day, the coming of the Heir Apparent to the throne of the British Empire.

(*Bombay Guardian.*)

Mr. Maclean of the *Bombay Gazette* has prepared a "Guide to Bombay," and we have much pleasure in acknowledging receipt of a copy of the same. It has a map of Bombay and a map of India, gives an outline of the history of Bombay and of the rise of the British power in Western India, and gives a detailed account of the population and of the trade and industry of this port. There is also a description of the city, with an account of Native festivals. A Directory follows. On the whole, this volume is fitted to be useful to strangers visiting the city and to all who wish to become acquainted with Bombay.

(*Poona Observer.*)

We have to acknowledge with best thanks the receipt of the "Guide to Bombay" by Mr. Maclean. We can only at present say that, from a glance through the work, we are thoroughly impressed with the idea of its excellence; but after having read it carefully through, we shall be able to write more fully on the subject. Such a book was a great *desideratum*, and its having been compiled by so able a hand as its author renders it the most trustworthy work of the kind that could have been desired.

(*Guzerat Mitra.*)

Mr. Maclean in his book published on the first of this month praises Bombay, and says it is the Alexandria of modern times in the East. We have known another journalist of some eminence in his profession insisting that Bombay will ere long become the centre of the Old World, and that therefore it should raise not thirty lakhs of rupees by municipal taxation, but a million sterling in order that it may have an abundant water-supply, beautiful roads, beautiful school houses, an efficient sanitary department, and hospitals for the sick and the poor. We hope Mr. Maclean is not going to advocate such an extravagant thing. But he says that he has been in Bombay for fifteen years, and that no city in India can surpass it in splendour, and in the greatness of its commerce. We may add that nowhere natives are so intelligent as in Bombay. See, they have wrung from an unwilling Government a municipal constitution, which, in spite of its grave defects, brings the affairs of the city under the direct management of the chosen representatives of the people. But there are so many things in Bombay that they must be seen to be appreciated. Those who wish to see this great Babylon of modern times should go through not the highways only but also the byeways and the alleys which cannot easily be counted in this great city. Mr. Maclean has done well in his elaborate and useful book in dwelling at some length on the many claims which the capital of the Presidency has on the attention of the travellers of the world.

THE PRINCE'S VISIT.

MAGNIFICENTLY COLOURED PHOTOGRAPHS of H. R. H. the PRINCE and PRINCESS of WALES in handsomely carved gilt frames 37 by 30. These will form pleasing mementoes to the Native Princes and Chiefs now in Bombay of H. R. H.'s Visit.

TREACHER & Co.

(LIMITED).

THE FORT ESTABLISHMENT.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld., WINE MERCHANTS.

BY APPOINTMENT.

SHERRY: YELLOW SEAL, PALE AND LIGHT, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 17.

SHERRY: PALE DINNER, AN EXCELLENT LIGHT DRY WINE FOR GENERAL USE, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 23.

SHERRY: VINO DE PASTO, A GOOD GENEROUS DINNER WINE, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 26.

SHERRY: OLD DRY, VERY SUPERIOR, SOFT, AND DRY, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 29.

SHERRY: GOLDEN, A RICH NUTTY-FLAVOURED DESSERT WINE, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 29.

SHERRY: MANZANILLA, VERY DRY AND PALE, UNSURPASSED FOR DELICACY AND PURITY, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 31.

SHERRY: OLOROSO, PALE SOFT, FINE FLAVOUR, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 37.

SHERRY: AMONTILLADO FINE, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 33.

SHERRY: AMONTILLADO SUPERIOR, OLD AND CHOICE, Cash, per dozen, Rs. 37.

These Wines selected with great care by the Company's XEREZ Agency, are deservedly acknowledged by Connoisseurs to be of the highest class.

OMABBY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

THE LARGEST, MOST ELEGANT, AND VARIED STOCK IN INDIA OF

FANCY GOODS,

SELECTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE PRESENT

FESTIVE SEASON,

IS NOW ON VIEW,

AT THE SEVERAL ESTABLISHMENTS

OF

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA & POONA.

BOMBAY MUSIC SALOONS,

ESTABLISHED 1864.

SOUNDY & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS OF BAND INSTRUMENTS, PIANOFORTES, AMERICAN ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and every description of Musical Instrument and appurtenance.

HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG,

BOMBAY,

IMPORTER OF CHEROOTS, CIGARS, AND TOBACCOS.

Real Havannah Cigars.

SELECTED BY SPECIAL AGENTS AT HAVANNAH.

		Rs.	a.
BELINDA LONDRES	per 100	19	0
REGALIAS BRITANNICA	„	20	0
MUNDO de COLON CONCHAS	„	21	0
FLOR do FUMAR	„	22	0
ULTRAMARINA LONDRES	„	22	0
CAROLINA FL. FINA CONCHAS	„	24	0
FLOR de MOREYRA LONDRES	„	27	0
MANCO de LEPANTO LONDRES	„	27	0
SOCIEDAD CONCHAS	„	28	0
FLOR de MOREYRA REG.	„	30	0
RIO SELLA REGALIAS	„	35	0

Manilla Cigars and Cheroots.

OF EXCEPTIONALLY FINE BRANDS.

		Rs.	a.
IMPERIALS	per box of 125	21	0
CABALLEROS	„ „	17	0
VEGUEROS	„ „	18	0
"CAVITE" CIGARS No. 1.	per 1,000	90	0
Do. do. do. in boxes of 50		5	0
"CAVITE" CIGARS No. 2.	per 1,000	65	0
Do. do. do. in boxes of 100		7	0
"CAVITE" CHEROOTS No. 2,	per 1,000	65	0
Do. do. do. in boxes of 100		7	0
CIGARS No. 3	per 1,000	35	0

INDIAN CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

DINDIGUL CHEROOTS AND CIGARS.

Of Selected Tobacco, specially prepared for J. Neuberg.

		Rs.	a.
No. 1...... per 1000, Rs. 25	per box of 100	3	0
No. 2...... „ „ 22	„ „	2	8
No. 3...... „ „ 18	„ „	2	0

HAVANNAH SHAPE (Mr. N.'s own brand) per 1,000, Rs. 24; per box of 100 Rs. 2 10

THE WELL-KNOWN FAVOURITE

PONDICHERRY CHEROOTS AND CIGARS.

Prepared under special superintendence from the finest Tobacco.

	per 1,000, Rs.	per box of	Rs. a.
"INDIANA" CIGARS.	22	100	2 8
"LONG COMMONS" Cheroots	18	100	2 2

COCONADA CHEROOTS.

Specially Selected and Packed.

	per 1,000, Rs.	per box of	Rs. a.
OFFICE	12	200	2 12
BURMAHS	13	100	1 8
BABINGTON	15	„	1 12
LEISURE HOURS	18	„	2 2
DOLLY VARDENS	22	„	2 8

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS.

LATEST IMPROVEMENT.

DAWSON'S MUSTER, PRIME SELECTED Packed in boxes of 100, per 1,000 Rs. 20; per 100 .... Rs. 2 4

Dawson's No. 1, Selected.

Packed in boxes of 100, per 1,000 Rs. 17; per 100 .... Rs. 2 0

THOMPSON'S MUSTER, PRIME SELECTED. Packed in boxes of 100, per 1,000 Rs. 20; per 100 .... Rs. 2 4

Thompson's No. 1, Selected.

Packed in boxes of 100, per 1,000 Rs. 17; per 100 .... Rs. 2 0

DAWSON'S MUSTER, No. 1, in bulk .... per 1,000 Rs. 15 0

THOMPSON'S MUSTER, No. 1, in bulk .... per 1,000 Rs. 15 0

MADURA MUSTER, No. 1 prime, in bulk............ per 1,000 Rs. 24 0

TRICHINOPOLY CIGARS.

"PRINCIPES" in boxes of 100, per 1,000 Rs. 20; per 100 .... Rs. 2 4

"FAVORITA" in boxes of 100, per 1,000 Rs. 22; per 100 .... Rs. 2 8

"REGALIAS ELEGANTE" in boxes of 100, per 1,000 Rs. 25; per 100...... Rs. 3 0

Mr. NEUBERG, being anxious to supply his Constituents with the very best Cigars at Moderate Prices, has engaged Agents in the Tobacco-growing Districts of considerable experience, with whose co-operation he trusts to bring the manufacture of Indian Cigars to the highest perfection of which they are susceptible.

SAMPLES OF CHEROOTS FORWARDED POST FREE ON APPLICATION.

A liberal Discount allowed to purchasers of large quantities.

TOBACCOS.

BEYNON STOCKEN AND SON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCOS.

GOLDEN LEAF, BIRD'S EYE, in ½ lb. Tins............ Rs. 2 0 per tin.

SMOKING MIXTURE, in ½ lb. Tins .... „ 2 4 ditto

STOCK EXCHANGE MIXTURE, in ½ lb. Tins .... „ 2 4 ditto

HONEY DEW VIRGINIA, in lb. Tins .... „ 2 0 ditto

WILLS' BRISTOL BIRD'S EYE.

In ¼ lb. Tins, Rs. 1 per tin.

THOMAS BEARS' TOBACCO.

SMOKING MIXTURE in ¼ lb. Tins............ Rs. 1 0 per tin.

IMPERIAL MIXTURE .... „ 1 0 „

LATAKIA .... „ 1 0 „

Mr. NEUBERG'S

Cut Golden Leaf and Honey Dew Mixture.

In 1 lb. Tins, Rs. 3-4 per Tin.

AMERICAN TOBACCOS. OF THE FINEST BRANDS.

GOLDEN BLOCK............ Rs. 3 0 per lb

HONEY DEW .... „ 2 8 „

CAVENDISH .... „ 1 8 „

Note.—Outstation Orders to be accompanied with Cash.

CIGARETTES OF BEST TURKISH TOBACCO.

A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF REAL MEERSCHAUM PIPES, BY DIRECT IMPORTATION FROM VIENNA.

BRIARWOOD PIPES, OF ASSORTED PATTERNS.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH CLAY PIPES.

FOR SPECIAL PRICE LIST APPLY TO

J. NEUBERG,

MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

WANTED.

A MUSIC MASTER (MARRIED MAN) wishes to be engaged as a BAND-MASTER in a Regiment, or in Native Chiefs' Bands, lead with a Clarionet, also play a little Pianoforte, Violin and Tune Pianofortes. For Testimonials as to character and efficiency address

J. A. CANNON, Music Master, Meerut.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—MR. JAMES MITCHELL BRYCE has been ADMITTED a PARTNER in our Firm from THIS DATE.

HALL WILSON & Co.

Coconada, 1st November 1875.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LIMITED.—The Company's several Establishments will be CLOSED daily at 3 P. M. from MONDAY, the 8th, to SATURDAY, the 13th inst., inclusive. The Dispensaries are always available.

JOHN CAMERON, Acting Manager.

6th November, 1875.

CAUTION.—Messrs. G. & R. DEWHURST, of Manchester and London, having PURCHASED the EXCLUSIVE RIGHT to use all TRADE MARKS and STAMPS heretofore used by Messrs. ALEXANDER COLLIE & Co., of Manchester and London, the public are hereby apprised thereof. Any person hereafter USING or IMITATING any Trade Mark or Stamp heretofore used by or known as a Trade Mark or Stamp of the said Messrs. A. Collie & Co. without the consent of the said Messrs. G. & R. Dewhurst, will be proceeded against with the utmost rigour of the Law.

G. & R. DEWHURST,

By their Constituted Attorney,

CHARLES E. BENN.

INDIAN PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.—NOTICE is hereby given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of this Company, will be held at the registered Office of the Company, Treacher's Buildings, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of November 1875, at 3 P.M., to consider and sanction a proposal for the SETTLEMENT of the CLAIM of Messrs. K. M. HEERAMANECK & Co.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

GADDUM & Co., Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 8th November 1875.

NOTICE—HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR of BOMBAY in COUNCIL having been pleased to declare that MONDAY, the 8th, to SATURDAY, the 13th November, inclusive, shall be observed as PUBLIC HOLIDAYS on the occasion of the VISIT OF HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES to Bombay. NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Banks will be CLOSED for business for the period above named:—

For the Oriental Bank Corporation,

L. CAMERON, pr. Agent.

For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, & China,

D. FINLAYSON, Agent

For the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China,

C. J. SHARP, Acting Agent.

For the Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris,

THOS PAYN, Acting Manager.

For the National Bank of India (Limited),

J. CHALMERS, Manager.

For the Agra Bank (Limited),

W. BLACKHALL, Manager.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation

G. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Bombay, 20th October 1875.

FRASER AND MILLER, ENGINEERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BLACKSMITHS, MANUFACTURERS OF GIRDERS, BOILERS, PUMPS, &c.

Carnac Iron Works, Bombay, 20th May 1875.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ADDITIONAL PASSENGER TRAIN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND KALIAN AND BOMBAY AND POONA.

On and from TUESDAY next, the 9th instant, and until further notice, an additional Passenger Train will be run DAILY between Bombay and Kalian and between Bombay and Poona as under:—

Down.			P. M.	Up.			P. M.
Bombay	Dep.	9	0	Kalian	Dep.	1	0
Kalian	Arl.	10	45	Bombay	Arl.	2	45
			Noon.				A. M.
Bombay	Dep.	12	0	Poona	Dep.	10	30
			P. M.				P. M.
Poona	Arl.	8	0	Bombay	Arl.	7	0

These Trains will stop at all intermediate stations to pick up and set down First, Second, Third and Fourth Class Passengers.

HENRY CONDER, General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 8th November 1875.

NOTICE.—MICHIE FORBES GRAY, Esquire, (deceased).—Pursuant to Act XXVIII. of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India, entitled "The Trustees' and Mortgagees' Powers' Act 1866." NOTICE is hereby given, that ALL PERSONS being CREDITORS of or otherwise having any CLAIMS upon or against the ESTATE of MICHIE FORBES GRAY, late of Gordon Villa, Barrington Road, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, in England, Esquire, deceased, who died at Gordon Villa aforesaid on the 24th February 1875, and LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION of whose PROPERTY and CREDITS (with the Exemplification of the Probate of the Will annexed) were GRANTED on the 5th and sealed on the 6th October 1875 by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to JAMES ALEXANDER FORBES and CHARLES HENRY BUCHANAN FORBES, both of Bombay, Esquires, the former a Partner and the latter an Assistant in the Firm of Messrs. Forbes and Co., are required on or before THURSDAY, the 18th November 1875, to send to the said Administrators at the Office of Messrs. Forbes and Co., in Bombay Green, the particulars of their CLAIMS upon or against the Estate of the said deceased, and that at the expiration of such time the Administrators will hand over the whole of the ASSETS of the said deceased to HELEN GRAY, Widow, one of the Executors named in the said Will, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice. ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the deceased's Estate or having PROPERTY of his in their hands are hereby required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the said Administrators.—Dated this 14th day of October 1875.

CRAIGIE, LYNCH, & OWEN, Attorneys-at-Law, Bombay.

NOTICE.—MAJOR GENERAL MOUNTIFORT STOUGHTON HEYLIGER LLOYD, (deceased)—Pursuant to Act XXVIII. of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India, entitled "The Trustees' and Mortgagees' Powers' Act 1866." Notice is hereby given, that all persons being CREDITORS of or otherwise having any CLAIMS upon or against the ESTATE of MOUNTIFORT STOUGHTON HEYLIGER LLOYD, Major General, Unattached, in Her Majesty's Service, late of No 47, Leinster Road, Rathmines, in the county of Dublin, in Ireland, deceased, who died at No. 47, Leinster Road, Rathmines, aforesaid. on or about the 10th January 1875, and LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION of whose PROPERTY and CREDITS (with a copy of Probate under the seal of the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate in Ireland annexed) were GRANTED on the 5th and sealed on the 6th October 1875, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to JAMES ALEXANDER FORBES and CHARLES HENRY BUCHANAN FORBES, both of Bombay Esquires, the former a Partner and the latter an Assistant in the Firm of Messrs. Forbes and Co., are required on or before THURSDAY. the 18th day of November 1875, to send to the said Administrators at the Office of Messrs. Forbes and Co., in Bombay Green, the particulars of their claims upon or against the Estate of the said deceased, and that at the expiration of such time the Administrators will hand over the whole of the ASSETS of the said deceased to ELIZA MARGARET LLOYD and the Reverend HENRY FINLAYSON, the Executors named in the Will of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice. ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the deceased's Estate or having PROPERTY of his in their hands are hereby required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the said Administrators.—Dated this 14th day of October 1875.

CRAIGIE, LYNCH, & OWEN, Attorneys-at-Law, Bombay.

NOTICE.—FOR SALE a Dog faced BABOON follows like a dog, walks on its hinder legs, unties ropes and does many feats.

It is certainly the most innocent, amusing and intelligent creature ever seen, and gives utterance to the expression "GO-WHAY." Commercial Rooms, 19, Meadow Street.

THE Undersigned have received FOR SALE on COMMISSION by the Steam Ship PEKIN some very CHASTE SETS of TABLE-GLASS FOR TWELVE. Price [illegible] per Set.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

JEMSEDJEE NOWROJEE,

CABINET MAKER & GENERAL MERCHANT

KALBADAVIE ROAD,

BOMBAY

BEGS to invite the attention of Ladies and Gentlemen to his large stock of Carved and Plain Blackwood, Teakwood, Ebonywood, and Gold-Gilt Furniture, for Drawing-room, Library, Dining room, Bed-room, Messes, Camps, Clubs &c. &c.

BEDSTEAD.

Iron Bedsteads, Babies' Cots, Cradles, Folding Bedsteads for Travellers, Iron Street ner Beds of all sizes, Brass Canopies, Children's Cots and Cradles; Bath Tubs Wood and Zinc; Heat Bath Tubs; Portable Bath Tubs with covers lock and key, Foot Tubs and Cans; Tin Boxes of sizes; Bird Cages of all descriptions.

SURAT WORK BOXES.

In Ivory, Sandalwood, and Ebonywood; Coma Work Boxes; China Tea and Coffee Boxes; Card Boxes and Plates of Sizes.

PERAMBULATORS.

Of one, two, and four seats; best Pictures on canvas in elegant gilt frames; To let Glasses in Blackwood, Mahogany, and Ebonywood; Rocking Horses of all sizes.

LAMPS.

Carriage and Buggy Lamps, Carriage and Buggy Whips; Police tian [illegible]; Round Hanging Globes, plain or flowered with gold gilt, &c., Argand Hanging Lamps, by Tucker, from one to twelve lights; Chandeliers from four to eighteen lights.

CROCKERY.

Dinner Sets, white and gold; Breakfast Sets; Washhand Jug and Basin Sets; Wine Coolers, Cut Tumblers, wine and beer Jugs, &c.

FURNITURE

Cretonnes, Chintzes, Repo, Damasks, Velvets, Gimps, Fringes, Cord, &c., of every color and description; Carpets in Piles, Borders, and in pieces of sizes; Air Pillows and Mattrasses; Feather Pillows; Mattrasses (Cotton, Coir, or Horse-hair) made to sizes, Railway Rugs; Table Covers; Portmanteaux; Overland Chairs, &c.

Jemsedjee Nowrojee further begs to state that he will be glad to receive orders for making Furniture of every and any description, and according to any kind of pattern sent to him with instructions.

J. N. also undertakes to repair, re-line, and polish (French or wax and oil), carefully all sorts of furniture, &c., either at the residence of customers, or in his establishment, if forwarded.

The large patronage J. N. has been favoured with throughout this Presidency, and his having supplied from his Establishment Furniture and Goods of various descriptions to great number of European Ladies and Gentlemen, as well as to H. H. the Holkar of Indore, the Maharaja of Jeypore, the Begum of Bhopal, the Raja of Rutlam, the Prince of Kattywar, and many other Native Chiefs, induces him to hope for a continuance of public support.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, 10th November 1875.

Market closed for the holidays. To-day's Liverpool market opened very dull, probable sales 10,000 bales, actual imports 10,000 bales, Consols being quoted at 94¼ and French Rentes at 103¾.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Italian Mail Steamer Arabia left Aden for Bombay on Wednesday, the 10th instant, at 9 A.M.

The S. S. Zeal, 1,021 tons, Captain F. H. Priest arrived in harbour on the 9th instant from Liverpool (October 8th), via the Suez Canal, with a general cargo.

The S. S. Parsee, 1014 tons, Captain W. Sargeant arrived in harbour on the 9th instant from London (October 7th), via the Suez Canal, with a general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs J. H. Soares & Co.

The P. and O. Co's s. s. Venetia, Captain G. J. Babot arrived in harbour yesterday from Southampton, (October 14th) via the Suez Canal, with English Mails, and the following cargo:—372 boxes specie, &c., value £89,140, 183 packages ivory, 470 packages liquors, 8,312 bars iron, and 5,324 packages general merchandize.

We are indebted to Mr. T. Lidbetter, Secretary to the Underwriters Association, for the following telegram from Captain J. Sherries:—"The Mirimarmeth wrecked. Crew safe at Tellicherry." The barque Mirimarmeth, of 260 tons register, loaded a cargo of sugar at Mauritius and sailed for Bombay on the 7th October. She was built at Scilly in 1865 and belonged there. Further particulars of the loss will doubtless be forthcoming by and bye.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
9	Parsee (s)........	Sarjeant	London, Oct 7.
	Zeal (s)	Priest	Liverpool, Oct. 8.
10	Pehlwan (s)........	DeCosta	Goa.
	Venetia (s)........	Babot	Southampton, Oct. 14.

DEPARTURE.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
10	Europa (s)	Mackay.......	Liverpool.

The Steamer Pehlwan, to Coast and Carwar, was entered out loading for yesterday.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.			
5	Arabia (s)............	Lewis...........	Moulmein, Oct. 28.
	Merkara	Ballantine.......	London, Sept. 27.
6	Sir J. Lawrence (s).	Baldwin..........	Chandbally, Nov. 5.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.			
5	City of Mecca (s)...	....	....
	Dumbartonshire...	....	....

DAILY EXPORTS.—November 10.

For Liverpool.

Selene, 50 bales wool, Damoder Heerjee; 39 bales cotton, Heeralall Chimohran; 150 bales coir yarn, and 70 bales cable, Sobagchund Gulalchund.

J C Stevenson s, 674 cwt. coir yarn, Nanjee Heerjee; 2,400 bags wheat, Stearn Hobart and Co.

Atalanta s, 1,670 bags linseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

For Marseilles.

Teheran s, 6 bales hides, and 645 bags coffee, P and O Co.

For Venice.

Teheran s, 200 bales cotton, Peel Cassels and Co.

For Genoa.

Teheran s, 300 bales cotton, P and O Co.

For Trieste.

Teheran s, 300 bales cotton, Peel Cassels and Co; 100 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 9th November 1875.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fah	29·923
Temperature of the Air..............	81·7
Wet Bulb Thermometer..............	73·6
Dew Point	70·3
Relative humidity of Air	0·689
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8).	0·4
Maximum temperature of air (read at 9-30 a.m. on following day)	88·2
Minimum do. do.	75·2
General Direction of wind—N, E, ENE, WNW, NNW, N.	
Movement of wind in 24 hours	188

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—November 8.

Lloyd, Captain, Bengal R. A., on leave, from Silkote.

November 10.

Vachell, Major, Bombay R A., on duty, from Kirkee.

DEPARTURE.—November 10.

Kavelock, Captain, Madras 1st Infantry H. C. to join, to Bolaram.

THE NAVY.

(*London Gazette*, Oct. 22.)

Admiralty, 19th October, 1875.

Assistant-Paymaster William Wykeham Perry, Secretary to the late Commodore Goodenough, has been this day specially promoted to the rank of Paymaster in Her Majesty's Fleet. The Acting Captain of Her Majesty's ship "Pearl" having reported the warm appreciation expressed by the late Commodore Goodenough of Mr. Perry's devotion in that "he at considerable risk to himself (having at the time a sore in is mouth) sucked the Commodore's wound, in the hope of extracting any poison which might have been left by the arrow."

Admiralty, 20th October, 1875

The Reverend John Lovell Robinson, B. A., has this day been appointed a Chaplain in Her Majesty's Fleet, with seniority of 21st July, 1875.

The Reverend William Trench, B. A., has this day been appointed a Chaplain and Naval Instructor in Her Majesty's Fleet, with seniority of 5th October, 1875.

THE ARMY.

(*London Gazette*, Oct 22.)

War Office, Pall Mall,

22nd October, 1875.

8th Regiment of Hussars, Major-General Rodolph de Salis, C. B., to be Colonel, vice Lieutenant-General John Charles Hope Gibsone, transferred to the Colonelcy of the 17th Lancers. Dated 22nd September, 1875.

17th Lancers, Lieutenant-General John Charles Hope Gibsone, from the 8th Hussars, to be Colonel, vice Lieutenant-General Charles William Morley Balders, C. B., deceased. Dated 22nd September, 1875.

85th Foot, Lieutenant-General Henry, Rennie C. S. I to be Colonel, vice General Simcoe Baynes, deceased. Dated 14th September, 1875.

1st Life Guards, Sub-Lieutenant Derrick Warner William, Lord Rossmore resigns his Commission. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Royal Horse Guards, For "Captain Cecil R. St. John Ives to be Major, &c.," which appeared in the Gazette of the 5th October, 1875.

Read "Captain Cecil R. St. John Ives to be Major, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, &c." Dated 11th September, 1875.

Lieutenant Evelyn George Hammond Atherley, from the 7th Hussars, to be Lieutenant, in succession to Sub-Lieutenant H. Thellusson, transferred to the 8th Hussars. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Surgeon-Major Cosmo Gordon Logie, M D., retires on half-pay. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

5th Dragoon Guards, Paymaster and Honorary Major George Waller Vesey, from the 4th Hussars, to be Paymaster, vice Honorary Major M. Reeve, retired on the temporary Half-pay List, without half-pay. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

1st Dragoons, Captain John Baillie Ballantyne Dickson, from the Bengal Staff Corps, to be Captain, vice R. G. Kennedy, who exchanges. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

2nd Dragoons, Captain Thomas Jessop retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 23rd October, 1855.

4th Hussars, Paymaster and Honorary Captain Stephen Murphy, from the 35th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Honorary Major G. W. Vesey, transferred to the 5th Dragoon Guards. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

5th Lancers, Lieutenant Aubone George Fife, from the 53rd Foot, to be Lieutenant, in succession to Sub-Lieutenant H. A. A. Gridley, transferred to the 71st Foot, and to take his regimental position from the 23rd October, 1875.

9th Lancers, Lieutenant Edward B[illegible] from the 21st Hussars, to be Lieutenant, vice [illegible] retired. Dated 23rd October 1875.

10th Hussars Captain Walter Yeldham from 18th Hussars, to be Captain, vice U. E. P. Okeden, who exchanges. Dated 23rd October 1875.

12th Lancers, Sub-Lieutenant William Colquhoun to be Lieutenant. Dated 12th August 1874.

13th Hussars, Captain Frank Osborne retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 23rd October 1875.

14th Hussars, Lieutenant the Honourable Hugh George Gough, to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant J. Kentish, promoted. Dated 23rd October 1875.

15th Hussars, Paymaster and Honorary Major Roger Shery, from the 74th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Honorary Major A. B. de Lasalle, who exchanges. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

16th Lancers, The Second Christian name of Sub-Lieutenant Beech is John, and not George, as stated in the Gazette of 5th October, 1875.

18th Hussars, Captain Uvedale Edward Parry Okeden, from the 10th Hussars, to be Captain, vice W Yeldham, who exchanges. Dated 23rd October 1875.

Royal Artillery, The following Veterinary Surgeons on probation to be Veterinary Surgeons:

Adam Cuppage Webb, vice Plunkett, deceased. Dated 14th April, 1875.

Arthur Bostock. Dated 14th April, 1875.

Murray Anderson. Dated 23rd June, 1875.

Grenadier Guards, Quartermaster Beau Collins retires on half-pay. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

2nd Foot, Captain Henry Waring, from the Supernumerary List, to be Major, vice Brevet-Colonel G. P. Colley, C.B., made Supernumerary on being appointed Assistant-Adjutant and Quartermaster-General, Aldershot. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Captain Eustace Lovelace Hercy to be Major, vice H. Waring, made Supernumerary while holding the appointment of Assistant-Adjutant-General in India. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant Henry Walter Trench to be Captain, vice E. L. Hercy. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

4th Foot, Captain Edward Zohrab Thornton, from the 104th Foot, to be Captain, vice C. M. Davidson, who exchanges. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

10th Foot, Lieutenant-Colonel Patrick Brown Lucas retires on full-pay. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Southerland Dowson, from half-pay, late 3rd Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel S. F. C. Annesley, retired on half-pay. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant Charles Edward Amys Tuck to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant J. C. Little, promoted. Dated 23rd October 1875.

13th Foot, Lieutenant Charles Duncuft Radcliffe retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

14th Foot, Lieutenant Gerard Van Heythuysen to be Captain, vice Charles James Borton, made Supernumerary on appointment as Adjutant of the Honourable Artillery Company of London. Dated 19th September, 1875.

16th Foot, Captain Francis Wilmot, from the 49th Foot, to be Captain, vice H. A. Austen, who exchanges. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

The legal representatives of the late Lieutenant Arthur Edmond Hagarty have been permitted to receive the value of his Commission, he having been in a good state of health on the date of his application to retire from the Service. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

17th Foot, Lieutenant Henry Morris retires from the Service, receiving the value of an Ensigncy. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

19th Foot, Sub-Lieutenant George Warburton Marsh resigns his Commission. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

20th Foot The promotions to the rank of Captain of Lieutenant Henry Edwin Gower, who retired on half-pay on the 14th April 1875, and Lieutenant Arthur Ernest Beaumont, and Lieutenant Alfred Dening, dated respectively the 1st January, 1875, 5th June, 1875, and 21st July, 1875, have been cancelled.

Lieutenant Henry Edwin Gower to be Captain, vice Brevet Major E. J. Briscoe, made Supernumerary while holding the appointment of Adjutant 1st Lanarkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps. Dated 30th November, 1874.

Captain Gower's retirement on half-pay to remain undisturbed. Dated 14th April, 1875.

Lieutenant Arthur Ernest Beaumont to be Captain, vice C. Fahie, deceased. Dated 1st January, 1875.

Lieutenant Alfred Dening to be Captain, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Henry, retired. Dated 5th June, 1875.

Lieutenant Edward Primrose Tregurtha Gold-smith to be Captain, vice W. D. Nunn, retired. Dated 21st July, 1875.

Lieutenant Frederick William Birch to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant A. Dening, promoted. Dated 6th August, 1875.

Lieutenant Robert Francis Vetch is dismissed the Army. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

25th Foot, Paymaster and Honorary Captain George Pumfrett, from the 103rd Foot, to be Paymaster vice Honorary Captain E. Gibbs, resigned. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

26th Foot, Paymaster and Honorary Major James Bridge, from the 28th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Honorary Captain D. Creagh, who exchanges. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

28th Foot, Captain John Quarry, from half-pay, late Ceylon Rifle Regiment, to be Captain, vice Brevet Major D. Downing, retired on half-pay. Dated 23rd October 1875.

Paymaster and Honorary Captain Denis Creagh, from the 26th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Honorary Major J. Bridge, who exchanges. Dated 23rd October 1875.

43rd Foot, Lieutenant Alfred Crofton French to be Captain, vice S. P. T. Nicholl, made Supernumerary on appointment as Adjutant 2nd Administrative Battalion Glamorganshire Rifle Volunteers. Dated 1st September, 1875.

45th Foot, Major John Ingle Preston to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel M. Walker, C.B., V.C., made Supernumerary while holding the appointment of Brigadier General in India. Dated 4th August, 1875.

Captain Thomas Edmund Adams to be Major, vice Preston. Dated 4th August, 1875.

Lieutenant James McCleverty to be Captain, vice Adams. Dated 4th August, 1875.

46th Foot, Lieutenant William Barrington Browne to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant H. H. Newman promoted. Dated 24th September, 1875.

49th Foot, Captain Henry Alfred Austen, from the 16th Foot, to be Captain, vice F. Wilmot, who exchanges. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

53rd Foot, Lieutenant Robert Waller to be Captain, vice Robert Prince, made Supernumerary, on appointment as Adjutant 1st West Riding Yorkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps. Dated 23rd December, 1874.

54th Foot, Sub-Lieutenant Francis Anderson Harris, from the 45th Foot to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant W. N. Darnell, promoted. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

58th Foot, Lieutenant Henry Cornelius King retires from the Service, receiving the value of an Ensigncy. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant Robert Lewis Arathoon to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant Coote, promoted. Dated 3rd September 1875.

66th Foot, Lieutenant Gilfrid George Baker-Cresswell retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant Farquhar M'Crae Bruce, from the 36th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Stevenson, retired. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

68th Foot, Captain James Conran, from half-pay, late 3rd West India Regiment, to be Captain, vice W. C. Drummond, retired on half pay. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

74th Foot, Paymaster and Honorary Major Augustus Bolle de Lasalle, from the 15th Hussars, to be Paymaster, vice Honorary Major R. Sheeby, who exchanges. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

87th Foot, Lieutenant C. Wilberforce Wildman to be Captain, vice J.L. Hellest, deceased. Dated 14th September, 1875.

88th Foot, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel William Thomas Laird Patterson, from half pay, late 91st Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice R. J. Hughes transferred to the 63rd Foot. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

102nd Foot, Lieutenant Ponsonby Carrick Sandes retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

104th Foot, Captain Christopher M Davidson, from the 4th Foot, to be Captain vice D Z Thornton, who exchanges Dated 23rd October 1875.

105th Foot, The first Christian name of Captain Orange, whose exchange from the 16th Foot appeared in the Gazette of 5th instant, is John, and not George as therein stated.

108th Foot, Sub-Lieutenant Godfrey Power, resigns his Commission. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Rifle Brigade, Lieutenant Villiers Spencer Bagot to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant C. H. B. Norcott, who has resigned that appointment. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant Arthur Montogomery Harington to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant L. R. Stopford-Sackville, promoted. Dated 14th May, 1875.

1st West India Regiment, Sub-Lieutenant Frederick Foote Cutler resigns his Commission. Dated 23rd October 1875.

2nd West India Regiment, Lieutenant Benjamin Southorp Brookes retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Medical Department, Deputy Surgeon-General James MacMillan Scott Fogo retires upon temporary half-pay. Dated 29th September, 1875.

Surgeon-Major Sydney Alder retires upon half-pay. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Surgeon Wilmot Horton Trevor Power resigns his Commission. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Veterinary Department, Veterinary Surgeon of the 1st Class William Death to be Staff Veterinary-Surgeon, vice W. Partridge, retired upon half-pay. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Chaplains' Department—The Surname of the Chaplain appointed from 1st December, 1874, is Malim, not Malin, as stated in the Gazette of 19th instant.

BREVET.

Lieutenant-Colonel Patrich Brown Lucas, 10th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Colonel on retiring upon full-pay. Dated 28rd October, 1875.

Major Henry Brackenbury, Royal Artillery, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Captain William John Foster, half-pay, late 19th Foot, to be Major. Dated 5th July, 1872.

Captain Arthur Hill, retired Royal Marines, to have the honorary rank of Major. Dated 1st October 1875.

Captain Jelinger Henry Symons, retired Royal Marines, to have the honorary rank of Major. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Quartermaster Beau Collins, Greandier Guards, to have the honorary rank of Captain, on retiring upon half-pay. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant and Assistant-Commissary John James Ward, Madras Ordnance Department, to have the honorary rank of Captain on retirement. Dated 1st January, 1875.

Ensign with local and temporary rank John Roberts, to have the local rank of Captain whilst employed as Staff Officer of Pensioners in Canada. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Surgeon-Major Cosmo Gordon Logie, M. D., to have the honorary rank of Deputy Surgeon-General, upon retiring on half-pay. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

The following promotions to take place in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces consequent on the death of General Henry Hall, C.B., Bengal Infantry, on the 22nd August, 1875:—

Lieutenant-General David Downing, Bengal Infantry, to be General. Dated 23rd August, 1875.

Major General Sir Edward Lechmere Russell, K.C.S.I., Bombay Infantry, to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 23rd August, 1875.

The following promotions to take place on the British Establishment consequent on the death, on 22nd August, 1875, of General Henry Hall, C.B., Bengal Infantry:—

Brevet Colonel Robert Warden, C.B., from Lieutenant-Colonel, half-pay, late 19th Foot, to be Major-General, dated 28th June, 1868, such antedate not to carry back pay prior to 23rd August, 1875.

Major Edmund Davidson Smith, half-pay, late 95th Foot, Fort Major and Adjutant Jersey, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 23rd August, 1875.

Capt John Blackwood Colwell, Royal Marine Light Infantry, to be Major. Dated 23rd August, 1875.

The following promotions to take place consequent on the death, on 13th September, 1875, of General Simcoe Baynes, Colonel of the 35th Foot:—

Lieutenant-General the Honourable Sir Augustus Almeric Spencer, G.C.B., Colonel of the 43rd Foot, to be General. Dated 14th September, 1875.

Major-General Walter Douglas Phillips Patton to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 14th September, 1875.

Brevet Colonel Charles Hennry Morris, C.B., from Major half-pay, Unattached, to be Major-General. Dated 28th June, 1868, such antedate not to carry back pay prior to 14th September, 1875.

Major Bache Harpur Heathcote, half-pay, late Depot Battalion, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 14th September, 1875.

Captain Edward Congreve Langley Durnford, Royal Marine Artillery, to be Major. Dated 14th September, 1875.

The following promotions to take place consequent on the death, on the 21st September, 1875, of Lieutenant-General Charles William Morley Balders, C.B., Colonel of the 17th Lancers:—

Major-General the Right Honourable Sir Percy Egerton Herbert, K.C.B., to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 22nd September, 1875.

Brevet-Colonel Charles William Thompson, from Lieutenant-Colonel, half-pay, late 7th Dragoon Guards, to be Major-General. Dated 28th June, 1868, such antedate not to carry back pay prior to 22nd September, 1875.

Captain and Brevet Major John Theophilus Ussher, half-pay Unattached and Staff Officer of Pensioners, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 22nd September, 1875.

Captain Edward Gladstone, Royal Marine Artillery, to be Major. Dated 22nd September 1875.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed the qualifying service, to be Colonels:—

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Gilbert Kennedy, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 16th May, 1875.

Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel Raymond Herbert White, Scots Fusilier Guards. Dated 24th September, 1875.

The undermentioned Officers of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces to have a step of honorary rank on retirement, as follows:—

To be Major-Generals.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Octavius Hamilton, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 23rd October, 1875

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Edmund Henry Cullen Wintle, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel William John Tweedie, Madras Infantry. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Edward Luddington Scott, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Willoughby Lake Briggs, C.B., Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Evan Murray MacGregor, Bombay Cavalry. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

To be Colonels.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Henry Barchard, C.B., Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Gervase Campbell, Madras Staff Corps. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hilary Anderson Woodhouse, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Deputy Surgeon-General Charles Barclay, Madras Army, to be Surgeon-General. Dated 23rd October, 1875.

Memorandum.

Captain and Brevet Major William John Foster, half-pay, late 19th Foot, retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 18th August, 1875.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES, THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

MOWAT—November 10th, at Malabar Hill, Bombay, the wife of M. Mowat, Esq., of a son.

DEATH.

BAILY—October 15th, on board the mail steamer Hindostan, of dysentery, between Aden and Suez, Mr. W. W. Baily, of the firm of Messrs. ... L. Southern and Co., of Bombay.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

Birth.

GANNON—November 6th, at La Martinière, Lucknow, Mrs J Gannon, of a son.

Death.

RAYNOR—October 29th, at her residence, Raynorpore Grant, Eastern Dun, of congestion of the brain, Mary Ann Raynor, widow of the late Captain W. Raynor, V. C. Deeply and sincerely regretted by a large circle of relatives and friends.

DR. C. F. KHORY,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 23, RAMPART ROW.
Above Messrs. Badham and Co., opposite the Floral Fountain.
NITROUS OXIDE GAS ADMINISTERED for PAINLESS EXTRACTION of TEETH.

AMERICAN DRILLS.

PEPPERELL DRILLS FOR SALE.
TUDOR COMPANY'S ICE HOUSE.

LAYING FOUNDATION STONE PRINCE'S DOCK.

NOTICE.—Those invited to be present to witness the ceremony of LAYING the FOUNDATION STONE of the PRINCE'S DOCK on 11th instant, are REQUESTED to bring their INVITATION CARDS with them.

Carriages should approach by the Carnac Overbridge, or by the New Frere Road from the Mint, but no carriage will be allowed to pass to the Dock entrance after 4-30 p.m.

By Order of the Trustees,
G. MANSON, Secretary.

Bombay, Port Trust Office, 10th Nov. 1875.

NOTICE.

LAYING THE FOUNDATION STONE OF THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

THE MEMBERS and those ATTENDING under the BANNER of LODGE St. GEORGE No. 549 E. C. will please assemble at the Dock premises not later than 3-45 p. m., on THURSDAY, the 11th instant, MORNING DRESS AND HELMETS WILL BE WORN AND NOT FULL DRESS AS PREVIOUSLY INTIMATED.

C. ARCHIBALD LANGLEY,
Acting W, M., Lodge St. George No. 549 E. C.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

PRESENTATION OF AN ADDRESS TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

THURSDAY, 11th NOVEMBER 1875, 1-30 P. M.

1. ACADEMIC COSTUME to be worn as at Convocations.

2. Graduates are required to be in the University Library at 12 o'clock noon precisely, to robe and have their places assigned them.

3. The Senate are requested to be in the Sir Cowasjee Jehanghier Hall of the University at 1 o'clock precisely, and to take their seats in front of the Dais BEFORE the ARRIVAL of HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS the PRINCE of WALES.

4. The VICE-CHANCELLOR, DEANS, SYNDICS, MEMBERS of the BOARD of ACCOUNTS and the REGISTRAR will receive His Royal Highness at the entrance of the Hall.

By Order of the Vice-Chancellor,
D. C. BOYD, M. A.,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 9th November 1875.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.

GREAT ATTRACTION DURING THE VISIT OF THE PRINCE OF WALES.

THE CARANDINI OPERATIC AND BALLAD ENTERTAINMENTS.

LAST NIGHT OF THE SEASON, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 13th, BEING FOR THE BENEFIT OF MISS FANNIE CARANDINI.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE CARANDINI COMPANY WILL GIVE A GRAND CONCERT IN THE TOWN HALL ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOV. 17th.

The Company will NOT PERFORM THIS EVENING or FRIDAY.

All Money Orders, Cheques, and other Remittances sent to this office, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1875.

Our special reporter at the Dockyard on the day the Prince landed mentioned the feeling of annoyance which agitated the heart of the Maharana of Oodeypore because he had been placed beneath the Gaekwar. A contemporary yesterday supplemented our observations by stating that the Maharana was so incensed that, after he was introduced to the Prince, he left the Dockyard hurriedly and permitted the procession to take care of itself. Yesterday, we intimated that the Maharana intends to leave Bombay to-day, and as it has occurred to us that the public might reasonably imagine that His Highness was quitting us thus suddenly because he was still incensed about the Dockyard incident, we think it right to state that he had made his arrangements to return to Oodeypore to-day several days before the arrival of the Prince. The reason of the Maharana's departure is a very simple one—the Viceroy intends to visit Oodeypore in the course of his trip up-country, and the Maharana has gone before in order to make the necessary preparations. If he is displeased at anything in Bombay, the Maharana does not show it much—he looks, on the contrary, as though he is decidedly of opinion that life is not altogether a burden, and that his visit to Bombay has not been an unpleasant one by any means.

It is pleasant to turn from the broils of precedence questions to a charming incident, connected with the Royal visit, the correctness of which we have no reason to doubt. The English papers have chronicled how the Princess of Wales accompanied her husband to France; but with all their vigilance they did not hear about a certain small box being placed on board the Serapis. Well, there was such a box; and all that Sir Bartle Frere, in whose charge it was placed, knew about it, was that he was to take particular care of it, and not to let the Prince know anything of its existence. When the Serapis arrived the box was sent to Parell; and on the next morning, the Prince's birth-day and his first morning on Indian soil, his eyes rested upon a large portrait, beautifully adorned with Indian flowers. The portrait was that of the Princess. It had been secretly placed in the Prince's bed room in order to surprise him, and it is unnecessary to say that this was the contents of the mysterious box which had been so jealously watched by Sir Bartle Frere, and about which Miss Frere was the only possessor of the secret. We may all be sure that the Prince was touched with the Princess's thoughtfulness; in a strange land, amid surroundings of which he has never before seen the like, the portrait must have suggested very powerfully to H. R. H. the tender anxiety with which the Royal Family, as well as the British nation, regard his experimental tour in India. At the same time, the sudden appearance of the Princess's sweet face looking down upon him through the mass of tropical flowers on the first morning he had ever spent in India, must have inspired him with fresh courage to carry out the arduous undertaking to which he has set his hand.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* had an article the other day condemning Sir Frederick Haines's action in the matter of the four Light Infantry regiments of the Madras Presidency; and if, which we doubt, the Madras Commander-in-Chief is responsible for the abolition of the honourable and distinctive badges and accoutrements of these corps, then we agree with the military journal that Sir Frederick Haines has done an unwise thing. It is more likely that the Madras Government or the Indian Government have economised the belts and badges of these regiments than that the Commander-in-Chief, himself a soldier, should take away things in which soldiers must feel an honourable pride; and when we remember that not very long ago the War Office proposed to take the shoulder straps and the distinctive ornaments off the coats of soldiers of British regiments in order to save a few hundreds by the change, it is easy to think that the Native Army has been brought in this matter under the shears of the economists. As the story runs, it seems there are four Light Infantry regiments in the Madras Army—namely, the 3rd, 23rd, 31st, and 34th, and that these corps have worn until lately black belts instead of the sashes of the line, with some other difference of uniform that distinguishes them from Line regiments. The black belt in itself is nothing very beautiful; perhaps its appearance is not æsthetically as good as the white belt. Its great advantage lies in its singularity and distinction. It is because only four regiments could wear it that the belt was particularly admired, but at the same time we must bear in mind that the title of "Light Infantry" has always been supposed to confer particular credit on a regiment. Although there are no Light Infantry soldiers in distinction with other Infantry soldiers now in the British Army, or any particular Riflemen where all are armed with rifles, the old titles of "Light Infantry" and "Rifles" are still borne by many battalions, and are honourable and much prized distinctions as well. So it is with the Native Army. Certain regiments have for years and years, and for one generation after another, associated their distinctive belts and titles with glorious deeds of the old wars, so that to take these things away from them is much the same, to their view, as if we obliterated the records of their greatest military achievements. The Madras Government is having a history written of its Native Army, we are told, and it is surely inconsistent on its part to record that Army's services with one hand and to blot them out with the other. The action is, however, quite consistent with the general tenor of Indian military administration, which depreciates the Native Army as something worthless because it has made it so.

We have no doubt that the Madras sepoys have felt acutely the removal of those distinctive badges which lent their regiments some glory. All native soldiers entertain a singular partiality for such things, and it is their delight to have an extra colour or some military vanity of that sort to elevate their particular regiment above all others. The old East India Company and its able officers were well aware of this, and took advantage of it to incite their native soldiers to extraordinary exertions in the field; but in this matter-of-fact and too prosaic age it is thought a better policy to remove all incitements to fight from a sepoy than to stimulate his ardour for the fray. It is the policy of masterly inactivity in military matters, and Lord Napier of Magdala was its apostle when he said of the Native Army that it was good enough for the purposes for which it was intended, as if any army could ever be good enough, and no more! It is a pity to take the conceit out of soldiers by keeping them in a condition of mediocrity, but this is just what we are doing with the Native Army now. We take away the sepoy's English officers, distinctive uniforms, and so on, in a contemptuous kind of way, as if to say, "You are not really worth these indulgences," and yet we expect the sepoys to be cheerful and loyal to a fault for all that. It would be better to have no Native Army than to act in this manner towards it, and, strange as the assertion may appear, we really do believe that the time is not far distant when the Native Army shall have ceased to exist. The contemptuous policy, if we may call it so, has been playing cut and thrust with the Native Army ever since 1857, and the result is shown in the gradual disappearance of native soldiers and regiments from the country. The native Artillery has gone altogether, and the Cavalry is following it. Why should not the Infantry go too—that is to say, all that reductions have left of them? In the Madras Presidency we hear that one of the regiments of Native Cavalry can only muster something like one hundred men with half a dozen of Colonels to command them, and, when an army falls into the condition of which a regiment of this kind is the type, it does not much signify perhaps, after all, whether we continue its existence or not. There are two courses open to us in the business: either to abolish the Native Army altogether and put in its place an effective Police, or to forsake the policy of contempt, and act as if we really thought the Native Army worth the attention that is paid to other armies. As there is, however, no absurdity, no madness that will not be committed in India under the all-powerful ægis of economy, it is not really improbable that the Native Army will in a certain time whither away with neglect and reductions together, and the Infantry follow the Artillery and Cavalry that have gone to the shades.

We have been rather led away from the Madras Light Infantry and their belts by the reflections these things suggest; but there is something excessively entertaining in the *Army and Navy Gazette* notion, that Lord Napier of Magdala will interpose and restore the belts and other things to the afflicted regiments. Entertaining, because the ideal Lord Napier of the English Press at home is so very different from the real Lord Napier as he is known out here. No man ever possessed two distincter individualities. At home, his Lordship is estimated infinitely above his deserts, and out here we rather think that he is estimated below them. This is specially the case with reference to the Native Army. He is thought to be the first authority on this vexatious subject, and the redresser of all its wrongs, whereas, if the truth were known, we should think Sir Henry Norman would be a more accountable man than the Commander-in Chief in India. So far as his public acts have shown, Lord Napier of Magdala has rather held himself aloof from any measures or discussions connected with the Native Army; nor has he so much as advocated an establishment of musketry instructors for an army he certainly desired to stimulate so far as shooting went. Lord Napier of Magdala, in the character of the guardian angel of the Indian Native Army, strikes us as a figure singularly out of position; however, it is the fashion these times to excuse an army without officers on the plea that Lord Napier is satisfied, and what more do we want? And yet Lord Napier has no power or authority to alter that army's organization one whit. He can only suggest, and we strongly suspect that even a Commander-in-Chief's suggestions do not count for much in the eyes of the civil administrators of the Empire.

In conclusion, we cannot but refer to the apparent wilful needlessness shown in Indian military matters in making things worse than they are. Why not leave these poor Madras sepoys their belts for example? The cost was trifling, and there was no reason to take them away unless an itch for meddling was at the bottom of the business. Is there not enough of evils claiming the attention of the Indian military authorities that they must voluntarily walk out of their way to destroy whatever *esprit de corps* exists in four sepoy regiments? It is beyond expression wonderful, that, while the Indian Army is under condemnation for a defective organization, we should hear of such stories as this of the Light Infantry regiments as of all that is being done to remedy it. In 1840, we see that the Madras Commander-in-Chief, anxious to distinguish himself, attempted a similar raid to the late one on the unfortunate black belts, but was defeated by the spirit shown by the commanding officers of those days. "But now," continues the correspondent of the *Standard*, who has written of these things, "all "is changed; the feelings of these regiments "have been wholly disregarded and their "accoutrements have been taken away. Can "any one wonder that both officers and men are "disgusted at this unmerited disgrace, and that "an old decorated Indian officer should ask his "Colonel, 'How are we people to know now "that we belong to the famous *turrow pultun*?' "Really, if we mean to weaken our hold upon "the Native Army and make them careless of "their own honour, this is the way to do it"—an opinion in which we entirely coincide.

ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH MAILS OF THE 22nd OCTOBER.

The P. & O. Co.'s s.s. Venetia, Commander G. J. Babot, arrived in harbour this afternoon, with the English Mails of the 22nd October on board. The following is the list of passengers:—

From Southampton.

Mr J Higginbotham	Miss Briggs
Lieut Col and Mrs D Hay and child	Mrs G P White
Miss Brown	Mr J B Fuller
Miss Hy	Miss G H Gumbell and ayah
Sir George and Lady Couper, infant and ayah	Mr Macleane
Miss Couper	Mr J M McClelland
Major Maxwell's European female servant	Mr J Wilson
Professor Monier Williams	Miss H Thompson
Mrs Corfield	Mr J P Fiddian
Mrs and Miss Williams	Mr W Thomson
Mrs Horsford	Miss Thomson
Miss Blakeley	Mr F Millett
Miss Spankie	Rev R Howard
Mrs Lynden-Bell	Mr Ryan
Mrs Noble and 2 infants	Miss Ryan
Mrs Pilcher, infant and ayah	Miss Pearce
Mr L Taylor	Mr J Whitehead
Capt F W MacMullen	Mr W H ald
Mr F J Finlay	Mr S K Barnes and son
Captain and Mrs J Lowe and ayah	Miss Harvey
Mrs Manning	Mrs F Carter and infant
Miss Manning	Mr Wm Taylor
	Mr W Berry
	Mr J Mole
	Mr W M Tennant
	Mr Francis Turner

From Suez.—Mr Alfred Woolley.

From Venice.

Mr and Mrs C Grant, infant, and nurse	Mr W J Galway
Dr and Mrs Whishaw	Mr G Eyears
Dr and Mrs Brown, infant and native male servant	Mr Norwin
Major G Way	Mr Leibnitz
Colonel Allardyce	Mr Steinthal
Major J Virtue	Mr Bonneman
Mr LeFanu	Mr J Roux
	Mr W McGregor

From Brindisi.

Mr and Mrs W P Duff	Mr LeBlanc
Hon C Pontifex	Justice Morris
Capt Horsford	Mr R McDonald
Mr J S Taylor	Major C Walter
Mr H Spencer	Mr de Coutouly
Mr W G Glynn	Mr Storrar
Mr J Mackintosh	Mr Buchanan
Col Hyde	Mr J Rhodes
Mr F Sangnet	Mr Barnett
Major Pontifex	

From Aden.

Mr Jafferbhoy Taria Topun and family	Twenty natives

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, 22nd October.

We have had a week of wet weather and uninteresting news. The telegram published this morning from China is regarded by most of the newspapers as strengthening the prospects of peace, but this is not the view of a good many persons in official circles. The news is regarded as very well, so far as it goes, but "its value can only be declared by the event." At present it rests upon a Chinese promise, which is worse than the proverbial promise of a fickle woman, and a failure in the performance might occur at any moment. Actions are far better guarantees of good faith than mere words, and the seizure of the Gordon Castle at Shanghai, the other day, with sixty tons of Martini-Henry ammunition for the Chinese Government, ought to warn us that behind the fair speeches at Pekin there is impending danger. But it is well understood here that the case of the Gordon Castle is not a solitary illustration of what is going on behind the curtain, if we could but see round the corner. In the view that the Indian Government would possibly have to send out troops to China, armed only with the Snider, it would be interesting to know what number of Martini-Henrys are in the hands of the Chinese. It cannot be a solitary few if a single shipment of ammunition amounts to sixty tons. This incident, coupled with the known activity of Chinese military agents here and in Germany, only shows what good ground there is for holding, as I have always held, that China is preparing for a great struggle with one of the Western Powers. The newspapers seem, however, to be blindly trustful of Chinese promises and honesty, and though Lord Derby is evidently far more wide awake than the journalists, the iterative optimism of the latter will in time have its effect upon the Foreign Office. It will not require many weeks to show whether the Chinese intentions are honourable. Till that is definitely ascertained, till we have seen the text of the promised publications in the *Gazette*, and have ascertained the treatment which has been given to Mr. Grosvenor and the work of the Yunnan Commission, it would be just as well not to be too jubilant about these Chinese promises.

The Turkish bondholders have not yet given up all hope. They have held meetings, they have denounced the Sultan, and they have demanded redress. This outburst has, perhaps, eased the minds of these luckless people, and in a few days their feeling may be somewhat allayed; but of this they may rest perfectly assured, that the English Government will do nothing towards securing a withdrawal of the decree. The latest proposal that I have heard of is to send Mr. Childers to lodge a protest at Constantinople. But, will Mr. Childers go? He is an ex-Cabinet Minister, and an ex-Cabinet Minister ought to have weight and influence behind him, but that the Government will not give? If no more than protesting is to be done, why not leave it to our Ambassador. Investors in Turkish stock have been told over and over again that the Porte was bankrupt, and the fact of their having laid out their money in the hope of getting twelve or fifteen per cent. was of itself a sufficient indication of the rottenness of the speculation. Many of the bondholders have been badly used, and it is a notable feature of the case that the Sultan has favoured his own (private) unsecured bonds at the expense of the secured stock, but neither our own nor any other Government will actively interfere as the bondholders desire them to do. How much truth is there not in the proverb as to the difficulty of getting butter out of a dog's throat

While upon this subject I may allude to the rumour which I mentioned in my last of Mr Gladstone's acceptance of the post of physician to the sick man. A story had been mentioned in the *Times*, the *Daily News* and the *Liberté* to the effect that the ex-Premier had promised to set the finances of Turkey in order, and hopes were held out of a bright future for the Ottoman Empire. The remuneration for this great work was very tempting; £50,000 a year, a five years' engagement, a palace in the Bosphorus, and I suppose that attached to the palace there would be a royal harem, though a man of Mr. Gladstone's propriety would doubtless have eschewed such a luxury. Many persons believed this story might be true, partly because of Mr. Gladstone's love for financial details, and partly because he was just the man whose erratic genius might induce him to accept such a duty. It turns out, however, that there was not a word of truth in the whole business, and people have set it down to a stock-jobbing rumour. Mr. Gladstone has preferred to continue theological strife with Rome. His latest production, just published, deals with Italy and her Church and is printed in the new *Church Quarterly*. It is interesting to notice how in that article Mr. Gladstone advocates the right of congregations to take part in the election of their priests—another indication, the Liberationists will tell us, of the changes that are passing over Mr. Gladstone's mind in the direction of separating the Church from the State. But to my view, the most important part of this essay is in the earlier portion, wherein the author speaks of the political incompetency of the French people in matters pertaining to self-government, his forecast of the struggle that will some day be renewed between France and Germany, and of the coming alliance between France and Ultramontanism.

Of the three vacancies in the India Council, one has just been filled by Colonel H. Yule, C. B., Secretary of the Public Works Department under Lord Canning, and a well known geographer. I believe that for some time past Colonel Yule has been directing special attention to the politics of Central Asia, upon which, I know not whether from study or from actual experience, he is regarded as an authority. It is knowledge in this department, quite as much as his experience as an Engineer, that is said to have guided Lord Salisbury in selecting Colonel Yule for this post. The merchants of Liverpool and Manchester are endeavouring to have the other two vacancies in the Council filled by commercial men, but I doubt if they will succeed. It is impossible for an outsider to say how much or how little good has been done within the Council chamber by Mr. Cassels, but commercial men feel that his hands would be greatly strengthened if he had one or two more men of their order by his side. The divergence of opinion between the Indian Secretary and the Viceroy and his advisers respecting the late Tariff revision indicates a weakness in the commercial element, or it would have made its influence felt to a better purpose than it did, especially as it was backed by the known opinion of the Viceroy upon one or two crucial points.

I mentioned some weeks ago that the special envoy of Yakoob Beg had suddenly turned off at Constantinople for St. Petersburg, instead of coming on to London; and this step was the more remarkable as the Indian Government were understood to have arranged that if he came here he should be well received. It was even reported that they had promised him an interview with Her Majesty. Why he did not visit England is still a mystery, and a serious mystery, considering how much our connection with Kashgar depended upon his mission. Perhaps the Queen refused to give him audience, or she could not see him because she was in Scotland, and the latter is the current story among Anglo-Indians. But be that as it may, the envoy did not come. He went to St. Petersburg, where he has made a postal treaty, and arranged a system of diplomatic intercourse between St. Petersburg and Kashgar. In fact Russia has been enabled to supplant our influence in Kashgar without the necessity of going to war as she threatend in the hour of her wrath about the Khokand rebellion.

The military scandal at Hythe has been all the talk of the town. The Tories naturally say that such scenes as this are the result of admitting snobs into the army under the competitive system, and that "born gentlemen" would not have been guilty of such ruffianism. But a good many persons think the contrary. The morality and good conduct of "born gentlemen" does not shine out with superior brilliancy to the virtues of the upper middle class, from whom are drawn most of the officers of our army. But without entering into that subject I may say that this Hythe scandal has been a very disgraceful business, and the action of the Commander-in-Chief has met with the strong approval of public opinion. His Royal Highness might even have done more than he did. In truth many people complain that he did not go further, and cashier every officer who took part in this atrocious persecution. Misconduct in the army, especially since the Baker and Harbord cases, meets with very little sympathy among civilians, and the punishment ordered in the case of one or two of the offenders—never to wear mufti—is regarded by non-military men as a very small matter. Englishmen who have travelled, and who know something of the discipline in the German and Russian armies by no means appreciate the readiness with which our army officers discard their regimentals. A friend of mine who some years ago travelled in Russia told me of a case in point which came under his own knowledge. The Grand Duke Constantine was one day in the barracks of a large town, discussing some matter relating to a local regiment, both persons being in uniform. Shortly after the Grand Duke had left the building, he returned to mention something that had been forgotten, and finding that the officer had removed, not his coat, but his sash only, he ordered him under arrest. It was no matter that the weather was very hot, or that the officer had a right to claim the Grand Duke as a friend, there had been a breach of military duty, and the offender actually continued under arrest for nearly three months.

I hear that Sir R. Airey has consented to remain for another year at his post of Adjutant General of the Forces, partly to relieve the War Office of the difficulty of selecting his successor, and partly to assist Mr. Hardy with some new army reforms which are to be laid before Parliament next week. It is mentioned here that the command of the Madras army will probably be offered to Major General Borton, but as some time must elapse before Sir Frederick Haines will succeed Lord Napier, the *Globe* may be wrong in announcing that probability.

The Balaklava banquet promises to be a splendid success. Among those who have announced their inability to attend have been Miss Nightingale, who is an invalid, and Mr. A. Tennyson. The latter has, however, generously offered to drink a "cup" of wine—not the prosaic glass—in honour of the event, on the day of the dinner. We need hardly ask if it will be good wine, for as Poet Laureate Mr. Tennyson's perquisites include a butt of sherry from the royal cellar.

For a twelve month or more the *Times* has hired a special telegraph wire from Paris to London for the transmission of its Continental news. The example of that paper is now to be followed by the *Daily Telegraph* and the *Standard*. Referring to these matters I may mention another that pertains to the same class of news. Your readers are doubtless aware that Mr. H. M. Stanley, who is now civilising Central Africa with fire and sword, is the joint Commissioner of the *Daily Telegraph* and the *New York Herald*, and the understanding between the two journals is that they shall publish the traveller's letters simultaneously. The last file of the *New York Herald* to hand brings a startling revelation in the shape of a violent leader, after Gordon Bennet's abusive style, against the *Daily Telegraph* for having anticipated its American partner in publishing the cream of the Stanley dispatches. Using the words of Washington, Mr. Bennet denounces "entangling alliances," and bitterly regrets the day when joined hands with the *Daily Telegraph*. But the *Telegraph* has a good explanation. The delay in sending copies of Stanley's letters from London to New York arose, it is said, not from any negligence on their part but from the temporary drowsiness of the new agent of the *Herald* in London. The other and less enterprising of the London papers, with whom the *Daily Telegraph* is not over popular, are enjoying this quarrel with great gusto.

Among the minor reforms of the present Government is one relating to the Stationery Department. It was Mr. Lowe who saved £8,000 a year by stopping the use of quill pens. His successor intends to emulate his example by placing the issue of cream laid note paper under strict regulation.

THE LANDING OF THE PRINCE OF WALES AT ADEN.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

ADEN, 2nd November.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and suite landed from the Serapis on the morning of Monday last. He was presented with an address of welcome by the inhabitants at the Saluting Pier, the address being well read by Mr. Cowasjee Dinshaw. The Prince replied in suitable terms. From the Saluting Pier, the party, accompanied by the Brigadier General Commanding and other officers formed a procession, which came on to Camp under the order and taking the route laid down in the special orders and memorandum (copies of which I sent you by last mail). There was this change, however, in the original programme, that His Royal Highness and suite alighted at the Officers' Mess of the 2-25th King's Own Borderers. Here they stayed for some half an hour, after which the procession returned to Steamer Point through the Isthmus tunnels and to the Residency. Here the party remained till 4 P.M., and the Prince then went on board the Serapis, which sailed last night for Bombay.

All here have vied with each other in decorating their buildings and putting up flags and arches. The inscriptions on some of these were rather good and appropriate to the occasion. The flags on the Bakery were about the best, and as for the arches that were put up by the 2nd Grenadier Regiment N. I., certainly carried off the palm. The Saluting Pier was very tastefully decorated. We had illuminations at night, although the Prince had left. In this line Mr. Cowasjee Dinshaw's establishment appeared the finest. The ships in harbour also did their part well. It would be invidious to particularise who strived most in giving the Prince the best reception this place could afford; but it would not be right in me to withhold the fact from your readers that the highest credit is due to Brigadier General Schneider, Political Resident, Captains Hunter, Kennedy and Sealy, his able Assistants, Major Griffith, the Brigade Major, Captain Thyne, the Harbour Master, and, among natives, Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw and Edulje Manockjee, for the great trouble and interest they took in carrying out the numerous details in a most satisfactory manner, to say nothing of the great help the two last gave by subscribing liberally themselves and in inducing subscriptions. These have, you will see, been considerable.

The Prince was unable to see one of our best works, the Tawella Tanks. When the procession got at the foot of these, the heat was very great and the decision was at once come to to dispense with this part of the programme.

At noon there was a levee at the Residency. All the officers, Military and Civil, were presented to the Prince, as also some Arab Chiefs and natives of note. It would be too tedious a task to give all their names.

The artist accompanying the Royal party was very assiduous during the whole time, and took numerous sketches of the various scenes, &c., and I have no doubt we shall soon have the benefit of his labours.

The procession went over a distance of something like seventeen miles in two hours—rather tough work, considering the hills and the tunnels. The Aden Troop under Captain Stevens, did the body-guard duty admirably, and their splendid Arab steeds had an excellent opportunity of shewing what they could do. This is one of the best mounted corps in the world.

Immense crowds, as may be expected, greeted the Prince both at Point, on the road up and down and at Camp with long and prolonged cheers, and His Royal Highness seemed highly pleased and returned the compliment in his best manner. He must have found it rather fatiguing, but he went through all with great energy, apparently with equal ease, and certainly with grace.

He has already become familiar with one of our Indian institutions—the big fan punkah. At the Residency he was fanned with one of these immense things by a stalwart hamal. The Prince was evidently much taken up with this, and has taken it on with him for the voyage to Bombay. That article would certainly teach a great price if put up for sale, now that it has had the privilege of making the Heir-Apparent comfortable in Aden.

The Prince made several presents here, but I have already said so much that I shall leave further particulars for another time. I must, however, now send you a copy of the address above alluded to. Here it is:—

To H. R. H. Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, Duke of Cornwall &c., &c.

May it please Your Royal Highness,—We the undersigned inhabitants of Aden, representing the mercantile community, humbly beg leave to approach and welcome your Royal Highness on arrival at the first British possession belonging to Her Majesty's vast dominions in India.

We feel grateful for the opportunity thus afforded us of expressing through your Royal Highness our loyalty and devotion for Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen and Empress of India.

We fully appreciate the motive which induces your Royal Highness to visit India and confidently believe that it will tend still further to cement the cordial understanding that now happily exists between Her Majesty's British and Indian subjects.

We desire to acknowledge, with gratitude, the blessings we enjoy under the mild and just sway of Her Most Gracious Majesty, as exemplified in the yearly increasing prosperity of this important military settlement.

When Aden was captured in the year 1839—being the first of the territorial conquests that have been made during the glorious reign of Queen Victoria—it was only a small fishing village, but under the fostering care of British rule, it has expanded, as your Royal Highness will this day see, and has become a large and prosperous town containing a population of 30,000 souls, comprised of many creeds and races and with an import and export trade showing transactions valued at upwards of two millions sterling.

We recognise in your Royal Highness' visit to India a desire to become personally acquainted with the manners, the customs and the institutions of its people, which cannot fail to be productive of good to the teeming populations over which your Royal Highness is destined hereafter to rule.

To commemorate your Royal Highness' visit to Aden, we have set aside the sum of Rs. 20,000 to found a charitable dispensary, which, with your Royal Highness' permission, we propose to style "The Prince of Wales's Charitable Dispensary."

We beg, in conclusion, to express to your Royal Highness our earnest hope that your Royal Mother our Most Gracious Sovereign may long be spared to reign over us, and that Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales and the Royal children may enjoy with your Royal Highness long lives of peace and happiness, surrounded by all the blessings that the world can give.

We beg to subscribe ourselves, your Royal Highness' most obedient and humble servants.

Eduljee Manockjee & Sons,
Cowasjee Dinshaw & Brothers,
(and others.)

To the above the Prince immediately replied as follows:—

Gentlemen,—I thank you for your address and I shall not fail to inform Her Majesty the Queen of the loyal and dutiful sentiments expressed by you on my arrival at Aden, the first port of Her Majesty's Indian Empire which I have yet visited.

I hear with great pleasure of the increasing prosperity of this important settlement, and I heartily thank you for the manner in which you propose to commemorate my visit to you, by founding an institution the objects of which is alleviating human pain and distress have my entire and heartfelt sympathy

The Princess of Wales and my children will learn with pleasure the good will towards them, your expressions of which I shall have much pleasure in conveying to them.

I wish you, gentlemen, all health and prosperity.

That "brevity is the soul of wit" has evidently been the idea which has ruled the inditer of the address as also the Prince; and you will allow that both the address and the gracious reply thereto are faultless.

Many items of news I must hold over for the next mail.

THE ILLUMINATIONS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—I am glad you and your contemporaries are so delighted with the effect of the illuminations; but I have noticed that you Bombay people are always supremely satisfied with yourselves and your city, and I think it would be a good thing if you could occasionally see Bombay as others see it. I feel myself in some degree qualified to give an opinion regarding the illuminations, because I saw them all, and I know a good deal about similar spectacles elsewhere. I was dining at the Apollo Bunder Refreshment rooms—an excellent institution which Bombay folk show their taste in appreciating—when about 7 o'clock I heard a distant shout; and, in company with a friend who knows Bombay well, I set off in a buggy to try and reach Church Gate Street before the procession from Parell had passed. Rampart Row, I thought, looked very well, the broad road and numerous open spaces enabling one to see to advantage the effective designs for lighting up the block of fine buildings from the National Bank to Treacher's; and nothing could have been in better taste than the disposition of the lights about the beautiful Frere Fountain. Just as we reached this point, the leading carriages of the procession came up, and, driving round by Meadow Street and Hummum Street, to avoid the crowd, we found the quiet side street from the Bombay Bank to the Elphinstone Circle unoccupied and took up our place next to W. Nicol and Co.'s to see the Prince pass. Coming thus through dark streets suddenly into the brilliantly lighted Circle, the full splendour of the scene burst upon us all at once, and you have not lavished too much praise on this part of the show. The Town Hall was literally ablaze with light, but a handsome building of that kind, standing well back from the street, requires an immense expenditure of light upon it to exhibit it properly; and, as it was the final and culminating point of the whole illumination, it was rightly made resplendent with countless *butties*. The mass of light, however, killed Mr. Terry's artistic and elaborate transparency. The houses round the Circle were crowded with people, and I heard a good deal of hearty cheering; for a lime light, from Nicol's I think, was turned upon the procession as it wheeled into the Circle, and first Sir Bartle Frere was recognised and saluted, and then the Prince, seated at the right hand of H. E. the Governor of Bombay, was greeted with hurrahs that had a good English ring in them.

We found no difficulty in joining the procession after a few carriages had passed; and we were thus able to move along quickly, for the Prince drove at a rapid pace along the whole route. Parsee Bazaar Street with its lofty, narrow-fronted houses, crammed to suffocation apparently with the whole Parsee population of Bombay, was most interesting in its quaint picturesqueness. But even here, though the great height of the houses did something to soften the glare, the *butties* had been served out much too liberally. There were simply no designs to look at; the sole ambition of each resident seemed to have been to show a greater number of *butties* than his neighbours could show. We were glad, at the Bazaar Gate, to come out once more into the cool night air; and, turning aside, we drove down Hornby Row to the Fountain, and looked up Church Gate Street. I see you mention that Mr. Walton's original design for this street was abandoned; but I do not gather from your remarks that it was less faulty than the design, if you can call it a design, actually adopted. The lighting of this street, the main approach to the Elphinstone Circle, should of course have been subordinated to that of the Circle, especially as the street is a narrow one, with low and for the most part unsightly buildings, which will not stand much light. But, looking up it, we could hardly see the Town Hall for the horrible, unmitigated, glare of light in Church Gate Street. How anyone could enter such a narrow blazing pass and come out without being suffocated was a puzzle to me. A special Providence must have watched over you all, and enabled you to repeat the miracle of the unscathed passage of Shadrach, Meshech, and Abednego through the burning fiery furnace. It was a relief to turn our horse's head the other way, and to see the lovely outlines of the Public Works Secretariat and the Post Office delicately picked out with light; and the eye rested with pleasure, too, on the really fine triumphal arch which terminated the vista at the Back Bay end of Church Gate Street. If some of the *butties* wasted in Church Gate Street could have been spared to show the excellent proportions of the Telegraph Office, which Col. Fuller chose for some inscrutable reason to leave quite in the dark, the arrangement of this part of the illumination would have left nothing to be desired.

The Queen's Statue was very prettily lighted up, and the Esplanade main road, with its festoons of coloured lamps, looked very well. But the triumphal arches—well, tastes differ, but I confess I never in my life saw a series of such hideous structures except perhaps the arches of some of the railway viaducts near Clapham Junction. They were bad, utterly bad. If they had been even white-washed, they would have at least looked clean; but they were of a dirty yellow colour, daubed with great splotches of oil. The worst of them all, I think, was the one at the top of the Copper Bazaar. Then the inscriptions on the arches—could not some little variety have been shown in them, instead of the tame uniformity of "Welcome to Bombay" and "Welcome to India"? Why, one motto I saw over a shop in Sheik Memon Street, "Tell mama we are happy," had more originality in it than was displayed by the whole Reception Committee.

Proceeding up the Esplanade cross road from the Money School, I went down by the Jumma Musjid into Sheik Memon Street, a street remarkable for lamps, looking-glasses, and French pictures. This street is usually lighted up very tastefully for the Dewallee, and I was glad to notice that the supply of *butties* had not been overdone here. Up the Copper Bazaar and the Parell Road to the Jamsetjee Hospital, however, the glare, the heat, and the stench, were simply overpowering. There was no pretence at an artistic arrangement of lights; the prettiest devices along the route were the groups of painted paper lanterns hung from the Venetian masts, and in most of these the lights would persist in going out. I liked the decorations of the Railway buildings and station at Byculla, and the triumphal arches from the Railway Bridge onwards towards Parell were a great improvement on those I had previously seen. Sans Souci and the Victoria Gardens made together a charming picture. Mr. Walton has evidently very good taste indeed in laying out and illuminating gardens; and, to use a hackneyed phrase, the effect here was fairy-like. From this point we drove across to Mahaluxmee, and then along the Breach Candy road to see the illuminations at the Princes' bungalows. Some of these, especially at the houses in which the Nizam's deputation are living, were very good indeed.

I give you these impressions of my drive for what they are worth. I can write no more; for my eyes are still blinded with excess of light, and my head aches with the heat and the fatigue of three hours' endurance of that incessant glare. You say Bombay will never be illuminated again as it was last night. I fervently hope it never may.—I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

November 10. A CYNIC.

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LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE LORD MAYOR'S BANQUET.

LONDON, 9TH Nov.

At the Banquet given by the Lord Mayor last night Mr. Disraeli said that war with China, imminent a month ago, was now averted, and that England desired to strengthen the Chinese Government. He then eulogized the ability with which Mr. Wade had conducted affairs.

Speaking in reference to the Eastern Question, he said affairs in Turkey were less satisfactory, and the recent financial catastrophe in that country had revived the expiring struggle. Circumstances were critical, but he was convinced that a result would be attained consistent with peace and satisfactory to public opinion.

The interests of the Northern Powers were not more considerable than those of England. Government was deeply conscious of their magnitude, and was resolved to guard them. (Frantic cheering followed these remarks.)

He next alluded to the arrival of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales in India, saying that his setting his foot for the first time in the Empire he was destined to rule was inspired by no ordinary motives, and the visit was rife with consequences. News had been received that his reception was most enthusiastic, which coincides with the sympathy wherewith he left England.

EGYPT.

The Khedive has asked the British Government to recommend two gentlemen to organise the Egyptian Financial services upon the European system.

BRITISH EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

LONDON, 9TH Nov.

The British Exports for the month ending 31st October last amounted to £18,500,000, showing a decrease of £3,500,000 and the Imports for the same month amounted to £29,250,000.

THE PERAK OUTRAGE.

PENANG, 10TH Nov.

No further news has been received concerning the Perak outrage. Mr. Birch's body was found in the river and 1,500 troops are expected to arrive soon.

His Excellency the Governor has returned to Sangipore from Perak.

LONDON, 9TH Nov., AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed flat and prices drooping.

The London Cotton Market has been very dull.

Fair Dhollera 4½d.

In the Manchester Market there has been very little doing.

7 lbs. Shirtings .... 6s. 9d.
8½ lbs. do. .... 8s.
40s Mule Twist.................. 0s. 11¼d.
3 per cent. Consols for Account.... 94½
5 per cent. French Rentes for 1872. 103¾.
Bar Silver.......................56 15/16.

The sum of £60,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England, destination unknown.

THE Philomel has received orders from the Admiralty to start at once for Penang, in consequence of the critical state of affairs there since the murder of Mr. Birch, the British Resident at Perak. She leaves this morning at about 10 A.M.

H. E. LORD NAPIER, the Commander-in-Chief, will be at Allahabad on the 14th, at Saugor on the 16th, 17th, 18th, and 19th, and at Jubbulpore on the 21st inst.

THE *South of India Observer* learns that the dead body of Lieut. M. C. Spottiswoode, of the 43rd Light Infantry, was early this week discovered lying amongst the prickly pears at the foot of the Coonoor Ghaut.

A DIVORCE suit, in which the petitioner and co-respondent are sons of Mars, has been filed in the Chief Court of the Punjab, Lahore, and comes on for preliminary hearing before Mr. Justice Lindsay on the 20th instant.

HIS Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir is expected at Lahore on the 19th instant, and after a stay of two days will proceed to Calcutta, where he has been invited by His Excellency the Viceroy to attend the Chapter of the Star of India which is to be held by the Prince of Wales.

THE *Railway Service Gazette* reports that on the 1st instant the special train in which the Viceroy was travelling ran over a man about two miles on the Satna side of the Tichara station. Strange to say no marks were found on the man's body when picked up, except a slight bruise on the temple.

YESTERDAY, in referring to the difference in the cost of the present illuminations and the illuminations that took place during the Duke of Edinburgh's visit to Bombay, we were not quite correct in our facts. We are informed that the cost of the Duke of Edinburghs illuminations was about Rs. 60,000, and on that occasion the town lighted up a good many of the public buildings which have on this occasion been taken charge of by Government.

SOME of the Berlin newspapers report observations which are said to have been made by Prince Bismarck recently upon the change now supposed to be in progress in the French army giving increased prestige to the clergy. Such a change, said the Prince, can only benefit Germany in her capacity of a possible foe, as it must infallibly weaken France. A battalion, the Prince is reported to have said, in which the almoner is thought more of than the major is easy to be defeated, for in it there will be much hypocrisy and little sense of duty!

COUNT ARNIM'S final appeal was heard before the Supreme Court at Berlin on Wednesday (October 20.) The Count was not present, the proceedings attracted very little public attention, and it is stated that not more than some twenty-five persons were in court, and most of these were newspaper reporters. The sentence of the court below was confirmed, and Count Arnim was ordered to bear the costs of the appeal. It is stated that a petition for pardon will now be addressed by the Count's relatives to the Emperor, though he does not himself desire that course to be taken, and a confident expectation is entertained that the petition will be granted.

THE Lahore paper states that judgment was given on the 3rd instant by Colonel Mercer in the Bertola case, which has been decided against the plaintiff on every issue. In fact, the decree gives the Government a sum of Rs. 1,479, the balance shown due after both accounts were examined. The plaintiff has therefore got nothing, and the Government, instead of having to pay some two lakhs of rupees, have to be paid nearly Rs. 1,500. Mr. Bertola will also have to pay the costs of the suit, which will amount to about Rs. 1,000. The judgment-debtor in this case, however, is a bankrupt, so that there is very little chance of recovering as far as he is concerned.

SIR CHARLES WHEATSTONE, one of the inventors and foremost of the improvers of the electric telegraph, died in Paris on Wednesday (October 20.) He was seventy-three years of age, having been born at Gloucester in 1802. It was in 1837 that Sir Charles and Mr. Cooke took out their joint patent for the adaptation of electricity to a method of practical telegraphy. Sir Charles was knighted in 1868, and in the following year he was awarded the distinction of L. L. D. by the University of Edinburgh. His remains have been embalmed, and will be forwarded to England. The members of the Academy of Sciences, however, being desirous of paying the last honours to the deceased, a special funeral service was held over the body on Thursday afternoon in the chapel of the British Embassy.

WE regret to learn from the *Madras Times* that cholera is at present increasing, rather than diminishing, throughout some parts of Southern India. It is still very bad at Mysore, and there is a serious outbreak at Coimbatore, as well as in some parts of Tinnevelly. The town of Madras is unfortunately very far from being free of the pestilence, which is making its appearance among the native population in quarters that have hitherto been free from it, though it can hardly be said to be epidemic here. The form in which cholera has appeared in India this season makes it very difficult to deal with. Instead of taking a straight track, as it usually does, the disease this year broke out at widely separate points, and this has caused a severe strain upon the medical staff, and especially the subordinate medical staff. What is most earnestly to be desired is immediate and abundant rain.

NOT the least remarkable feature of the Prince's visit is the stimulus it has given to railway traffic. Natives in thousands have been pouring into the city from the surrounding districts, and the railroad has been used by many of them for the first time. The B. B. and C. I. Railway Company have been, and will do so till the 15th inst., running special trains between Ahmedabad and Bombay, and local trains between Bombay and less distant stations than the great Guzerat capital have been running nearly every hour. On the day of the illuminations extra trains from Bandora arrived in rapid succession, and continued to do so till past midnight. Yesterday special trains were run to accommodate the crowds of children who attended the school *fete*, and including the special trains between Bombay and Ahmedabad it may be said that between seventy and eighty trains arrived in Bombay by the Baroda line. The working of such a gigantic traffic reflects great credit upon the managers.

THE up mail from Howrah of the 2nd instant, the *Englishman* says, nearly met with an accident at Mankur on the Chord Line, on the morning of the 3rd instant. A driver of a down goods train, while shunting, overheard a conversation between his Babu guard and the native station master of Mankur, that there appeared to be something lying on the up rails beyond the station. As soon as the shunting was finished, the driver went to see what this was, but requested the station-master to stop the mail until he (the goods driver) saw that all was right. This precaution was not regarded by the station-master, who let the mail train proceed. The European goods driver, on arriving at the place of obstruction, found it to be a large piece of timber that had fallen from the train. Turning round, he found the up mail approaching, and promptly exhibiting a red light (danger signal), ran to meet the mail, shouting to the driver, who managed to stop some twenty-five yards from where this large timber was lying across the rails. The Babu guard was totally unconscious that the timber had fallen from some trucks in his train, or that the chains that secured this timber had worked slack. And had it not been for the promptitude of the European goods driver, some serious accident might have occurred.

THE *Pioneer* has taken the advice we offered him the other day and now sticks to millinery. In that paper, under the heading "Bombay Notes," we meet with the following paragraph:—"A correspondent writes to us that the arrival of the s. s. Pekin has once again brought sunshine into the recesses of many a domestic home at Bombay, darkened for weeks past by the shadow of a grave impending calamity. It is probable that the bitterness of the suspense under which the ladies of Bombay have been labouring while yet uncertain whether the boxes ordered from England for the Prince of Wales's visit would arrive in time for the gratification of the royal eye has only been gauged to its depths by long-suffering husbands and brothers. To the outside world all has been calm; and if the spectacle of a good man struggling with adversity be pleasing to the gods, what is to be said sufficiently laudatory of these modern heroines going about their daily cares with this anxiety gnawing at their hearts. However, "all's well that ends well." The crisis is over. No less than 350 boxes filled with costumes indicative of conquest arrived by the Pekin, and the Government, stirred by the nearness of the danger, have roused themselves to take action in this matter. The Custom House authorities promised, we understand, to pass all boxes with no more than a merely perfunctory examination, and the Sabbath moon was to rise on a contented, and happy female population, clothed, in their right minds, and hopeful and confident of the victories certain to be gained in the ensuing week.

A REMONSTRANCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—May I ask on what principle the lists of persons to be invited to Government House are made out, and why visitors to Bombay holding no important positions are asked to all the dinners, receptions, and other entertainments given in honour of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, while residents of Bombay, whose position has been acknowledged by giving them the right of private entrée at His Excellency's Levées, and other old residents, who in the days of Sir Bartle Frere and Sir Seymour Fitzgerald were invariably invited on important occasions to Government House, have been passed over and completely ignored?

Omissions of this kind may be of small consequence to gentlemen who, at all events, have an opportunity of seeing His Royal Highness at the Levée; but, unless he honours the Byculla Ball with his presence, many ladies will only see H. R. H. in the distance.

A LOYAL SUBJECT.

MORE GROWLING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—You are so extremely flattering for everybody and so delightfully contented with everything, that if some one does not growl and grumble a little the Bombay big-wigs, Governmental and Municipal, will never get down from the stilts on to which you have hoisted them.

Let me growl and grumble a little. Firstly, why was the Royal procession spoilt (in my opinion any how) by cutting off the mounted escorts of the native kings and suppressing the bands of military music, an indispensable feature for the success of such an entry? Next, why was the crowd allowed to break through the lines as it did, opposite the Agra Bank, and thus do away with all the dignity of the royal progress?

And where were the 20 picked men of the household troops who were to astonish the mild Hindoo—had not they recovered from sea sickness, or why were they only conspicuous by their absence? Your account of the illuminations is refreshing, but you must let me growl. Excepting the two buildings of the P. W. D. and the P. O. the whole, as far as design and taste are concerned, was, I think, a miserable failure—I mean of course from a European point of view—it was simply the Dewallee on a larger scale. Lights, lustres, lanterns, oil *butties*, kerosine lamps, chandeliers, all higgledy-piggledy, without the least trace of harmony or taste. We might have expected this among the natives, but from our Municipal authorities, I confess, I did expect something more striking and original than the miserable arches, circles, triangles and barber's poles, miscalled Venetian masts, with which they have disfigured our picturesque streets and handsome roads. God bless me, Sir, why was not the whole thing given to Messrs. Terry, Kipling and Griffiths, three true artists, and we should have had something that would have made the Prince's visit a thing of joy and beauty for ever.

Why were the principal Government buildings left out of the plan—the Secretariat, the University gems, the Telegraph Office, the High Court, the Currency Office? A little energy, and a comparatively small expense, would have included these buildings in the illuminations; but the real fact is, one man wanted to do everything *per se* and found he could not, and so the result is that, if some are pleased I am not, and I make bold to say that there are many like me.

This is only growl the first. I have got a lot more to grumble about before I have done.

DIOGENES.

THE VISIT OF THE PRINCE TO THE ADMIRALS.

THERE was an omission of the name of Rear-Admiral Macdonald in our report yesterday of the visit of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales to the Admirals. The Prince first visited the Undaunted, the flagship of Rear-Admiral Macdonald, Naval Commander-in-Chief, and afterwards went on board Admiral Lambert's vessel the Narcoissus. Our error was in connecting Rear Admiral Lambert's name with the Undaunted, which is Admiral Macdonald's ship.

Not being in the programme, the visit of His Royal Highness was a great compliment H. R. H. expressing a wish to visit the Naval Commander-in Chief and Rear-Admiral Lambert. The Prince was on board the Undaunted about ¾ of an hour. After the Captain had been introduced, the Prince retired to the Admiral's State cabin. The Captain's men then shortly afterwards asked down to partake of the Admiral's hospitality, with H. R. H., who expressed himself much pleased.

DEPARTURE OF H. E. THE VICEROY.

H. E. THE VICEROY left Bombay yesterday by a special train, accompanied by Miss Baring, and H. E.'s suite. The train left the Byculla station shortly after 3 P.M., Miss Baring and H. E.'s suite proceeding in it to the Parell station, where they were joined by Lord Northbrook on his return from Government House, Parell, where he paid a parting visit to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales. The special train left the Parell station at half-past 3 P.M., Bombay time.

The departure was a strictly private one, no one being permitted to remain in the station.

THE PRINCE'S LEVEE AT THE SECRETARIAT.

YESTERDAY afternoon, His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales held a Levée at the Secretariat. Upwards of a thousand gentlemen were invited to be present, and during the whole afternoon carriages were employed in setting down their occupants at the door. The arrangements were better than those of the ordinary Government Levées, and for once in a way the work of the officials was performed satisfactorily. Everything was arranged under the superintendence of Captain Jervoise, H. E. the Governor's Military Secretary. The gentlemen to be presented first entered one of the library rooms, and here there was a good deal of crushing; but they were told off, as it were, in batches of ten or a dozen at a time to enter the next room, which formed a kind of anteroom to the Audience Chamber. This room again was divided by barriers, which could be opened and closed at the pleasure of the gentlemen in charge, so that there was no confusion, but gentlemen were able to quietly find their proper places, and get themselves cool before entering the presence of the Prince. His Royal Highness stood on a raised dais, with H. E. the Governor of Bombay (Sir Philip Wodehouse), on his right, and the Duke of Sutherland, Sir Bartle Frere, and other gentlemen of his suite on his left, and with the military and naval Commanders-in Chief, the members of Council, and other personages high in office standing behind. The gentlemen to be presented advanced in single file as each name was audibly pronounced by the Aide-de-Camp in waiting. His Royal Highness bowed courteously to every one, and shook hands with some of those with whom he had previously become acquainted. There was no undue haste or bustle in the ceremony, but everything was done in a quiet, dignified manner; and every one who attended the Levée had the satisfaction of being duly presented, and of having his homage personally and graciously acknowledged by the Prince.

The following is as nearly accurate a list as we could obtain of the names of those who attended and were presented:—

EUROPEAN.

Abercrombie Alexander
Adams, Frederic, 2nd Queen's.
Adamson, James.
Aitchison, Brig-Genl C T
Alston, Capt Sydney V
Anderson, Dr, 3rd Hussars
Anderson, Surgeon T H
Anderson, Lieut. J W
Anderson, Major C J
Anderson, K L S, Hon Surg J
Anderson, Hon Col, W C
Antridge, W B
Arbuthnot, F F
Arnott, MD, Surgeon James
Arthur, J R, CS
Ashburner, L
Bacon, Colonel
Baker, R H
Baker, Lieut W A
Baker, Lieut-Colonel W A
Balfour Mackintosh
Bannerman, Lt-Colonel W
Barker, Captain
Barlow, Lieut C J
Barnett, G A
Barras, Major Julius
Barrow, H W
Barton, Lieut-Colonel
Bayley, Hon'ble Justice
Bayly, Sub-Lieut C H
Beauclerk, Lieut F
Becher, Colonel A
Bell, Captain
Bellew, Surgeon-Major
Bene, C E
Bethell, the Hon'ble A E
Beyts, J N C
Bickerdike, R E
Biddle, Chief Engineer R
Birch, Lewis Henry
Bishop, Edward
Blackburn, W S D
Blair, V C, Colonel James
Blanchard, Sidney
Blaxland Lieut J E
Bodker, John
Bond, Colonel F W
Bosanquet, Commander D H
Boustead, Surgeon-Maj R
Boyd, Rev D C
Boyd, E A
Braine, Captain D W
Branson, R
Brebner, Lieut J Menteith
Brett, A W
Brine, Captain L
Broke, W R
Browning, W E
Bryce, John Annan
Buchanan, Andrew
Budd, Major
Bulkley, Captain H T
Bullen, R H
Buller, R W
Burgess, J
Burnett, C J
Burr, Dr
Busbby, William Henry
Byam, Lieut T K
Candy, Capt G H
Cameron, H L
Cameron, L
Campbell, Major A H E
Campbell, Robert S
Carnegy, Colonel A
Carss, Rev T
Carter, M D, Surg-Maj H V
Cassels, J A
Chalmers, A B
Chalmers, James
Chambers C, F R S
Chitty, Lieut-Colonel W T,
Christian, Capt C
Clarke, Lieutenant E H,
Codrington, Surg-Major O
Coghlan, R N
Cole, Colonel G W
Coles, Lieut-Colonel
Cook, M D, Surg-Major H
Cooper, C P
Crawley-Boevey, A V
Crawley-Boevey, J H
Cross, C H
Cruckshank, Surg-Major
Cumming, Sub-Lieut R S D
Cunard, Sub-Lieut E,
Currey, C
Curtis, Lieut H
D'Alviella, Count Goblet,
DaCunha, Dr J Gerson
DaGama, L M, J Accacio,
Dane, MB, Surg A H C,
Daunt, G D
Davey, Surg-Major W
Day, Captain J
DeCarvalho, S A
DeCariero, LeComte
DeSaone, Ad. Prier
DeTatham, Surgeon H
Diago, Rev J
Dickson, Colonel W D
Disbrowe, Lt Colonel H
Doolittle, BA, MD, Dr F W
DeRozario, LM, L P
Douglas, Capt R G
Dudgeon, Sub-Lieut P C
Duxbury, J R
Dymock, Surg-Major M
Eastwick, CB, Edward B
Eckford, Peter
Eden, Lieut CD
Edginton, Alfred
Ensor, E H
Ezra, E D
Fachiri, John
Fagan, Captain
Farnham, Consul B F
Festing, Lieut E G
Feno, Baron L Fisza de Boroe
Field, Lieut. J G M
Fife, Colonel J G
Finlayson, David
Fischer, Sub-Lieut W B
Fletcher, W M
Flynn, J
Foley, Lieut C S
Foot, Commander C E
Forbes, Archibald
Forrest, L R
Forteath, Major F
Franklin, Surgeon B
Freeborn, E R
Freemantle, Captain the Hon. E R
Fuller, Colonel J A
Gamble, H
Gay, J Drew
Geary, Grattan
Gell, Brigadier-General J S
Gell, Herbert G
Gilbert, W
Gilder, Rev C
Giles, Lieut J
Glover, T C
Going, Philip
Gomes, Rev P S
Goodfellow, Major G R
Gordon, A R
Gordon, W
Gordon, W E
Gordon, Mb, Surg W R
Gostling, D E
Gostling, Surg H
Graham, Hon'ble Donald
Graham, Surg-Major H W
Gray, Lieut G P C
Gray, J T
Gray, Sub-Lieut S S
Green, Hon'ble Justice
Greig, Capt
Gubbay, A M
Gubbay, E S
Gumpert, A C
Haggard, Colonel
Haig, Major C T
Hall, Major T E
Hall, W G
Hammet, Lieut James L
Hanbury, Surg M
Hancock, Lieut-Col H F
Harris, Lieut-Col, R A
Harrison, S J
Hart, B A, W E
Hatch, Colonel W S
Hathornthwaite, M A, J T
Hay Lieut H
Hay, Lieut J B
Haynes, Lieut H S F
Hayward, Paymaster J J
Hearn, Risley V
Henry, G F
Hercy, Major
Henty, G A
Hewett, Lieutenant G B
Hewlett, T G
Hayland, Captain A R
Hill, Lieut G W
Hill, Lieut H W
Hill, Paymaster C S
Hills, Major J
Hinkson, B A, Rev C J
Hogg, Major
Hogg, Captain G C
Hoile, Surgeon Major
Holmes, Captain P R
Home, Lieut J A
Hore, Fraser S
Hore, Captain W S
Horn, Lieut W
Hornby, Sub-Lieut G P
Hughes, M D, Surgeon A H
Hughes, W
Hume Andrew
Hume, Captain F A
Hunter, Surg-Major G Yeates
Hutchinson, Captain H S
Hynes, L G
Ingle, George
Ingles, Surgeon John C
Ingles, Dr J C
Innes, Lieut G S
Jackson, Captain John
Jackson, Sub-Lieut F S
Jackson Commander T S
Jacob, H P
Jacomb, H E
James, H E M
James, Lieut P V
Jardine, James
Jefferson, F L
Johns, George H
Johnson, Herbert
Johnson, Senior Lieut S A
Johnson, Rev C F H
Johnstone, Mr
Johnstone, Alexander
Jones, Captain H S
Josephs S J
Joynt, Surg Major F G
Kay, Captain H M
Keays, Captain W
Kelly, E W
Kelly, W
Kemball, the Hon'ble Justice
Kemp, D S
Kenah, B A, Rev S
Kennedy, the Hon Major Gen
Kettlewell, Major T
King, R G
Kirkham, T B
Kirkness J L
Kirkpatrick, H C
Lamb, Surgeon-Major H
Lambert, Rear Admiral Rowley
Lambert, Lieut Walter
Lambton, the Hon. Hedworth
Lang, J
Langley, C A
Langley, Surgn-MajorE H
Larcom, G
Larpent, De H
Latimer, James H
La Touche, C D
LeBreton, W J
Lechmere, C S, Captain
LeFevre, the Rev P H
LeGeyt P H
LeGeyt W
Leigh-Lye, the Ven Archdeacon C H
LeMesurier, H P
Lee-Warner, Edward
Lee-Warner, W
Lester, Colonel J W
Lewes, Major Fred E
Littledale, Lieut H W A
Loch, Lieut
Login, E W S
Lorsine, Captain
Loudon, W
Lucas, Captain A W
Lucas, Lieut Colonel C
Lushington, J L
Lynch, George Sanderson
Lyons, Lt-Colonel E W
Lyons, Major G M
MacBean, J
Macaulay, W M
Macdonald, Col J
Mactadyen, D
Macfarlane, J
Mackie, Capt W
Mackinnon, M C
Maclean, J M
Maconachie, MD, Surg G A
Macpherson, Rev D
Madden, J L
Madelay, Surg G H
Mann, Lieut W F S
Malleson, Col, CSI
Manuel, M B
Marryat, Capt
Marshall, John
Marshall, Capt W
Martins, Rev Canon R
Mason, MD, G
Mathew, Francis
Maule, Revd W
Maxwell, H
May, Lieut H J
Mayhew, C J
Mayne, Capt R G
McAlister, Surgeon J
McConaghy, Surgeon W
McNair, Capt A L
Meade, Col Sir Richard
Meiklejohn, MD, H M
Melliss, Lieut-Colonel G J
Melvill, Philip S
Melvill, J
Mercer, Lieut J W S
Merewether, G Major
Mereweather, KCSI, Col Sir William
Miles, Lieut-Colonel, J
Moffat, Lieut-Colonel
Molecey, G T
Montgomerie, R A J
Moore, Lieut G K
Moore, John George
Morrison A
Murphy, MD, Surgeon
Murray Capt P
Naylor, J R
Nichols, Rev A
Noble, G E
Norman, G
Nutt, H L, Capt
O'Leary, J
Oliver, A K
Ormiston, G E
Ormiston, T
Orr, J W
Osburne, Lieut J W
Owen, Captain C A
Palmer, Lieut F J
Parr, Colonel W C
Payne, Captain C
Pedder W G
Peile J B
Pendlebury, William
Peres, B L Soares
Peterson, P
Phayre, Brigadier-General R
Philipps, Capt
Philippotts, A
Pinkerton, Surgeon-Major J
Pitman, C E
Pos, Lieut George L
Polehamton, Rev A
Pollock, C M J
Potter, M D, Surgeon R
Pottinger, T C
Powell Acting Lieut W J
Pratt, W Rogers
Pringle, Lieut A
Pritchard C
Probyn, Major Oliver
Purchas, M D, Dr T B
Purnell, B A, E K
Quill, Lieut J I
Ravenscroft, Hon'ble E W
Raynsford, Major
Reid, Lestock
Reid, R Valentine
Reilly, Lieut B L P
Reynell, Rev G G
Rivett Carnac Mr
Revington, Rev L
Roberson, Lieut S
Robertson, Rev J S S
Robinson, Commander G T
Robinson W C
Rogers, M B, Surgeon T G
Rogers, T R B
Rose, Colonel
Rowlandson, Captain J A
Ramsey, Lieut R M
Salmon, Capt W A
Sargent, T The Hon Sir
Sartorius, Capt C G
Sanders, Capt W
Saunders A D
Sassoon, E A
Sasson, E D
Savage, Nav Lieut W M
Schneider, Colonel F
Scoble, the Hon A
Searle, W H W
Searle, Captain W L
Selby, Commander W H C
Sellon, Colnel R S
Seaton, Major J M
Sharpin, Rev F L
Shaw, Lieut Colonel
Shewel, Major A M
Simson, Major G B Cassan
Simpson, Lieut R S
Skipsey B A B
Sleater, J M
Smith, Capt A W
Smith, Major E
Smith, F Y
Smith, M D, Dr Sidney
Smith-Dorrien, Lieut H T
Spencer, Captain A G
Stainforth, H W
Stevens, T W
Stevenson, Major R G T
Stiffe, Lieut A W
St-John, Sub-Lieut T St Andrew
Stringer, Nav Lieut T
Swanson R
Swinhoe, Major C
Syome, Pay-master J Tetley
Taylor, George
Terry, George Wilkins
Thacker, Colonel John
Thackwell, Lieut E L R
Thom, W
Thomas, Lieut A B
Thomson, Lieut-Colonel D
Thomson, H I P
Thomson, Surg-Major W A
Thompson, Bt, Sir Thomas
Thornhill, Surgeon H
Thornton, M
Thrupp, Captain A T
Tryon, Captain George
Turner, A
Turner, F
Turner, H J C
Turner, Surgeon Robert
Tweedie, Major W
Vander, Byl P G
Waddington, Lieut-Col T
Walcot, Lieut J C
Walker, Edward
Walker, Capt Campbell
Walker, C P
Waller, Capt W F
Walton, Rienzi
Wapshaw, Lieut
Walsh, L P
Walsh, Major P
Warburton Paymaster W
Warden, Col T
Warren, Surgeon T R
Watling, Surg-Major C W
Westhorhead, L L B, Rev T K
Weedon, Pryce
Wells, W.
Wells, W. T.
West, Hon'ble Justice.
Westall, J
Wheeler George
White, Surg
White CS, J G
White, Lieut-Col J H
Weir, Surg T S
Wilson, Commander A K
Wilson, Major A K
Wilson, Capt W H
Wilkinson, Col J
Wilkinson, M H
Wingate, A
Winter, R E
Wise, Capt T J
Wood, P W
Wood, W Martin
Worgan, Col
Wyer, M R
Wyndowe, MD, Surg-Major
Younge, Lieut B T
Young, Lieut
Young Maj D B

NATIVES.

Abbas S Tyabjee
Abdul Ghani Hakim, L M
Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy
Ameeroodeen Tyabjee
Anundrao Narayan Vasudew
Anandrao Bhaskerjee
Ardasheer B Kapadia
Ardeshir Cursetjee Bandupwala
Ardaseer Cursetjee Furdoonjee
Ardaseer Framjee Moos
Ardaseer Hormusjee Wadia
Ardaseer Merwanjee Sett
Atmaram Balcrustnajee
Atmaram Pandurang, G G M C
Baboo Hurrukh Chund
Babajee Cassinathjee
Bal Mangesh Wagle
Balajee Pandurang
Becherdas Ambaidass, Hon.
Bhaskarao Balcrushnajee
Bholanath Sorabhai
Bhugwandass Purshotumdass
Bomanjee Cursetjee Bhandoopwalla
Bomonjee Muncherjee Punthakey
Bomonjee Phirozsha, M A, L L M
Bomonjee Sorabjee Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy
Budroodeen Tyabjee
B R Mody
Byramjee Dadabhoy
Bymonjee Jamasjee, Dustoor
Byramjee Jeejeebhoy
Byramjee Pudumjee
Choonilal Maneklal
Chubildas Lulloobhoy
Cowasjee Dinshawjee Sett
Cowasjee Cursetjee Cowasjee Bandoopwala
Cowasjee Cursetjee Jamsetjee
Cowasjee Dady Limjee
Cursetjee Furdoonjee
Cowasjee Hormusjee, G G M C
Cursetjee Nowrojee Davar
Cumulsey Premjee
Dadabhoy Bomanjee Jeejeebhoy
D D Cama
Dady Maneckjee Limji
Dodabhoy Naorojee
Dady Nusserwanjee Dady
Dadoba Pandurung, Rao Bahadoor
Dadabhoy Rustomjee Banajee
Damothurrao Balcrustnajee
Damodhardass Tapidass
Devidat Bakeedass
Dhirajlall Mathuradas
Dhunjeebhoy Framjee
Dinshaw Manockjee Petit
Dinanath Raghoonath Khote
Dinshaw Pestonjee Kanga
Dorabjee Hormusjee Bhandoopwalla
Dosabhoy Framjee
Dosabhoy Nusserwanjee Wadia, M A
Dwarkadass Vussonjee
Fazulbhoy Cassumbhoy Gangjee
Framjee Nusserwanjee
Framjee Shapoorjee Dhunjeebhoy
Fudonjee B Seervai, G G M C
Ghandhibhoy Jehangir Mody
Govind Balcrustna
Godrezjee Dorabjee Pudumjee
Gunputrow Bhasker
Hajee Kamal Hajee Habib
Hanmuntram Pithi
Hassumbhoy Visram
Herjee Ardaseer Dady
Homejee Cursetjee Dady
Heerjebhoy Cursetjee C Bandoopwalla
Heerjeebhoy Hormusjee Shroff
Heerjeebhoy Merwanjee Wadia
Hormusjee Ardaseer Suntook
H A H Wadia
Dustoor Hoshang Jamasp
Hurkisondas Nurotumdass Madowdass
Harrychund Sadasewjee
Hussein Effendi
Jamsetjee Cursetjee Jamsetjee
Jamsetjee Dhunjeebhoy Framjee
Jamasjee Dustoor Minocheijee
Janardhen Gopall
Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Baronet
Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Dady
Jamsetjee Dhunjeebhoy Wadia
Javerilal Umiashunkar Yajnik
Jayasatya Bodhrao Tirmalrao
Jeevunjee Shapoorjee Dhunjeebhoy
Jehangir Hormusjee Punthakee
Jhangeer Jeevanjee Heerjee Readymoney
Jhangeer Manockjee Cursetjee
Jumnadas Savucklal
Janardhun Wassoodew
Kaekhoshro N Kabrajee
Kamaria Katibhoy Pudumsey
Kashinath Trimbuck Telang, M A, L L B
Kessowjee Naik
Khanderao Rastay
Khimjee Jairam Sewji
Khunderao C Bedurkur
Khunderao Morojee
Khurshedjee Rustomjee Cama
Khutsao Muckonjee
Lakhmidas Khimji
Limjee Manockjee
Machowrao Bhaskerjee
Madhorao Nilkunt alias Tatia Saheb Purandhare
Mahadeva V. Kane
Mahomed Ali Rogay, Hon.
Manockjee Cursetjee
Maneckjee Cursetjee Jamsetjee
Manibhai Jasbhai, Rao Bahadoor
Mancherjee Merwanjee Bhownaggree
Mansukharam Surjaram
Meer Hoossein Ally
Mirza Foroze Hossein
Mirza Fuzzul Allah Khan
Moonshee Newal Kishore
Morarjee Goculdass
Morarbhai Vybhoocandas
Muckoond Ramchundrajee, Rao Sahib
Muljee Bhowadidas Barboya
Muncherjee Cowasjee Murzban
Munsuklal Mugutlal Monshi B.A., L.L.B.
Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee
Sir Mungoldas Nathoobhoy, C S.I
Muncherjee Pestonjee Wadia
Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy
Nanabhai Haridas, Hon.
Nana Moroba, Rao
Nanabhoy Rustomjee Ranina
Khan Bahadoor Dustoor Nasherwanjee Jamaspji
Nilkunt Bhugwunt Moolay
Nowrojee Byramjee Suntook
Nowrojee Furdonjee
Nowrojee Nanabhoy Framjee
Nowrojee Pudumjee
Nurotumdass Harrybhoy
Nursee Kessowjee
Nurrotamdas Madowdas
Nusserwanjee Chandabhoy
Nusserwanjee Jehangeer, L M
Dustoor Peshotunjee Behramjee Sunjana
Pherozshah M Metta
Pranjeevundass Hurjeevundass
Premabhoy Hemabhoy
The Hon'ble Khan Bahadoor Puddumjee Pestonjee
Purshotumdass Mungaldass
Ramkrishna Gopal Bhandarkar
Rustomjee Cursetjee Bandupwalla
Raghonath Narayen Khote
Rustomjee Cowasjee Bhadurjee
Sakharam Arjun, L M
Savucklal Vizlal
Selim s Solomon
Khan Bhadoor Shaik Abdul Kadur
Shamrao Pandurang
Shantaram Wittul, L. M
Shapoorjee Hormusjee Patuck, M A, L L B
Shreecrishna Pandoorungjee
Shujaodeen Tyabjee
Shumboo Pursad Lumilal, Rao Bahadoor
Shunker Pandurang Pundit, M A
Soomabhoy Lailjee
Sorabjee Dhunjibhoy Wadia
Sorabjee Framjee Patel
Sorabhoy Mugoonbhoy
Sorabjee Nowrojee Cooper
Sorabjee Pestonjee Framjee
Sorabjee Pudumjee
Dustoor Sorabjee Rustomjee Mulla Feroze
Sundarrow Rughnnath
Thackersee Mooljee
Thakerdas A Mehta, B A, L L B
Toolseedass Vurjdass
Tribhowandass Munguldass
Tribhovundass Nuthoobhoy
Tribhovandas Vurjivandas Madowdas
Trimal Row, Venkatesh, Rao Bhadoor
Veerchund Deepchund
Venayek Ramchunder Luximonjee
Venayek Wassoodew
Venkut Row Rulkmangad, B A
Vittul Bhaw Dajee
Vizboocundass Atmaram
Vundravun Purshotumdass
Varjeevandass Madowdass
Vattalrao Narayen Nathoo.
Wamonrao Damotherao Pitalay
Wassodew Bapoojee
Wassoodew Pandurung

THE PRINCE'S VISIT TO POONA.

HIS HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES will leave Parell on the morning of Saturday, the 13th November, and will pay a short visit to Poona, travelling by special train.

2. His Royal Highness will reach Poona about 5 P.M. on Saturday, and will be received by all the Civil and Military authorities present in Poona. All due military honors will be paid to His Royal Highness under instructions to be issued by the Military Department, and all due precautions will be taken by the Police Commissioner of Bombay, the Police authorities of Tanna, Poona, and the Superintendent of the Railway Police.

3. The Collector of Poona will issue cards for admission to the station of ladies and non-officials, as far as the accommodation will permit. The Railway Department will make the necessary arrangements at the railway station.

4. On leaving the railway station a procession will be formed which will proceed by the road at the back of the Sassoon Hospital, which leads direct to the City. Opposite the Sassoon Hospital a platform will be erected, in front of which His Royal Highness' carriage will draw up, and an address will be presented by the representatives of Poona. The procession will then proceed by way of the Sangam Bridge to Gunnesh Khind.

5. On Monday, November 15th, His Royal Highness will leave Gunnesh Khind at 4 P.M. to be present at a review which will take place on the General Parade Ground. The procession will proceed by way of the "Lakree Pool" through the City to the Sassoon Hospital, and then pass Saint Paul's Church and along Lothian Road. It will proceed down Main Street to the Grand Stand on the Race Course, where it will arrive at 5 P.M.

6. After the review His Royal Highness will proceed direct to the Bund where there will be illuminations and fireworks, and will return by way of the Bund Road to Gunnesh Khind.

ILLUMINATIONS LAST NIGHT IN HONOUR OF THE PRINCE OF WALES.

IT having been announced that the Prince of Wales would attend the Ball given last night at the Byculla Club in honour of His Royal Highness' arrival, the owners or occupants of most of the houses situated in the line of the Prince's route from Government House, Parell, to the Byculla Club, illuminated their premises of their own free will. Many of them were but a second edition of the illumination of Tuesday night, the 9th inst., but they were none the less creditable to those concerned on that account. Leaving the decorations and illuminations in the Parell road, which have been already described, the first bungalow at Byculla that claimed attention was that of the Nawab of Radhunpore which, though not extensively, was yet tastefully decorated and illuminated with an arch of tumbler lights over the gateway and bamboo arches, fitted with *butties* which formed an unbroken circular line in the large front compound of the bungalow. Passing over the Byculla bridge, the Station gateways were seen surmounted with arches, the gas jets of which picked out the Prince's crown with the ostrich plumes, his motto, the coat of arms, &c. To the right hand of the bridge, the Fitzgerald Hotel had its gateway illuminated with oil tumblers. The palm of glory, however, came to be awarded to old Pallonjee of the Adelphi Hotel, which bore a magnificent arch displaying in gas jets the motto "God Bless You," having below it the word "Welcome," similarly illuminated, with two big stars on either side. The gateway of the Education Society's Press was effectively illuminated with an arch with gas jets. Turning from the Clare road by the side of the Byculla Hotel, the bungalow of Mr. J. T. T. Brown, undertaker, next attracted notice. The gateway was prettily decorated with a large transparency with the motto "Welcome to our future Emperor," every line of which was picked out with tumbler lights. On the road to the club-house, several houses were more or less effectively illuminated, among which may be mentioned those of Mr. Ali Abdoolah, Mr. Ardasir Sookhia, Mr. Rustomjee Dossabhoy Setna, the Byculla Hotel, Mr. Rowland, Ludha Ibrahim's furniture shop, and Messrs. Bolton and Co.'s branch establishment.

JUST TO HAND, a fresh Consignment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Kid Gloves, in all the New tints, also Black and White. WATSON & COMPANY, Church Gate Street and Rampart Row, Bombay.

THE CHILDREN'S FETE ON THE ESPLANADE.

"IT is one of the prettiest sights I have ever seen," said H. R. H. the Prince of Wales yesterday as he gazed on the crowd of children of all castes, natives and Christians, who were clustered at his feet. And certainly no one who saw the *fête* could deny that Bombay has seldom been charmed with a more lovely and animated spectacle. The event has been on the tongue of every schoolboy and schoolgirl in the island since it was first talked about, and yesterday, when upwards of eleven thousand children were let loose upon the sward known as Rotten Row, they enjoyed themselves to the top of their bent. It would have been enough for them to enjoy a holiday among a host of comrades; but when to this was added the expectation of seeing the Prince of Wales, none of your native Rajahs but the real live future King of England and the Indian Empire, their cup of delight was filled to overflowing,

Oh! the joy
Of young ideas painted on the mind,
In the warm glowing colours fancy spreads
On objects not yet known, when all his new
And all is lovely!

The vast concourse of children ran hither and thither, danced, shouted, sang, played tricks, and behaved generally as if the supremest moment of their earthly happiness had arrived. The Prince, the Prince! was all they could talk about when they had breath. Thousands of young hearts must have been stamped indelibly with monarchical ideas. It is one of the blessings of youthfulness that no boy or girl can be anything but a rank Royalist in the presence of a Prince who is generally beloved. It takes many years of worldly vexations to demolish the impressions that young fancies paint on young hearts, and the probability is that out of the eleven thousand boys and girls who saw the Prince of Wales at their *fête* yesterday exactly ten thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine will grow up and die stanch patriots and supporters of the British Raj.

The place chosen for the *fête* is the most beautiful in Bombay. In front, rises the noble pile of buildings known as the Telegraph Office, the High Court, the University Buildings, and the Secretariat; behind, stretches the deep blue waters of Back Bay, studded here and there with the broad white sail of some native fishing boat. Malabar Hill, with its groves of trees and picturesque groups of red-tiled bungalows, stretches out to the sea far away on the right. Beyond the pretty little white Bandstand, on the left, the thin line of Colaba divides the harbour from Back Bay, and over its low-lying surface glimpses of the Flying Squadron with their big balloon-looking sails can now and again be obtained. Marine Lines, guarded and shaded by large banyan trees, the Queen's Statue, the active life of the Fort as represented by the tramways, the public buggies, the private carriages that rattle along Rampart Row; the pretty little Swiss-looking station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway—can all be seen from the Oval meadow whereon the *fête* took place. The beauty of the oval was somewhat spoiled by the large temporary shed which has been erected upon it for the accommodation to-day of the sailors and soldiers who are to be dined by the Reception Committee, but this hindrance to its complete gay appearance was to some extent compensated for by the profusion of flagstaffs with standards fluttering in the faint breeze which studded the ground in every direction. Down a lane guarded by scarlet ropes in the centre of the oval a handsome carpet was laid, and a small reserved space for the Prince and his retinue was prepared at a place nearly opposite the Convocation Hall. In this carpeted square a number of blackwood couches, covered with crimson damask, were placed; and outside of it as well as along the double line of ropes there were hundreds of chairs.

The *fête* was not to take place till nearly five o'clock, but long before that hour special trains from Bandora and the stations on the western side of the island had discharged their cargoes of children near the Oval. Troops of children marched through the Fort, headed by brass bands in which Anglo-Indian lads blew trumpets and beat drums as if they intended to do eternal honour to the Prince or perish by apoplexy in the gallant attempt; the tramway cars carried crowds of boys and girls to the scene of action; and carriages of various descriptions brought crowds of Parsee, Mussulman, Hindoo, and Christian children to the same distinguished place at brief intervals. By half past four the Oval was peopled by boys and girls of all denominations Schools of Mahratta girls, with their jet black hair tied tightly behind and surmounted by a large gold ornament, and wearing tight silk bodices of various rich colours, shared attraction with groups of Parsee girls enrobed in bright canary, pink, or blue satin robes, and their shining jet hair confined within the white head-band characteristic of Parsee females. Here might be seen Portuguese Christian girls from the Roman Catholic schools which are scattered among the palm-groves of Bandora robed in pure white dresses over which floated long white gossamer veils, which set off to advantage their olive skins and dark eyes. Here might be seen girls from the Scottish Orphanage School at Bandora with their neat white dresses adorned by tartan scarfs. Here again might be observed groups of interesting-looking girls from the Byculla Schools, neatly and plainly dressed. The Mussulman girls were not so numerous as their sisters of other castes, but wherever they were there were gracefulness and prettiness; and it was not the least characteristic feature of the great gathering that among the groups of children roving fancy free about the ample grounds a Mussulman girl would now and again be met with coyly shading her little face with a corner of her robe as some stranger passed, thus unconsciously imitating the habits which Mahomedan mothers cultivate in their seclusion. As for the boys, they were of all creeds; here stood the little Hindoo oppressed with his scarlet turban; here a Parsee boy, dressed in white and laden with the speckled hat of his forefathers, jostled the Christian lad dressed in the ordinary fashion and variety of European children. Some of the boys were the proud possessors of banners bearing mottoes of welcome or congratulation to the Prince: others rushed hither and thither among the chairs and forms to the danger of their necks and limbs as each successive rumour reached their ears that the Prince was approaching; some pensive lads gazed in astonishment at the brilliant scene and leaned quietly on the backs of chairs; but these were but few, as the pensive individuals were decidedly at a discount among the lively crowd of school boys. The display of banners was very great, and some of them showed excellent taste and ingenuity. The banners borne by the children who accompanied Father Cooke on to the ground were conspicuous in these respects; so were several of those which the Indo-British Institution and Byculla Schools children reared aloft; but where there were so many lovely blue, white, red, green, and yellow banners glistening with their golden mottoes in the bright sunlight, it would be difficult to specify particularly excellent specimens of this peculiar branch of art. Let it be sufficient to say that when all the school children with their varied and beautiful costumes and radiant banners were assembled on the meadow, the sight was one of rare beauty, and it may be a century before Bombay will witness the like again. The number of school children invited amounted altogether to 10,250, distributed as follows among the different castes:—

Girls	Christians	800	
	Parsees	1,500	
	Mahomedans	100	
	Hindoos............	650	
			3,050
Boys	Christians	1,700	
	Parsees	1 500	
	Mahomedans........	1,000	
	Hindoos............	3,000	
			7,200
	Total number		10,250

There were fully more children than this upon the ground, and so far as we could learn, there were nearer 12,000 than 11,000. At about four o'clock, the children were treated to refreshments—the European boys and girls to buns and such like specimens of the baker's art; the Hindoos, to native sweetmeats; and the Parsees to cakes and ice-creams—all which were enjoyed in the way which youthful appetites alone can achieve.

THE ARRIVAL OF THE PRINCE AT THE FETE.

Shortly after concluding his arduous duties at the Levee, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales alighted at the southern entrance of the Oval, where he was received by a deputation of the Reception Committee consisting of Colonel Hancock, Mr. Hamilton Maxwell, Dr. Blaney, the Hon. Vishwanath Narayen Mandlik, the Hon. Mahomed Ali Rogay, Mr. Rughoonath Narayen Khote, and Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee. A small procession was formed and the Prince, preceded by Mr. Souter and Mr. Edginton and accompanied by Sir Philip Wodehouse, Governor of Bombay, Sir Michael Westropp, Chief Justice of Bombay, Sir Bartle Frere, the Prince's "guide, philosopher, and friend," the Duke of Sutherland, the Hon. Mr. Gibbs, and a brilliant staff, marched slowly up the carpeted lane which had been prepared for him. The boys and girls crowded towards the barriers to see him, and many a shrill treble cheer was raised from a thousand juvenile throats as he passed along. So eager were the children to see him that more than once a quantity of them threatened to tumble down like a pack of cards and fall at his feet. H. R. Highness appeared to be greatly pleased with the enthusiasm of the motley crowd of children, and saluted them repeatedly. At one point of the road, a brass band attempted to strike up the National Anthem, but the small trumpeters and drummers were plainly too agitated to perform their work satisfactorily. At another a number of European children, led by an erratic bugler, tried to sing "God bless the Prince of Wales," but the attempt said much more for their emotions than anything else. Turning into the reserved space, H. R. H. mounted a small platform, whence he could survey the interesting scene. On the right were a crowd of Parsee ladies beautifully dressed in silks and satins of all the colours in the rainbow—representatives of the families of our Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoys, Wadias, Bengalees, Camas, Petits, Dady Setts, Jassawallas, Banajees, Bhandoopwallahs, Davurs, Nowrojee Furdoonjees, and many others. On the left, a bevy of Parsee young ladies from the Alexandra Schools and elsewhere; in front the *élite* of Bombay, who were packed together on the carpet or struggling for a footing upon the sofas in order that they might catch a glimpse of the Prince's comely features. The group in which H. R. H. was the central figure was a picture in itself, as it stood revealed against the light of the broad sun that was sinking amid a mass of gorgeous pink and scarlet clouds in the distant ocean. There stood Sir Michael Westropp in his red silk robes; next him the bland Sir Philip in his political uniform; next him the Prince, in his General's undress uniform; next H. R. H. Sir Bartle Frere, smiling through his spectacles; then the tall form of the Duke of Sutherland, dressed in evening costume; then the burly figure of the Hon. Mr. Gibbs; and then the well-known pinched figure of the indefatigable Maneckjee Cursetjee, over whose shoulder appeared the white-puggareed head of the blue-eyed broad-faced Brahmin the Hon. Vishwanath Mandlik. When H. R. Highness had gazed at the wondrous scene for a short time, a beautiful Parsee girl, dressed in pink satin, Miss Dhunbaee Ardaseer Wadia, appeared in front of the Prince laden with wreaths of jasmine. She offered a wreath to H. R. Highness, who grasped at it, thinking it was something to hold; she offered another to Sir Philip Wodehouse, who, more expert in Eastern customs, bowed low, and it was dexterously slipped over his head, whereupon the Prince smiled and hung his garland round his neck also. Miss Dhunbaee then gave the Prince a bouquet of roses, jasmin, and yellow Christmas flowers, which he very graciously accepted. A band of Mahratta girls then sung an anthem in praise of the Prince in Mahratta; a band of Parsee girls followed with the same anthem in Guzerattee; and as the air, though very monotonous, can scarcely be described, we content ourselves with giving the following English translation of the anthem:—

WELCOME TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

(*Translated from Goozerati.*)

I.

All hail to thee! Most noble Prince, this day
To thee in song we would our homage pay;
Though far away thy mother's splendour streams,
These distant realms are gladdened by the beams;
When though, her empire's heir, our Prince art found
Here, in our midst, upon the Indian ground,
While all the nation rises up to greet
Our royal guest: but for a welcome meet
What can we render, but our loyal love,
And hope that all thy life may noble prove!

II.

O day of mirth, O day of glee,
O day of boundless Jubilee,
And happiness in store!
Our guest of royal pedigree
With foot auspicious comes to see
Our native India's shore.
All o'er the place what do we hear
Save shouts of joy and heartfelt cheer?
The people flock in throngs;
The Prince is talked of every where,
In words of praise with love sincere,
With festive rites and songs.

III.

Come let us seize this happy hour to sing
With one accord the rights we here enjoy;
For these are blessings of the British rule;
Lo! Female Education, once not known,
Has taken root and spreads with rapid strides
By favour of the gracious British rule;
Now see the Female by her husband's side
Share his concerns, increase the bliss of home
And bless in happiness the British rule;
Once more then shall we seize this happy hour
To sing before thee, worthy Prince, our rights,
And bless, and bless again the British rule.

IV.

We are all met with one acclaim,
Our guest of Royal birth and name
To welcome to our shore.
First may O Prince, grace from above,
And next thy subjects steadfast love
Remain for thee in store;
Long will this day remembered be
This day of mirth and revelry,
All o'er this little isle.
All Bombay greets with one accord,
And wishes thee her future lord,
Much happiness the while!

Bombay, 10th November 1875.

Lady Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy was then introduced to the Prince, together with Sir Jamsetjee's daughter Dhunbaee. Sir Bartle Frere next introduced to His Royal Highness, the daughter of Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee and daughter-in-law of Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee. With all those ladies H. R. H. shook hands cordially. On the Parsee ladies retiring Mr. Souter, Commissioner of Police, was presented to the Prince, who was pleased to express to the presentee his approbation of the excellent police arrangements that had been carried out on the night of the illuminations and during the preceding day. When the hymn was concluded, the Prince was cheered by the vast company again and again; and after acknowledging the compliment in his own peculiarly pleasant and gracious manner, he left the ground, followed up to the last moment by the cheers of the indefatigable boys.

Bengal lights and rockets were then let off, much to the delight of the children. The moon had by this time appeared on the scene, bringing into view the handsome illuminated arch at the Church Gate Street station; and as Luna's appearance was a polite hint that the hours were wearing on towards the time for dinner, Messrs. Edginton and Vincent, whose Herculean labours to preserve peace and order during the last few days have made them hoarse, exerted themselves with their men to clear the ground. By seven o'clock the Oval was vacated by its numerous occupants, who cheered, however, at intervals all the way to their respective destinations. The *Fete* cost altogether about Rs. 14,000, and we must compliment the *Fete* Committee on the excellent result of their exertions, the *Fete* being worth the money over and over again.

MR. TERRY'S TRANSPARENCY AT THE TOWN HALL.

IN our account of the illuminations which was published yesterday morning, the transparency at the Town Hall was shortly designated a "Roman triumph." Many of our readers will, however, remember that a fortnight ago we described the Town Hall transparency, and the description may be repeated for the design is very elaborate and happy, and has been very carefully prepared by Mr. Terry, and well deserves to be specially noticed. The following is the description referred to and which was published on the 27th October:—

The principal transparency Mr. Terry has prepared is for the Town Hall. It will be placed on the tympanum of the pediment which is the triangular space at the top of the pillars which compose the portico. The transparency is 82 feet long, 10 feet wide in the widest part, and is triangular in form. The central figure represents the Prince of Wales, and is a capital likeness of His Royal Highness. The Prince is seated holding in his right hand a medallion of the Queen and supported by a figure on either side of Peace and Plenty. On his right hand are represented the trades and manufactures of Western India, which may be traced, commencing at the narrowest point, in the implements of pottery, the paper manufacture, implements of wire drawing, the lapidary, cloth printer, leather dubber maker, goldthread beater, gold embroiderer, cotton and silk-weaving implements, wood carving and needle embroidery. In the background we see the cottonmills, then we see the stone carver, copper smith, cloth dyer, Ahmedabad leather worker, the Nugger spear-maker, the Kutch silversmith, Sind potter, kinkob weaver and the ivory worker, and lastly, the figure of Peace on the Prince's right hand.

On the left hand of the Prince is represented the Commerce of the Port of Bombay with Eastern Africa, Persia, China, Greece, Arabia, Afghanistan, illustrated by figures representing the inhabitants of each country. Similarly, European countries are represented, for France two sturdy figures are engaged in moving a cask of "vin de Bordeaux," probably for shipment to India. Then follow, in the space narrowing down to vertex of the angle, representations of glass, machinery, minerals, objects of literature, art, science and utility. This fine transparency, when lighted up, will represent white marble, and will, without doubt, be very effective.

FEATHERS—Fancy Bird's Wings and Aigrettes in every Tint, a very choice assortment, just received, also a superstock of Ostrich Feathers and Flowers, by WATSON AND COMPANY, Church Gate Street and Rampart Row, Bombay.

RETURN VISITS BY H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

YESTERDAY H. R. H. the Prince of Wales paid return visits to their Highnesses the Raja of Kolhapore, and the Maharana of Oodeypore. The return visit to the Gaekwar was appointed to be paid on Tuesday evening, but owing to other engagements of His Royal Highness, it had to be postponed.

TO THE RAJA OF KOLHAPORE.

At 6-15 P. M., His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales returned the visit of His Highness the Raja of Kolhapore, at his residence, Sunkersett House, Tardeo. The Prince was accompanied by the Hon. Mr. Ravenscroft, Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government, Major P. D. Henderson, Political Officer on duty with H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, Major R. W. Sartorius, Sir Bartle Frere, and by members of the personal staff of His Royal Highness. The Prince was escorted by a party of European cavalry. At 5-45 P. M four of the principal officers of the Raja waited upon the Prince on the Esplanade, near the Secretariat, and escorted His Royal Highness to the Raja's residence.

The arrangements inside the bungalow were supervised by Colonel Schneider, the Political Agent. From the entrance steps to the reception-room, the passage which was richly carpeted, was guarded by the Raja's puttewallas clad in crimson uniforms. The gateway and the premises were illuminated with tumbler *butties*, while the well laid-out garden and grounds were prettily decorated with flags, bannerets and Chinese lanterns, suspended from the yard arms of Venetian masts. A large number of natives, who saw the Raja's sowars, forty in number, drawn up by the side of Mr. Nusserwanjee Petit's bungalow, had collected in the public roads; and a body of native police, under Messrs. Austin and Mahon, had been posted to preserve order among them. A guard of honour consisting of 100 men of Native Infantry, under Major Parker, paraded inside the compound, having on their right a party of the Raja's own Infantry.

The Raja met the Prince as he alighted from his carriage, and conducted His Royal Highness to a seat on his right hand on a gorgeous sofa, covered all over with gold *kinkhobs*, before which was spread a rich carpet of the same material, and behind which stood the hereditary *morchells* with fans made of peacock feathers. On the left of the Raja were seated the Political Officer on duty with the Raja, Mr. Hemmick, C. S., the Raja's guardian, and the officials, and Sirdars in attendance according to rank. On the right of the Prince were seated the other British officers present, in the order of their rank. His Royal Highness spoke very kindly, almost affectionately, to the young Raja for a few minutes, Colonel Schneider acting as interpreter. Colonel Schneider brought to the notice of the Prince of Wales that with the view of commemorating His Royal Highness's visit to India by some lasting and useful monument, the Raja intended to build a hospital to be named the "ALBERT EDWARD HOSPITAL OF KOLHAPUR" and that he solicited His Royal Highness' permission to do so. The plans and estimates were already completed, and the estimate of the cost of the building amounted to two lacs of rupees. His Royal Highness received the announcement with much satisfaction and gave his consent with the greatest pleasure. The officials and Sirdars of the Raja were then presented to His Royal Highness by the Political Officer on duty with the Raja. They all presented the usual *nuzzurs*, which were touched and remitted. At parting, *utter* and *pan* were presented to the Prince by the Raja, and to the British officers present by his principal Sirdars. The Prince of Wales then made presents to the young Raja of a sword, which bore the names of His Royal Highness and the Raja of Kolhapore; a gold snuff box with the Prince's monogram on the outside of the lid richly inlaid with brilliants, and with larger brilliants in the four corners; a silver medal commemorative of the Prince's visit to India; a portrait of His Royal Highness; an atlas; a copy of the British Gallery of Pictures; and a book of mechanical pictures. On the departure of the Prince the Raja conducted his Royal Highness to his carriage, and the deputation of His Highness' Sirdars to the spot where His Royal Highness was met by a deputation from the Maharana of Oodeypore.

A Royal salute was fired on His Royal Highness' arrival and departure. The guard of honour presented arms as His Royal Highness passed.

TO THE MAHARANA OF OODEYPORE.

At 6-45 P. M. His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales returned the visit of His Highness the Maharana of Oodeypore, at his residence, Mr. Cowasjee Jehangir Jussawalla's bungalow, Tardeo. The Prince was accompanied by the Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government, Major P. D. Henderson, Major R. W. Sartorius, Sir Bartle Frere, and by members of the personal staff of His Royal Highness. The Prince was escorted by a party of European cavalry. At 6 35 P.M., four of the principal officers of the Maharana waited upon the Prince at the gate of the residence of the Raja of Kolhapore, and escorted His Royal Highness to the Maharana's residence. The Maharana himself met the Prince as he alighted from his carriage, and conducted His Royal Highness to a seat on his right hand. On the left of the Maharana were seated Colonel Herbert, the Political Agent, Oodeypore, and the officials and Sirdars in attendance according to rank. On the right of the Prince were seated the other British officers present, in the order of their rank. The Maharana is a fine looking young man of a stalwart build; and His Royal Highness conversed with him for a few minutes with evident pleasure, Colonel Herbert acting as interpreter. The officials and Sirdars of the Maharana were then presented to His Royal Highness by the Political Agent, Oodeypore. They all presented the usual *nuzzurs*, which were touched and remitted. At parting *utter* and *pan* were presented to the Prince by the Maharana, and to the British officers present by his principal Sirdars. On rising to leave, His Royal Highness made presents to the Maharana, consisting of a sword; a rifle; a gold snuff-box; a silver medal commemorative of the Prince's visit to India; a diamond ring; an atlas; a book of mechanical pictures; a riding whip; and a book of coronation ceremonials. The Maharana received these marks of the Prince's consideration with undisguised gratification, and they would no doubt be cherished in his family as heir looms for many years to come. On the departure of the Prince, the Maharana conducted His Royal Highness to his carriage, and the deputation of His Highness' Sirdars to Government House, Parell.

A Royal salute was fired on His Royal Highness' arrival and departure. A guard of honour was drawn up at the Maharana's residence, and presented arms as His Royal Highness passed.

RECEPTION BY H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES received visits yesterday at Government House, Parell, from the Chiefs of Kattywar, the Sirdars of Sattara and of the Deccan and Konkan, and the Sirdars of the Southern Mahratta Country. The necessary arrangements to ensure the punctual attendance of the Chiefs were made under the orders of the Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government. The Political Agent, Kattywar, the Political Agent, Sattara, the Agent for the Deccan Sirdars, the Political Agent, Tanna, and the Political Agent, Kolhapore and Southern Mahratta Country were in attendance at Government House. Each Chief as he arrived was conducted by one of the Prince's aides-de-camp into the outer Audience Chamber. When all were assembled they were conducted one by one into the inner Audience Chamber by the Political Officer and presented to the Prince by Major Sartorius. The Prince received each Chief standing, shook hands with and gave him *utter* and *pan*. The Chief then passed on. Each Chief was allowed to bring two attendants who followed him, but were not presented to His Royal Highness.

At 12 noon, the Prince of Wales received the following Chiefs of Kattywar:—The Thakore Saheb of Morvee, the Thakore Saheb of Wankaneer, the Thakore Saheb of Palitana, the Thakore Saheb of Dhrole, the Thakore Saheb of Limree, the Thakore Saheb of Rajcote, and the Thakore Saheb of Wadhwan.

At 12-10 P.M., the following Sirdars of Sattara and of the Deccan and Konkan were received:—The Swamee of Chaful, the Punt Prithinidee of Aond, the Punt Sucheo of Bhore, the Chief of Phulton, the Chief of Vinchoor, C.S.I., and the Raja of Jowar.

At 12-20 P.M., His Royal Highness received the following Southern Mahratta Sirdars:—The Raja of Moodhole, the Chief of Sanglee, the Chief of Meeruj, the Chief of the junior branch of Meeruj, the Chief of Jumkhundi, the elder and two younger Chiefs of Koorundwar, the junior Chief of Sanglee, and the Chief of Ramdroog.

OUR assortment of White and Black Straw Hats, of the Newest Shapes, together with a Choice Selection of French Bonnets and Hats, just to hand, are very pretty and suitable for the present season. WATSON AND COMPANY, Church Gate Street and Rampart Row, Bombay.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 27 June, 2017

RECEPTIONS TO-DAY OF NATIVE CHIEFS.

VISIT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF EDUR RETURNED BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

At 3 P.M., His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will return the visit of His Highness the Maharaja of Edur.

The Prince will be accompanied by the Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government, Major P. D. Henderson, Major R. W. Sartorius, and by such members of the Personal Staff as His Royal Highness may appoint. The Prince will be escorted by a party of Cavalry.

The Maharaja will meet the Prince at the door of the room in the New Secretariat Buildings, which His Royal Highness will occupy, and will conduct His Royal Highness to a seat on his right hand.

On the left of the Maharaja will sit the Officer on duty with His Highness and the Officials and Sirdars in attendance. On the right of the Prince will sit the other British Officers present, in the order of their rank.

The Officials and Sirdars of the Maharaja will then be presented to His Royal Highness by the Political Officer on duty with His Highness. They will all present the usual nuzzurs, which will be touched and remitted.

At parting uttur and pan will be presented to the Prince by the Maharaja, and to the British Officers present by his principal Sirdars.

On the departure of the Prince, the Maharaja will accompany His Royal Highness to the door of the Reception-room where His Royal Highness is met by the Meer of Khyrpoor.

A Royal salute will be fired on His Royal Highness' arrival at the Secretariat Buildings.

A Guard of Honor will be drawn up at the Secretariat Buildings, and will present arms as His Highness passes.

FULL UNIFORM TO BE WORN.

VISIT OF HIS HIGHNESS MEER ALI MORAD KHAN OF KHYRPOOR RETURNED BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

After the visit to the Maharaja of Edur, His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will return the visit of His Highness Meer Ali Morad Khan of Khyrpoor.

The Prince will be accompanied by the Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government, the Commissioner in Sind, Major P. D. Henderson, Major R. W. Sartorius, and by such members of the Personal Staff as His Royal Highness may appoint.

The Meer will meet the Prince at the door of the Edur Reception-room, and will conduct His Royal Highness to a seat on his right hand.

On the left of the Meer will sit the Commissioner in Sind, and the Officials and Sirdars in attendance. On the right of the Prince will sit the other British Officers present, in the order of their rank.

The Officials and Sirdars of the Meer will then be presented to His Royal Highness by the Political Officer on duty with His Highness. They will all present the usual nuzzurs, which will be touched and remitted.

At parting, uttur and pan will be presented to the Prince by the Meer, and to the British Officers present by his Principal Sirdars.

On the departure of the Prince, the Meer and his Sirdars will accompany His Royal Highness to the door of the Reception-room, where His Royal Highness will be met by the Nawab of Joonagurh.

FULL UNIFORM TO BE WORN.

RETURN VISITS PAID BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES TO HIS HIGHNESS THE NAWAB OF JOONAGURH, K.C.S.I., THE JAM OF NOWANUGGUR, THE THAKOOR SAHEB OF BHOWNUGGUR, THE RAJ SAHEB OF DHRANGDRA, THE RAJA OF RAJPEEPLA, HIS EXCELLENCY THE DEWAN OF PAHLUNPOOR, AND THE NAWAB OF RADHANPOOR.

After the visit to the Meer of Khyrpoor, His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will return the visit of His Highness the Nawab of Joonagurh, K.C.S.I.

The Prince will be accompanied by the Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government, Major P. D. Henderson, Major R. W. Sartorius, and by such members of the personal Staff as His Royal Highness may appoint.

The Nawab will meet His Royal Highness at the door of the Khyrpoor Reception-room, and will conduct His Royal Highness to a seat on his right hand. On the left of the Chief will sit the Political Officer on duty with the Nawab, and the attendants of the Chief. On the right of the Prince will sit the other British Officers present, in the order of their rank.

The Officials and Sirdars of the Nawab will then be presented to His Royal Highness by the Political Officer on duty with the Nawab. They will all present the usual nuzzurs, which will be touched and remitted.

At parting utter and pan will be presented by the Nawab to the Prince, and to the British Officers present by his principal Sirdars.

On the departure of the Prince, the Nawab and his Sirdars will accompany His Royal Highness to the door of the Reception-room, where his Royal Highness will be met by the Jam of Nowanuggur.

FULL UNIFORM TO BE WORN.

The ceremonies to be observed on the visits to the Jam of Nowanuggur, the Thakoor Saheb of Bhownuggur, the Raj Saheb of Dhrangdra, the Raja of Rajpeepla, His Excellency the Dewan of Palanpoor, and the Nawab of Radhanpoor, will be similar in character to those observed in the case of the Nawab of Joonagurh.

As the Prince leaves the Reception-room of the Jam of Nowanuggur, he will be met by the Thakoor Saheb of Bhownuggur, and so on. A deputation, consisting of four Sirdars of the last Chief visited, will accompany His Royal Highness to the Elphinstone Dock.

A Royal salute will be fired on His Royal Highness' departure from the new Secretariat Buildings, and the Guard of Honour will present arms as His Royal Highness passes.

VISIT OF HIS EXCELLENCY SIR SALAR JUNG, G. C. S. I., RETURNED BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

At 6-15 P. M., His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will return the visit of his Excellency Sir Salar Jung, G. C. S. I.

The Prince will be accompanied by the Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government; Major P. D. Henderson; the First Assistant Resident at Hyderabad; Major R. W. Sartorius; and by such members of the Personal Staff as His Royal Highness may appoint. The Prince will be escorted by a party of Cavalry.

At 5-30 P.M. four principal Officers of Hyderabad will wait upon the Prince at the Elphinstone Dock, and will escort His Royal Highness to Sir Salar Jung's residence.

Sir Salar Jung himself will meet the Prince as he alights from his carriage, and will conduct His Royal Highness to a seat on his right hand.

On the left of Sir Salar Jung will sit the Hyderabad Officials and Sirdars in attendance according to rank. On the right of the Prince will sit the other British Officers present, in the order of their rank.

The Hyderabad Officials and Sirdars will then be presented to His Royal Highness by the Political Officer on duty with Sir Salar Jung. They will all present the usual nuzzurs, which will be touched and remitted.

At parting uttur and pan will be presented to the Prince by Sir Salar Jung, and to the British Officers present by the principal Officials.

On the departure of the Prince, Sir Salar Jung will conduct His Royal Highness to his carriage, and the four principal Officers of Hyderabad to the spot where His Royal Highness is met by a deputation from the Maharaja of Mysore.

A Royal salute will be fired on His Royal Highness' arrival and departure.

A Guard of Honour will be drawn up at Sir Salar Jung's residence, and will present arms as His Royal Highness passes.

FULL UNIFORM TO BE WORN.

VISIT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE RETURNED BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

At 6-35 P. M., His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will return the visit of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

The Prince will be accompanied by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, the Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government, Major P. D. Henderson, Major R. W. Sartorius, and by such members of the Personal Staff as His Royal Highness may appoint. His Royal Highness will be escorted by a party of Cavalry.

At 6.25 P.M., four of the principal Officers of the Maharaja will wait upon the Prince at the gate of the residence of Sir Salar Jung, and will escort His Royal Highness to the Maharaja's residence.

The Maharaja himself will meet the Prince as he alights from his carriage, and will conduct His Royal Highness to a seat on his right hand.

On the left of the Maharaja will sit the Political Officer on duty with His Highness, and the Officials and Sirdars in attendance according to rank. On the right of the Prince will sit the other British Officers present, in the order of their rank.

The Officials and Sirdars of the Maharaja will then be presented to His Royal Highness by the Political Officer on duty with His Highness. They will all present the usual nuzzurs, which will be touched and remitted.

At parting, uttur and pan will be presented to the Prince by the Maharaja, and to the British Officers present by his principal Sirdars.

On the departure of the Prince, the Maharaja will conduct His Royal Highness to his carriage, and a deputation of His Highness' Sirdars to the spot where His Royal Highness is met by a deputation from the Rao of Cutch.

A Royal salute will be fired on His Royal Highness' arrival and departure.

A Guard of Honor will be present at the Maharaja's residence, and will present arms as His Royal Highness passes.

FULL UNIFORM TO BE WORN.

VISIT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE RAO OF CUTCH, G. C. S. I. RETURNED BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

At 6-55 P. M., His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales will return the visit of His Highness the Rao of Cutch, G. C. S. I.

The Prince will be accompanied by the Chief Secretary to the Bombay Government, Major P. D. Henderson, Major R. W. Sartorius, and by such members of the Personal Staff as His Royal Highness may appoint. The Prince will be escorted by a party of Cavalry.

At 6.45 P. M., four of the principal Officers of the Rao will wait upon His Royal Highness the Prince at the gate of the residence of the Maharaja of Mysore, and will escort His Royal Highness to the Rao's residence.

The Rao himself will meet the Prince in the portico, and will conduct His Royal Highness to a seat on his right hand.

On the left of the Rao will sit the Officer on duty with His Highness, and the Officials and Sirdars in attendance. On the right of the Prince will sit the other British Officers present, in the order of their rank.

The Officials and Sirdars of the Rao will then be presented to His Royal Highness by the Political Officer on duty with His Highness. They will all present the usual nuzzurs, which will be touched and remitted.

At parting uttur and pan will be presented to the Prince by the Rao, and to the British Officers present by his principal Sirdars.

On the departure of the Prince, the Rao will conduct His Royal Highness to the portico, and the deputation of His Highness' Sirdars to Government House, Parell.

A Royal salute will be fired on His Royal Highness' arrival and departure.

A Guard of Honour will be drawn up at the Rao's residence, and will present arms as His Royal Highness passes.

FULL UNIFORM TO BE WORN.

THE NATIVE CHIEFS "AT HOME."

CIRCULAR BY THE POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Wednesday, 10th November 1875.

THE rooms in which the Princes and Chiefs will receive the return visits of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, on Thursday at 3 P. M., are 4 in number. Commencing from the Grand Staircase they are as follows:—

No. 26.
No. 27.
No. 28.
No. 29.

The Chiefs will drive up through the *North** gate of the Secretariat compound *in the order given in the list.* The carriages will set down at the Grand Entrance, and proceed to the *South* door, where they will take up.

As each Chief arrives, he and his suite will be shown upstairs into the room in which they will receive His Royal Highness, *on intimation being given that it is ready.* After the reception is over, they will turn to the right and proceed up the Corridor, and leave the building by the Southern Staircase.

The following list shows the room which will be occupied by each:—

Room No. — 3.0 P. M.
26 H. H. Keshrisingjee Maharaja of Edar.
27 H. H. Meer Ali Morad Khan of Khyrpoor.
28 H. H. Mohabat Khanjee, K.C.S.I., Nawab of Junagarh.
29 H. H. Jam Shri Vibhajee, Jam Saheb of Nawanagar.

3 20 P. M.
26 H. H. Rawal Shri Tukhutsingjee, Thakor Saheb of Bhaunagar.
27 H. H. Raj Shri Mansingjee, Raj Saheb of Drangadra.
28 H. H. Gambhirsingjee, Raja of Rajpipla.
29 His Excellency the Dewan of Pahlanpur.

3-40 P. M.
26 The Nawab of Radhanpur.

The Political Officers concerned should be requested to arrange that the four Chiefs first mentioned should arrive punctually at 15 minutes to 3, in order that they may be ready in their rooms to receive the visits of His Royal Highness as soon as he arrives. Similarly the remaining Chiefs in the order given should arrive a quarter of an hour before the hour given above for the return visit.

The Military Department should arrange for lining the corridors with troops in the passages which will be indicated by the Under-Secretary to Government, Political Department.

The Commissioner of Police will carry out the necessary arrangements for preserving order, and for the arrival and departure of the carriages of the Chiefs.

* On previous occasions the Chiefs entered the Compound through the *South* Gate and took up at the *North* door. On this occasion they will enter through the *North* Gate and take up at the *South* door.

BOMBAY.

PROFESSOR MONIER WILLIAMS.—Among the list of passengers by yesterday's mail steamer, we notice the name of the distinguished author and Sanscrit scholar, Professor Monier Williams.

DEATH OF MR. W. W. BAILY.—We regret to have to announce the death of Mr. W. W. Baily, of the firm of Messrs. R. L. Southern and Co., which sad event took place on the 15th ultimo between Aden and Suez. Mr. Baily left Bombay for Southampton on the 4th ultimo in a precarious state of health.

THE ADDRESS FROM THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.—We have seen the address from the University of Bombay to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales and can speak highly for the taste and ability displayed by Mr. D Silva (one of Mr. Rienzi Walton's subordinates) by whom it was designed and executed. It is a perfect work of art in itself although second in effect to the exquisite sample of this peculiar branch of decorative art that was presented to H. R. H. by the Municipal Corporation, the engrossed portion of which was also executed by Mr. DeSilva.

A FEAST TO THE POOR.—In honor of the anniversary of the birth-day of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales on Tuesday, the 9th instant, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart, C.S.I., gave a dinner to the poor Parsee Persians, the lame, the blind and the decrepid, being the inmates of the Parsee asylum at Chowpatty. The poor people were much pleased with the various viands provided for them, and after drinking to the health of Sir Jamsetjee, they enthusiastically joined in drinking to the health of the Queen, the Prince of Wales, and the Royal Family.

THE ILLUMINATIONS.—Among the decorations and illuminations in the Fort, we ought to have mentioned yesterday the new school building of the Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Parsee Benevolent Institution, the house of Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, and the shop of Messrs. Favre Leuba in Hornby Row. The Jamsetjee Institution was tastefully decorated with transparencies, flags, and bannerets, and was illuminated with several thousands of tumbler lights which picked out every line of the fine Porebunder stone edifice. The footpath near the house of Mr. Dinshaw Petit was a perfect facade of dazzling light emitted from a handsome group of arches, surmounted by two large transparencies with the words "God bless the Prince of Wales" in one and the word "Welcome" blazoned in the other transparency. The Prince's crown with the ostrich feathers, his mottoes, and heraldic shields were also shown to advantage. The shop of Messrs. Favre Leuba was prettily decorated and illuminated. The preparations and arrangements for the illumination of Church Gate Street, which was in every respect a perfect success, were superintended by Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, and his own father's office was one of the best illuminated. Mr. Nanabhoy paid several visits to Bazaar Gate Street, and in many other ways showed his loyalty and public spirit. Speaking of the illuminations we must not forget to mention prominently the names of those who have for a long time worked with unremitting zeal and energy to make the illuminations and decorations what they were. Messrs. Jacomb and Walton, the Municipal Commissioner and Executive Engineer, deserve great credit for the way in which they planned, designed, and carried out the arrangements. Indeed the success which attended their efforts must be a source of great satisfaction to these gentlemen—Mr. Walton's assistants and a public-spirited Parsee citizen ably backed up their exertions. Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy gave these officers valuable assistance in persuading owners and occupiers of houses to show up their properties to the best advantage, and his influence went a long way in gaining the object. He was foremost amongst those who convened meetings and otherwise exerted their influence to induce people to light up the houses on the route of the procession.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Commander-in-Chief and Head Quarters Staff will return to Poona on Friday, the 12th, by the early train, and His Excellency will inspect the troops the same evening at 5 o'clock on the General Parade Ground.—*Deccan Herald*, Nov. 10.

THE PUNDERPOOR FAIR commenced yesterday, and many passengers are proceeding in the Sholapore direction to attend this fair, thus filling the return trains from Bombay which would otherwise be almost empty. We hope that every precaution will be taken by the railway authorities in regard to the ventilation of the carriages and the prevention of sick people entering the trains. We have no doubt that our civil authorities at Punderpoor itself are on the *qui vive*.—*Id.*

OUR DESERTED STATION.—Poona is completely deserted at present. Our Collector and all our big-wigs, except the good General, have gone to Bombay, attracted by the sound of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales' arrival at the Presidency. His Excellency the Viceroy is, moreover, there, and is not coming to Poona; so some have been attracted to Bombay by the presence there of the head of the Indian Government. We heard from Bombay yesterday morning that the painful feeling that the Prince of Wales was in the harbour and yet prevented by etiquette from landing, was great during Monday forenoon. It was right that the troops should not go out in the heat of the day, and we fancy His Royal Highness the Prince did not object to a quiet rest in the Bombay harbour before his arduous work began.—*Id.*

THE PRINCE AT POONA.—His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, on alighting at the Poona station, will pass on to the Sassoon Hospital and on reaching the great arch near the Hospital the presentation of the address will take place, after which His Royal Highness will proceed to Gunnesh Khind, via the Sungum Bridge. The special train which brings His Royal Highness to Poona is expected to arrive at about 5 P. M. at the station. Intimation has been received by the officials at the Poona railway station that all those who are on duty in connection with His Royal Highness' arrival are to appear in full dress. His Royal Highness will be received with great enthusiasm by all parties, as we know such deeds of discourtesy as have been allowed to pass unnoticed by others, would never have been sanctioned by the first gentleman in Europe.—*Id.*

THE gentlemen connected with the Railway in Poona are determined to give His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales a right Royal welcome on his arrival from Bombay. There will be decorations of flags and evergreens at all the available spots at the station, both inside and outside. The garden is looking lovely under the direction of Mr. Sutherland, whom we may just as well call a professor of the science of gardening, he seems to have such a natural talent for the work. Flags are to be hung on the trees, and the platform decorated with insignias, coronets, stars of India, &c., &c. The most beautiful works of all to our mind are the coats of arms and coronets of the Prince which have just arrived from Deccal, having been painted by Mr. Thomas, the station-master there. It is impossible to describe them as they must be seen to be fully appreciated. Those who wish may no doubt see them at the railway station.—*Id.*

THE PRESENTATION OF THE ADDRESS TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.—In the Mahratta capital of the Deccan it is surely fitting that the highest of the Mahratta Chiefs, from whom we took the country, should read and present the address. If a Mahratta Chief or Brahmin was not found suitable, why not have the address read by the highest member of the Zoroastrian community. That community does not recognize the gentleman appointed to read the address as the chief representative of the Parsee community of Poona and it is the British glory to have such a community under its sway. We recognise the Right Reverend Khan Bahadoor Dustoor Nosherwanjee Jamaspjee, First Class Sirdar and High Priest of the Parsee community of the Deccan, as the chief representative of the Zoroastrians—a man of high rank in the community and not a man of suddenly acquired wealth. Such a man the Parsees will be glad to see representing them at the reception of the Royal Prince. His brother can read the address in his name while he stands by as its real presenter. We shall however be quite satisfied to have the head Mahratta Sirdar or a high Brahmin present the address. We trust that this matter will be looked at fairly before anything is done.

THE TREAT FOR NATIVE SOLDIERS OF THIS GARRISON.

THE following sums have been promised:—

Hon'ble Justice Bayley	Rs. 100
Hamilton Maxwell, Esq.	50
Hon'ble Mr. Scoble	50
P. Ryan, Esq.	20
Mr. and Mrs. Constant (paid)	10
Prendergast Walsh, Esq.	20
Hon'ble Justice Kemball	25
Sir Charles Sargent	20
M. Balfour, Esq.	25
J. L. Lushington, Esq.	20
W. G. Hall, Esq.	20
Hon'ble Justice Green	20
Hon'ble Justice Marriott	20
J. Lang, Esq.	20
G. A. Barnett, Esq.	20
Dr. Cruickshank	20
Total	460

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.

(*Indian Daily News.*)

WE have to acknowledge a copy of *Maclean's Guide to Bombay*, a book specially written to meet a temporary exigency in that city; but one which will have a permanent value on account of the information it contains, and its general scope, not only as a guide book, but as a book of reference. It seems to contain something about every thing that a visitor would care to know about, and its table of contents enables the reader to "spot" in an instant the thing he wishes to see. Of course we are not in a position to say how the work has been done from the point of view that familiarity would give: but it seems to be a work that justifies its name.

EUROPEAN AND OTHER EXTRACTS

HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.

(*Home News, October* 22.)

THE Foreign Office here has at last announced that a telegram has been received from Mr. Wade, dated Shanghai, October 18, reporting the receipt of the necessary guarantees, a letter of apology for the Yunnan outrage, and a safe passage for the mission of enquiry.

The Supreme Court has rejected the appeal of Count Arnim, who, his sentence passed by the Court of Second Instance being thus confirmed, goes to prison for eight months.

Austria refuses to be a party to any representations made to Turkey on its financial policy by the European Powers.

A report is said to have been drawn up by Mr. Holmes, the British Consul at Mostar charging Servian and Montenegrin subjects with fomenting rebelion in Bosnia and Herzegovina, and commenting on the impossibility of the insurrection being quelled while the frontier of Austria and Servia and Montenegro are open to the insurgents.

An important trial for murder—the murder of Raffaele Sonzogone—is now going on at Rome, which throws much light upon the customs of secret political societies in that city.

The decree convoking the Cortes at Madrid for February will be issued immediately.

The King and Queen of Denmark, with the Princess Thyra, are on their way to England to stay with the Princess of Wales.

The Marquis of Ripon, the former Lord President of the Council, delivered an address on Higher Education last night, in the course of which he deprecated further application to the central Government, the State now spending wo millions a year on education

The King of Bavaria has declined to receive the address of the Munich Parliament censuring the action of his Cabinet, and has thus testified his disapproval of the Anti-Ultramontane party. This entirely reverses the Bavarian ministerial situation of last week.

There are great floods in the West of England, and in some parts—especially in the neighbourhood of Oxford—of the Midlands.

Mr. Tennyson has declined to attend the Balaklava banquet on Monday, but has sent a contribution of £5 towards it, and has added, "I will drink a cup of wine on the 25th to the health and long life of all of the fine fellows."

Two meetings of Turkish bondholders have been held this week—one on Tuesday at the Cannon-street Hotel, presided over by Mr Childers, the other yesterday, at the London Tavern, convened by Messrs. Dent, Palmer, and Co., the contractors for the town. Little took place at either beside the expression of natural but futile indignation.

A fire broke out at Brest Arsenal yesterday, lasting for two hours and a half, and doing an amount of damage estimated at a million francs.

Inundations have been reported from the city of Limoges, situated on the Haute-Brienne.

Mr. Goschen, the late Liberal First Lord of the Admiralty, received yesterday at Oxford the degree of B A. He gained a first-class in the final schools twenty-two years ago, but could not, the Tests Act being then in force, proceed to his degree.

It is rumoured that Prince Bismarck will shortly visit Rome.

The directors of the Bank of England have raised the rate of discount from 3½ to 4 per cent.

OBITUARY OF THE WEEK.—Sir C. Wheatsone; Sir C. Cowper, Agent-General for New South Wales; Admiral J. V. Baker; Staff-Sur. Major H. Crisp; Lieut-Col. J. S. Keating; General F. Maunsell; Lady Caroline Money; Rev. J. Pope, J P. for Monmouth; Percy Garwood, late of Bombay; the Dean of Chichester; C. Turner, M. P.; Lady Ley; the Hon. Mrs. M'Donnell; R. Ingham, Q. C.

THE RUSSIAN OCCUPATION OF KHOKAND.

PROCLAMATION OF GENERAL KAUFMANN.

The *Voice*, of St. Petersburg, publishes the following as the text of the proclamation of General Kaufmann to the inhabitants of the khanate of Khokand after the recently described defeats of the native forces:—

People of Khokand, Sartes, Kiptchaks, Khirghese, and all the previous subjects of Khou-doiar Khan,—A few ambitious individuals, whose names I will not mention, have incited you to a rebelious war against the Russian. This war was commenced without the slightest cause. A war against the White Czar, the dispensator of peace and prosperity to all the peoples subject to his rule, is an iniquity; and God will always be against those who take up arms against the Russians. Ask the Sartes and the Khirghese, subjects of the White Czar, if they do not feel happy and contented under his gracious protection; ask them if they are prevented from worshipping according to the law of Islam. I, who am entrusted with full powers from the white Czar, and govern by his orders the inhabitants of Turkestan, can assure you that our Sartes and our Khirghese prosper, become rich, and enjoy the most perfect tranquillity and security. The great White Czar never violates his word, and his government is based upon law and justice. As for the ambitious individuals to whom I have alluded, and who have induced you to carry on a religious war against the Russians, they have acted, not in your interests or for your ultimate good, but simply with the object of seizing upon the reins of power. You ought, in consequence of the evils they have brought upon you and the sufferings to which you have been subjected, to seize upon them and deliver them up to me I have come amongst you with my troops in order to inflict punishment upon those who have incited you to a war against the Russians. The armies of Russia never inflict injury upon persons unarmed, but those discovered with arms in their hands will be punished by my orders. Lay down your arms, therefore; return to your homes and to your various occupations, and no Russian will harm your nor lay hands upon a particle of your property. Anything that may be taken as necessary for the troops will be paid for in money. Such is the law observed by the Russians; and the armies of the great White Czar never act otherwise. Your former Khan has been sent by my orders, from Tashkend to St. Petersburg, he will never return as your sovereign, for I know perfectly well that Khou-doiar Khand did not enjoy the affection and confidence of the Khokand people.

The Governor General, and Commander in Chief of the troops, Aide-de-Camp General. DE KAUFMANN.

Bivouac of Mahram, September 5.

MARAVILLA COCOA.—Taylor Brothers, London, having the exclusive supply of this unrivalled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for Purity—fine Aroma—Sanative, Nutritive and Sustaining Power. One trial will establish it as a favourite Beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a Soothing Refreshment after a late evening.

MARAVILLA COCOA.—The *Globe* says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the Market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For consumers of Cocoa, especially Invalids and Dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favourable opinions *vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, &c., &c.*

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.—This original preparation, which has attained such a world-wide reputation, is manufactured by Taylor Brothers, under the ablest homœopathic advice aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE, made in one minute without boiling. The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets by Storekeepers and others all over the world.

MUSTARD.—Taylor Brothers celebrated "Challenge" brand is prepared from the Choicest Seed by a patent process which prevents fermentation, and at the same time retains the pungency and purity of flavour to a degree which no other process can accomplish. The double superfine quality it specially recommended. Steam Mills, Brick, Lane, London export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium.

CAUTION.

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

IN CHANCERY.
LEE AND PERRINS, of Worcester,
AGAINST
ALFRED ROBERT LEE, trading as A. R LEE & Co, at Rainford Junction, Lancashire.

TAKE NOTICE that on the 30th July, 1875, a Perpetual Injunction was granted in the above cause by his Honour, the Master of the Rolls, restraining the Defendant from using the word "Worcestershire," or any word only colourably differing therefrom in connection with any Sauce manufactured by him and any Labels or Wrappers resembling those used by the Plaintiffs.

All persons are hereby cautioned not to sell as "Worcestershire" or "Worcester" Sauce, any Sauce other than that manufactured by Messrs. Lea & Perrins, Worcester, or to use any Labels, or Wrappers resembling theirs.

THOMAS SOUTHALL, Worcester,
Solicitor for the said Messrs. Lea & Perrins

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE
PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,00
RESERVE FUND .... £ 800,00

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND
AND THE
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON,

CURRENT DEPOSITS.
INTEREST is allowed at TWO PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rupees One Lac.
Terms for other Deposits may be obtained on application to the Bank.
Hours of business from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M., and on Saturday's from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
14, Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Limited)
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Account at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Money on Fixed Deposits and allows Interest thereon as follows:—
On Deposits, subject to 6 months' notice of withdrawal, 4 per cent.
Do do 12 do do 5 "
EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London Calcutta, Madras, and Hongkong. It also grants drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.
By order of the Directors,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.
Bombay, 17th October 1873.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED.)
CAPITAL £1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND £40,000.
BOMBAY BRANCH.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negociable in the principal Places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank Limited.
Bombay, 10th April 1875.

FOR SALE.

BULL'S PATENT HAND DREDGER for WELL SINKING, or for CLEANING OUT OLD WELLS. For particulars apply to
A. H. BULL,
Sahebgunge, via Lickree Gully.

THE PETRIFYING SILICATE PAINTS AS SUPPLIED TO
THE ADMIRALTY, BOARD OF WORKS, AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S, WOOLWICH ARSENAL, CUNARD COMPANY, LONDON AND NORTH WESTERN AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANIES, FOR HOUSE, SHIP, AND GENERAL USE,
Manufactured by the
SILICATE PAINT COMPANY, Liverpool,
IN ALL COLOURS,
Have no chemical action of Iron or other Metals, will stand any degree of heat without blistering, 1 cwt is equal in bulk and will do the work of 2 cwt. lead Paints. See Article in "Engineering,"
26th January, 1872.

DAMP WALLS, CHURCHES, &c.
Cured by the Petrifying liquid, at a cost of 2d. to 3d. per square yard. See article in "Builder," 9th March, 1872. For particulars and Testimonials, apply to the
SILICATE PAINT COMPANY, Liverpool.
SOLE AGENTS FOR WESTERN INDIA, W. NICOL & CO. METAL MART, BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED 1751.
GOLDSMITHS' ALLIANCE, LIMITED,
(Late A. B. Savory & Sons),
MANUFACTURING SILVERSMITHS,
11 & 12, CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.
EXPORT PRICE LIST.
Silver Spoons and Forks, Fiddle Pattern,.....6s. 2d. per oz
Ditto ditto Queen's do. .....6s. 6d. "
FIDDLE PATTERN.

12 Table Spoons	30 ozs. at	6s. 2d.	£9	5	0
12 Dessert ditto	20 "	6s. 2d.	6	3	4
12 Table Forks	30 "	6s. 2d.	9	5	0
12 Dessert ditto	20 "	6s. 2d.	6	3	4
2 Gravy Spoons	10 "	6s 2d.	3	1	8
1 Soup Ladle	9 "	6s. 2d.	2	15	6
4 Sauce ditto	10 "	6s. 8d.	3	6	8
4 Salt Spoons			1	2	0
12 Tea ditto	10 "	6s. 8d.	3	6	8
1 pair Sugar Tongs			0	15	0
			£45	4	2

A Pamphlet illustrated with 300 Engravings, and containing the prices of Silver Plate, Plated Ware, Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery, will be forwarded gratis and post free on application.
Freight, Insurance, and Shipping Expenses are charged.
Orders addressed to the GOLDSMITHS' ALLIANCE, LIMITED 11 and 12, Cornhill, London, and accompanied by a remittance of 20 per cent., will be forwarded through their Agents,
Messrs. EWART, LATHAM, & Co., Bombay;
Messrs. PARRY & Co., Madras;
Messrs. COLVIN, COWIE, & Co., Calcutta;
Messrs. GILLANDERS, ARBUTHNOT, & Co, Calcutta.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES,
THE
STANDARD
OF THE
WORLD.



SCALES
ADAPTED TO THE STANDARD OF ALL NATIONS, AND CAREFULLY PACKED FOR SHIPPING.
EVERY SCALE WARRANTED
WAREHOUSES:
FAIRBANKS & Co.,
311 Broadway, New York.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
2 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.
MANUFACTURERS:
E. & T. FAIRBANKS & Co.
St. Johnsbury, St.

ESTABLISHED IN 1832.
BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA,
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE
BLOOD.
The quickest and most certain cure for
SCROFULA,
RHEUMATISM,
FOUL ERUPTIONS,
OLD SORES, and ULCERS.
All kinds of diseases or sores arising from impure blood and humors.
IT NEVER FAILS
In effecting a complete cure, if used a sufficient length of time.

BRISTOL'S SUGAR COATED
PILLS.
GUARANTEED PURELY VEGETABLE.
Are the only Pills which contain
LEPTANDRIN AND PODOPHYLLIN.
These two powerful antibilious plants are a sure cure for all diseases of the STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS, HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, PAIN IN THE SIDE OR BACK, and especially BILIOUSNESS.
They never weaken nor gripe, unless the stomach is very foul and they are
EASY TO TAKE.

IMPERISHABLE FRAGRANCE,
MURRAY AND LANMAN'S
CELEBRATED
FLORIDA WATER,
THE RICHEST, MOST LASTING, YET MOST DELICATE OF ALL PERFUMERS, FOR USE ON THE
HANDKERCHIEF,
At the TOILET,
And in the BATH.
As there are imitations and counterfeits, always ask for the Florida Water, prepared by the Sole Proprietors,
LANMAN AND KEMP,
NEW YORK.
General Agents—Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co., Bombay
Messrs. Whitney Brothers & Co., Calcutta.
Sub-Agents—BHAIMEA and HIPTOOLA, Nos. 17 and 29 near Jumma Musjid, Bombay.

S. D'ESPERANCE,
COPPER-PLATE ENGRAVER & PRINTER.
BRASS STAMPS, OFFICIAL SEALS,
STEEL DIES WITH CRESTS,
ARMORIAL BEARINGS, MONOGRAMS, &c., &c.,
ENGRAVED and EMBOSSED in COLOURS, Neatly and with Despatch.
BOMBAY:—35, MEADOW STREET, FORT.

ROWLAND AND CO
SADDLERY AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT
19, MEADOW STREET AND RAMPART ROW,
BOMBAY.
Every description of SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS HORSE CLOTHING, SADDLE CLOTHS, HUNTING, and DRIVING WHIPS, always on hand.
ORDERS promptly attended to, and the repairs of Saddlery Harness, &c., carefully executed.
OUTSTATION ORDERS should be accompanied by a REMITTANCE or Reference for Payment in Bombay.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S CELEBRATED
LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES,
WORKED BY HAND OR FOOT.
BRANCH DEPOT, BOMBAY,
No. 6, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, NEAR BOLTON & Co.,
where Letters may be addressed.
AGENCY IN POONA:
A. D. EZEKIEL,
THE POONA IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.

VISIT OF H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES TO BOMBAY.
MRS. LAKE,
MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK MERCER, &c.
HAS much pleasure in announceing the arrival and opening of a splendid assortment of MILLINERY, &c., which is now on view at her Millinery Establishment, also Ladies and Gentlemen's Kid Gloves—White, Black and Coloured,
"UXBRIDGE HOUSE," 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.
N. B.—MRS. LAKE begs to inform the Ladies of Bombay and those at Out-stations that she is now registering Orders for Dresses, &c.
Orders from Out-stations should be accompanied by Remittances or reference for Payment in Bombay, to save delay or disappointment.
UXBRIDGE HOUSE.
NO. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.
27TH OCTOBER 1875.

WALKER & CO.'S
FANCY GOODS BAZAAR
IS OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A. M. TO 6 P.M.
A splendid stock of Fancy Goods, suitable for BIRTHDAY or WEDDING PRESENTS to select from
AN INSPECTION IS INVITED.
WALKER & CO.,
RAMPART ROW, ADJOINING WAVERLEY HOTEL.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
EXAMPLES OF ANNUAL PREMIUM FOR ASSURANCE OF Rs. 1,000 UNDER NEW SYSTEM

Age.	For life.	For 15 years only.	At age 60, or death before.	Age.	Immediate Annuity for Rs. 1,000 paid down.	Endowment for children on attaining 21. Returnable scale.	Age.
30	Rs 21 5 4	Rs. 38 12 5	Rs. 30 10 0	50	Rs. 81 2 0	Rs. 38 11 3	4

The above Rates are from 19 to 103 per cent. lower than those of any other Company.
Prospectuses, and Forms of Proposal, may be obtained from any of the Agents, or from
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.,

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the Undersigned:—
CLARETS,
FROM H. AND C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.
Chateau de Frande ......Rs. 14 per doz.
Vray Canon ...... 18 "
Chateau Leoville ...... 22 "
Chateau Lafitte ...... 26 "
BEER.
IND COOPE & Co's. ......Rs. 5-0 per dozen quarts.
GERMAN BAVARIAN BEER, in Cases of 2 dozen pints, at ...... 3-8 " "
WINES.
ARRIVAL PER S. S. JAMES C. STEVENSON.
HO ES G. M. PABSTMANN SOHN,
Purveyor to H. R. H the Prince of Wales.
Liebfraumilch ......Rs. 22 per doz.
St inwen ...... 22 "
Lauben eimer ...... 16 "
FRESH DANISH BUTTER in 1, 2 and 4 lb. tins ...... " 2 per lb.
VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart Row, Fort

WINES, &c., FOR SALE.
CHAMPAGNES.
FROM PERINET & FILS, REIMS.
Gold Foil, Dry ......Rs. 30
Carte Blanche ...... " 45
FROM A. COLLIN, CHALONS.
Carte Blanche ......Rs. 30
Cabinet, very superior ...... " 36
CLARETS.
DIRECT FROM G. PRELLER & Co., BORDEAUX.
St. Julien Medoc ......Rs. 8
Christoly ...... " 10
Lormont ...... " 12
Chablis & Haut Barsac ...... " 15
ASHBURNER'S AMONTILLADO, the best and cheapest SHERRY shipped ......Rs. 24 per dozen
L. BECHADE'S superior & pure COGNAC ... " 18 "
BASS' BEER, bottled by CAMERON and SANDERS, in splendid condition. Rs 5-8 Annas per dozen.
DUTCH BEER, light, wholesome, and sound. Rs. 5 "
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO.,
RAMPART ROW.

VIENNA BEER AND HUNGARIAN WINES.—FRESH Consignments just to hand.
VIENNA BEER, in 4 dozen Cases, at Rs. 6½ per dozen.
HUNGARIAN WINES, in 1 dozen cases, *Red* and *White*, at Rs. 11, Rs. 15, and Rs. 18; or 2 dozen Pints at Rs. 12, Rs. 16, and Rs. 20 per case.
Orders for Monthly Supplies registered.
Apply to the Godown-keeper of
A. C. GUMPERT.
28, Bombay Green, opposite the Custom House.

MESSRS. HAWKINS & Co. have in their Godown No. 2, Meadow Street, the following WINES FOR SALE, received from Messrs. CARBONALL & Co., of Regent Street, London:—

		Rs.	a.	p.
PORT WINE, Good body	per doz.	24	0	0
"	"	28	0	0
" 1868 vintage	"	32	0	0
" 1867 vintage, more than 12 months in bottle	"	34	0	0
" 1865 vintage, upwards of 2 years in bottle	"	36	0	0
SHERRY Pale, pure sound Wine	"	20	0	0
" Golden	"	20	0	0
" Pale	"	22	8	0
" Golden	"	22	8	0
" Pale excellent Dinner Wine	"	25	0	0
" Golden	"	25	0	0
" Pale, very dry	"	29	0	0
" ol er	"	33	0	0
" Golden Good Wine	"	36	0	0
MARSALA, very fine	"	20	0	0
MADEIRA, 5 years in bottle	"	44	0	0
" 8 "	"	50	0	0
BURGUNDY, Beaujolais, 1868 vintage	"	24	0	0
" Beaune	"	28	0	0
" Pomard	"	35	0	0
CLARET, St. Emilion, 1868 vintage	"	15	0	0
" St. Estèphe	"	16	8	0
" Medoc	"	18	0	0
" "	"	20	0	0
" St. Julien	"	24	0	0
" Margaux, 1861 vintage	"	28	0	0
" Cantinac	"	32	0	
CHAMPAGNE pure light wine, nice flavour, 1868 vintage	"	32	0	0
" very pure delicate wine, 1868 vintage	"	37	8	0
" Fair body delicate	"	44	0	0
" Fine pale, very dry	"	44	0	0
" Fine flavour and dry	"	52	0	0
" Full flavoured 1862	"	52	0	0

All the above can be highly recommended, and a trial is solicited.
PRICES TO MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS ONLY.
Address—5, WATER LANE, LONDON.

VAUGHAN-JONES' ("Standard" Brand) Old Tom. Rum—The "Standard" Jamaica. Scotch Whiskies, ORANGE BITTERS and GINGER BRANDY, Curacao, Cherry Brandy (the original Brandy-black Cherry Brandy,) Ginger and Orange Wines. Bottled Ports and Sherries
Order through a London House, or if direct, accompanied by a remittance.

CAUTION
TO
BUYERS
AND
CONSUMERS
OF
OIL.
THE EXTENSIVE REPUTATION OF OUR OIL HAVING LED OTHERS TO IMITATE OUR BRANDS AND COPY THE GENERAL STYLE OF OUR PACKAGES IN BRANDING AND PACKING INFERIOR GOODS, WE WOULD CAUTION THE PURCHASERS AND CONSUMERS OF OIL AGAINST SUCH IMITATIONS, AND RECOMMEND THEM TO BE SURE AND SEE THAT THE WORDS
"DEVOE'S BRILLIANT"
ARE STENCILLED ON THE CASES AND STAMPED OF THE HIGH *Screw Tops.* NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT OUR STAMP ON THE SCREW TOP.
The Devoe Manufacturing Company,
127, Pearl and 80 Beaver Streets,
NEW YORK.

NOW READY,
MOUNTED INFANTRY
AN ESSAY.
BY
CAPTAIN HOGG,
CADRE 2ND BOMBAY CAVALRY AND ADJUTANT POONA HORSE.
May be had at this Office. Price Re. 1.

INSURANCES.

SUN FIRE OFFICE, LONDON
ESTABLISHED 1710.
INSURANCES effected upon Merchandise, Warehouses, Shops Dwelling-houses, and their contents, in Bombay and the Mofussil, at the current rates.
CLAIMS arranged by the local Agents, and paid with promptitude and liberality.
PEEL, CASSELS, & Co., Agents.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT
CAPITAL Rs. 6,000,000; REVENUE Rs. 1,700,000.
EXISTING ASSURANCES OVER Rs. 44,925,620.
INVESTED FUNDS, EXCLUSIVE OF THE VALUE OF SUMS REASSURED Rs. 6,500,000.
The Undersigned are empowered to grant Assurances on First class Lives. Rates and other particulars may be obtained upon application to
Calcutta—GRINDLAY & Co.
Bombay—GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.
Agents City of Glasgow Life Assurance Company.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive of Reserve Fund
THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL ...Rs.	10,000,000
THE TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., (and re-insurances.) CAPITAL	9,000,000
THE BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	3,000,000
THE SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	2,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

THE SWISS LLOYD MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL ...Rs.	2,000,000
THE REINISH WESTPHALIAN LLOYD MARINE INSURANCE Co, CAPITAL	3,000,000
THE CHINA AND JAPAN MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	4,500,000
THE SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	2,000,000
THE BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	3,000,000
THE NEUCHATELOISE MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	2,000,000

For FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED, who can offer ALL FACILITIES and MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS. ALL CLAIMS PROMPTLY SETTLED IN BOMBAY. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.
VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

POSITIVE
GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Incorporated Pursuant to Acts of Parliament.
PROGRESS IN BUSINESS TO 30TH JUNE 1875.
ANNUAL PREMIUM INCOME.

On 30th June 1873	£20,952
" 31st Dec. 1873	£31,006
" 30th June 1874	£39,500
" 31st Dec. 1874	£44,306
" 30th June 1875	£49 833
Policies in force 30th June 1875	£1,088,641
Total Premiums received to 1875	£99,420

BOMBAY BRANCH.
DIRECTORS.
T. M. ROBINSON, Esq.
(MANAGER, BENGAL COAL Co.), Calcutta.
S COCHRANE, Esq.
(MANAGER AGRA BANK, LIMITED), Calcutta.
J. MACKINNON, Esq.
(MESSRS. MACNEILL & Co), Calcutta.
F. J. MARSDEN, Esq.
(BARRISTER-AT-LAW), Calcutta.
TRUSTEE FOR THE BOMBAY LIFE FUND:
THE OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF BOMBAY,
in whose name 80 per cent. of the Gross Premiums is invested in Government Paper at compound interest, to provide exclusively for payment of assurances.
BANKERS:
THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED, BOMBAY.
SOLICITORS:
MESSRS. HEARN, CLEVELAND & LEE-WARNER.
MEDICAL EXAMINER:
SIDNEY SMITH, Esq., M.D., BOMBAY.
AGENT:
JOHN SCOTT, Esq., 4 HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY.
EXPLANATION
OF
THE POSITIVE PLAN.
POSITIVE LIFE ASSURANCE is an entirely new system, which confers several highly important advantages on the assured, never before presented to the public.
The assured has the option of paying premiums during 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, or 30 years; but should the assured die before the term of years chosen has expired, no further payments are required, and the amount assured is paid in full.
Another distinguishing feature of the plan is, that it gives the assured a "positive" negotiable property, resting on Government security, for every premium paid.
For the first, and every subsequent premium paid, an equal portion of the Assurance becomes completed, independent of future payments, and a *Positive Note* is issued (which is in effect a completed or paid-up Assurance), payable three months after death of the assured, and available to the bearer during life, to the extent of 40 per cent. of the premium it represents.
Information will be given to assurers in every point requisite to make them acquainted with the positive system and all papers and prospectuses in connection with the Society may be had on application to
J. SCOTT,
Agent.
Bombay, 4, Hornby Row.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY
FOR BOTH FIRE AND LIFE
AUTHORISED CAPITAL—£2,000,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL—£1,798,300
CHAIRMAN:
BERNARD HALL, Esq.
ACTUARY AND GENERAL MANAGER
J. MONCRIEFF WILSON, Esq.
SUB-MANAGER:
T. WALTON THOMSON, Esq.
In point of security the Queen Policies are unsurpassed.
Rates of Premium will be found as moderate as those of other first-class offices, and the undersigned are now prepared to accept risks on even more favourable terms than hitherto
Property in all parts of the Presidency insured upon favourable terms.
Settlements made with the utmost despatch.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
The Queen offers the ordinary security arising out of its Life Accumulation Fund, which now AMOUNTS TO £204,048 BEING 63·9 PER CENT. OF THE ENTIRE NET PREMIUMS RECEIVED ON EVERY POLICY THEN IN EXISTENCE.
IN ADDITION IT POSSESSED
A General Reserve amounting to £180,000, being considerably more than sufficient to provide for all running Fire risks.
IT WILL THUS BE SEEN THAT IN POINT OF SECURITY QUEEN POLICIES ARE UNSURPASSED.
THE COMPANY HAS PAID
IN SATISFACTION OF CLAIMS, £1,348,314.
Under late arrangements, Policies are issued by this Company with special advantages on Civil and Military Lives: full particulars regarding which will be supplied, on application, by
KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Agents in Bombay.

NOTICE.—PIANO FOR SALE.—The Undersigned has for sale a SOLID MAHOGANY SQUARE PIANOFORTE by COLLARD and COLLARD, registered Keyboard and in first class order. A trial will only testify to the quality of the instrument. Price Rs. 400.
P. A. LOPES,
Pianist and Tuner.
*Mr L. has also the pleasure to inform the public that he will accept engagements for Evening Entertainments and Parties to day on the Piano, on a charge of Rs. 15.
Address—Byculla Terrace, Bellasis Road, opposite Bolton & Co.

INSURANCES.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).—The above Company is prepared to EFFECT INSURANCES on the most favourable terms current in Bombay, and in addition return insurers 5 per cent. of the Premiums on Yearly Policies, and 2½ per cent. of the Premiums on Policies for shorter periods.
FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.
FUNDS INVESTED EXCEED £2,400,000 STERLING.
The "Royal" has never amalgamated with any other Company and the liability of its Shareholders is unlimited.
FIRE BRANCH.
Fire Premiums for 1852 ...... £ 78,925
Do. 1862 ...... £300,690
Do. 1872 ...... £816,383
POLICIES covering risks on Merchandise and Buildings in BOMBAY and MOFUSSIL continue to be granted by the above Company through their Agents. Detached Bungalows and Household Furniture, both in Bombay and in the Mofussil, insured on very favourable terms, coals on the bunders also covered.
LIFE BRANCH.
Total Accumulated Funds......£ 1,602,976 11s.
The Undersigned, under instructions from the Head Office, are prepared to receive Proposals for Life Assurance with the above Company from Residents in India, and will be happy to afford every information regarding Rates of Premium. Participation in Profits, &c., to intending applicants for Insurance.
ANNUAL PREMIUM FOR CIVILIANS TO ASSURE Rs. 1,000.

AGE NEXT BIRTHDAY.	For the whole term of Life. With Profits.	For the whole term of Life. Without Profits.	For a limited number of Years. One year.	For a limited number of Years. Seven years.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
20	38 7	30 6	21 1	22 0
25	41 6	33 13	22 2	24 10
30	44 10	35 15	26 1	27 5
35	48 8	39 6	[illegible]	[illegible]

The reduction of premiums to European rates begins from the date at which the assured leaves either Alexandria or Port Said for Europe.
CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
Bombay, 25th Dec. 1873.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
ESTABLISHED IN THE YEAR 1834.
EMPOWERED BY SPECIAL ACT, 6 WILL. IV. c. 54.
CHIEF OFFICE—1, KING WILLIAM STREET, LONDON, E. C.
DIRECTORS.
JOHN FARLEY LEITH, Esq., Q.C., M.P., Chairman.
WILLIAM NORRIS NICHOLSON, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
George Henry Brown, Esq | Osgood Hanbury, Esq.
The Honourable James Byng. | John Jackson, M.D.
Henry Walford Green Esq. | Sir Rowland M. Stephenson.
Charles Freville Surtees, Esq.
AUDITORS.
Sir Antonio Brady. | John K. J. Hichens, Esq.
Major Walter G. Stirling.
BANKERS.
Messrs. Barnetts, Hoares and Co.
SOLICITORS.—Messrs. Chauntrell, Pollock and Mason.
MEDICAL ADVISER.—Sir George Burrows, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
ACTUARY AND SECRETARY.—Frederick Hendriks, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH.
DIRECTORS.
E. Tyrrell Leith, Esq., | Charles Pollock, Esq.,
John Macfarlane, Esq., | and
F. A. Owen, Esq., | W. S. D. Blackhall, Esq.
AGENTS—MESSRS. FORBES & Co.

REPORT TO THE FORTY-FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL COURT OF PROPRIETORS.

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF MAY, 1875.

The Directors have to report that the estimated Surplus Funds beyond the sum of £768,170 19s. 9d. (the total of the several calculated Reserve Funds set apart to meet all present and future liabilities), amount to £265,315 8s. 3d., against £252,752 18s. 8d., the corresponding figures for the previous year.

The proportion of these Surplus Funds, proposed to be divided in the current year, will allow the holders of all Participating Policies six years in force a Cash Bonus applicable to a Reduction of 50 per cent. in the Year's Premium, from 12th May, 1875, to 10th May, 1876, thus reducing the Premium for the year to one-half the original rate stipulated in the Policy. The present will be the Twelfth Year, continuously, in which the Reduction will have amounted to Fifty per cent.

The Annual Cash Returns, or Reductions per cent. upon the Annual Premiums, English and Indian, have been as follows from the commencement of the Society:—

1834..Nil.	1843..50	1852..45	1861..45	1870..50
1835..Nil.	1844..50	1853..45	1862..45	1871..50
1836..Nil.	1845..50	1854..45	1863..47½	1872..50
1837..Nil.	1846..47	1855..40	1864..50	1873..50
1838..Nil.	1847..49	1856..33½	1865..50	1874..50
1839..Nil.	1848..42½	1857..33½	1866..50	1875..50
1840..60	1849..42½	1858..33½	1867..50	
1841..60	1850..41	1859..36	1868..50	
1842..60	1851..45	1860..40	1869..50	

The Cash Bonus, apportioned amongst Policyholders at the Meetings held on the second Wednesday in May of each year, is applicable either to the reduction of the next year's Annual Premium or to the addition to the sum originally assured of an annual Bonus, proportionately larger than such reduction, but payable only when the Policy becomes a claim by death. The option exercised by the Policyholder on the first occasion of participation in profits, regulates the method of application of his share of profits at all future annual divisions.

Under the provisions of the Society's Deed of Settlement, One-fifth of the estimated Surplus Fund of £265,315 8s. 3d., subject to such deductions as the Board may consider desirable, becomes divisible during the current year, 12th May, 1875, to 10th May, 1876. The amount of Surplus Fund proposed to be so appropriated this year is £49,000, being £3,500 more than the last year's division. Three-fourths of this sum of £49,000 are applicable as cash payments to reduction of the Premiums of the Assured for the current year; and the remaining One fourth as a Bonus to Proprietors. A sum of £37,030 7s. 1d. would be necessary to admit of a year's Reduction of 50 per cent. in the Premiums on all Policies now entitled to participate; and as the Assured's Three-fourths of £49,000 will provide £36,750, there will be a balance of £280 7s. 1d. to deduct from the Policyholders' "Assurance Fund Suspense Account," which will there by be decreased to £458 15s. [illegible]

The Bonus to Proprietors, as recommended by the Board, will enable a Dividend to be declared of £2 per Share, payable on the 30th June next, in addition to the 10s. per Share for interest guaranteed by the Deed of Settlement and due on the 31st December next. The Balance left, after providing for Dividend, will admit of the Proprietors' Suspense Account being further increased from £5,125 to £7,375. The payments of Dividend and Interest are both free from deduction for income-tax.

The New Policies issued during the year amounted to 304 in number. The amount assured by these Policies was £1,21,767, producing an Annual Premium of £10,208 19s 4d. The above amount assured is exclusive of a sum of £4,681 12s. added to Policies by Reversionary Bonuses accepted instead of reduced premiums.

The total number of Policies issued from the date of the establishment of the Society to the close of the year 1874 was 11,823 Policies for £10,184,909 15s. 5d.

The total Amount of New Premiums, after deduction of all the annual reductions, received from 1834 to 1874, was £2,884, 87 7s 1d.

When the books were closed for the present Annual Valuation the Assurances in force were 3,397 Policies for £2,266,527 2s. 2d.

Of this total amount of £2,266,527 2s. 2d. of subsisting Assurances, a total sum of £229,477 remains re-assured in other Offices as Surplus risks.

During the past year there have been New Claims under 71 Policies issued on 62 lives, to the amount of £71,896 17s. 8d. The whole amount of these New Claims, after allowing for £19,563 4s. 4d., outstanding claims provided for in full in the present Statement of Liabilities, has been paid in the year.

The Total Amount of Claims paid since the establishment of the Society in the year 1834, has been 2,311 Policies upon 1,787 lives for the sum of £2,142,645 14s. 9.

JOHN FARLEY LEITH, Chairman.

1, King William Street, London, E.C., May 12, 1875.

[FIRST SCHEDULE.]

REVENUE ACCOUNT of the UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, for the Year ended 31st December, 1874, in England, and 30th November, 1874, in India (including Receipts and Expenditure at Head Office in London, and at the four Branch Offices of the Society in Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, and Ceylon.)

1st Jan. 1874 in England, and 1st Dec. 1873 in India.	£	s.	d.
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year	971,942	10	10
Premiums (after deduction of Re-assurance Premiums)	121,670	12	6
Consideration for Annuities granted	Nil.		
Interest and Dividends	42,613	10	7
Other Receipts:— Profit on Annual Valuation	7,867	15	10
	£1,144,094	9	9

31st Dec. 1873 in England, and 30th Nov. in India.	£	s.	d.
Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums re-assured)	71,896	17	8
Surrenders	1,599	12	6
Annuities	181	10	0
Commissions at Head and Branch Offices	3,743	3	7
Expenses of Management at Head and Branch Offices	9,757	16	1
Dividends and Bonuses to Shareholders	12,250	0	0
Other Payments, viz:— CASH BONUS TO POLICYHOLDERS	32,096	16	5
Income Tax	382	16	10
Amount of Funds at the end of the Year, as per Second Schedule	1,012,185	16	8
	£1,144,094	9	9

JOHN FARLEY LEITH, Chairman.
WM. NORRIS NICHOLSON, Director.
OSGOOD HANBURY, Director.
FREDK. HENDRIKS, Actuary.

[SECOND SCHEDULE.]

BALANCE SHEET of the UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, on the 31st December, 1874, in England, and, on the 30th November, 1874, in India.

31st Dec. 1874 in England; 30th Nov. in India. Dr. LIABILITIES.		£	s.	d.
Shareholders' Capital paid up		50,000	0	0
Assurance Fund:—Including— Calculated present value of Life Policies	£673,941 0 0			
Calculated present value of Annuities	1,398 0 0			
Balance or Surplus Reserve Fund as per Annual Valuation	265,315 8 3			
Making TOTAL ASSURANCE FUND	£940,654 8 3	940,654	8	3
Reserve Fund for Reduction of Premiums to 12th May, 1875, allotted at last division of profits, but not yet received by Policyholders at dates of this Account		15,687	5	8
Assurance Fund Suspense Account		739	2	9
Proprietors' Suspense Fund Account		5,125	0	0
Total Funds, as per First Schedule		1,012,185	16	8
Other Sums owing by the Society, viz.— Claims admitted, but not paid		19,563	4	4
Proprietors' Dividends unpaid		1,727	7	0
		£1,033,4[illegible]	8	0

31st Dec. 1874 in England; 30th Nov. in India Cr. ASSETS.		£	s.	d.
Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom		215,863	16	6
Ditto, ditto, out of the United Kingdom		1,837	19	
Loans on the Society's Policies		16,690	1	
Investments:— In British Government Securities		31,821		4
Indian Govt. Securities	£189,529 6 10			
Colonial Govt. Securities	176,7[illegible] 14 6	366,336	1	4
Foreign Government Securities		Nil		
Railway and other debentures		98,560	16	4
Ditto Shares (Preference)		66,650	0	0
Indian Government Guaranteed Railway stocks		16,975	0	0
House Property (*Freehold Premises in London*)		14,000		
Other Investments, viz.:— Mortgages on Town and District Rates		121,123	16	9
Loans on Reversionary Charges		3,050	0	0
Reversionary Interests bought		15,115	0	0
Loans on Personal Security with Life Policies		465	17	8
Temporary Loans on Indian Govt. Securities		33,388	8	4
Agents' Balances		543	11	6
Outstanding Premiums		1,908	5	0
Ditto Interest (*due or accrued*)		12,517	14	2
Cash on Deposit at Bankers		15,443	1	8
Cash in hand and on current account		6,891	5	7
Bills of Exchange and Country Bankers' Drafts		2[illegible]	17	7
		£1,0[illegible]	8	0

JOHN FARLEY LEITH, Chairman.
WM. NORRIS NICHOLSON, Director.
OSGOOD HANBURY, Director.
FREDK. HENDRIKS, Actuary.

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